THE

# HISTORY

Some brong.

SIR CHARLES GRANDISON.

IN

A SERIES OF LETTERS.

BY MR. SAMUEL RICHARDSON.

SEVEN VOLUMES.



LONDON:

Printed for HARRISON and Co. No. 18, Paternoster-Row.

M DCC LXXXIII.

# M. Chusgowel.

A SERVICE OF LETTERS.



LONDON

Printed for Harrison and Co. No. 12, Printed Rose, Reinstein Rose, Marketing, Marketing,

# DVERTISEMENT.

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other language.

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The learned Dr. Johnsqualin No. 97. of the Rembler, speaks of Mr. Richardion in the following manage. " He has calarged the knowledge of human nature, and taught the pullons to move at

the command of virtue. Lord Lyttleson, whose praifs alone would conditute fame, beflows, if on 4s - work with the most liberal hard . In the character of Sur . Charles Grandilon . (ave this admirable nobleman, 'is a pobjectate. trin of every private virtue, with fentimones fo exalted, as to ren-

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ereaching them. And Diderce, the first Prench diamatick writer of the prefint ago, in his Effect on Bramstick Focus, inflances Mr. Richardion as a perfect. moder of that act. ' Now Brong,' taye this or beared writer, ' home · fentible, how pathetick are an deferiptioned His perfonages, shoople thient, and aligne before me; down those who freak, the aftions are

this more assessing than the words." Rut it is anaccollery to du ell on merit ubieli lice been univerfally admitted, or to reserve proife which has been to invariably bemixed reliefle who read the Charles Committee will need no guide to

direct plant to it's beautier.

# ADVERTISEMENT.

HE Publishers of the Novellist's Magazine flatter themselves they need make no apology for inferting, in a work which has received fuch marks of universal approbation, a production which has very defervedly been esteemed, by men of the first literary and moral characters, the most perfect of it's kind that ever appeared in this or any

Nor has the tribute of praise to the author of Sir Charles Grandi-fon been confined to writers of his own country: his works have been translated into different languages; the ingenious in various parts of Europe have borne testimony to his merit; and his reputation has been established by the concurrent judgments of all who have ever

mentioned his writings.

To notice all that has been faid in favour of the work before us, would much exceed the limits of an advertisement; but it would be injustice to the memory of it's excellent author, to withold the dif-tinguished honour with which it has been mentioned by some of the

most learned and best men in the world.

Mr. Warton, in his Essay on the Writings and Genius of Pope, page 276, says, that of all representations of madness, that of Clementina, in the History of Sir Charles Grandison, is the most deeply ' interesting .- I know not,' continues he, ' whether even the mad-' ness of Lear is wrought up and expressed by so many little strokes of nature and genuine pation. It is absolutely pedantry to prefer and compare the madness of Orestes, in Euripides, to this of Clementina.

The learned Dr. Johnson, in No. 97. of the Rambler, speaks of Mr. Richardson in the following manner. 'He has enlarged the ' knowledge of human nature, and taught the passions to move at

the command of virtue,'

Lord Lyttleton, whose praise alone would constitute same, bestows it on this work with the most liberal hand. In the character of Sir ' Charles Grandison,' says this admirable nobleman, ' is a noble pattern of every private virtue, with fentiments fo exalted, as to ren-

der him equal to every publick duty.'

The celebrated Rousseau, whose genius and independent spirit have justly rendered his memory facred, afferts, in a letter to the Nestor of literature, Monsieur D'Alembert, that 'nothing was ever written in any language, equal to Mr. Richardson's novels, or even approaching them'

proaching them.

And Diderot, the first French dramatick writer of the present age, in his Essay on Dramatick Poetry, instances Mr. Richardson as a persect master of that art. 'How strong,' says this animated writer, ' fensible, how pathetick are his descriptions! His personages, though filent, are alive before me; and of those who speak, the actions are

' still more affecting than the words.'

But it is unnecessary to dwell on merit which has been univerfally admitted, or to reiterate praise which has been so invariably bestowed; those who read Sir Charles Grandison will need no guide to direct them to it's beauties.

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nobler end is in vien.

# lated by one heady principle. A rain of religion and virtue; of livelinels and feliat; accomplished and agreeable; happy in himself,

# From what he be premied, it may be supposed the present collection is a Real Ring of the present than the other two, for the fake of enter dinment only. A much

Yet it is hoped the variety of characters and

THE Editor of the following Letters takes leave to observe, that he has now, in this publication, compleated the plan that was the object of his wishes, rather than of his hopes, to accomplish.

The first collection which he published, intituled PAMBLA, exhibited the beauty and superiority of virtue, in an innocent and unpohished mind, with the reward which often, even in this life, a protecting Providence bellows on goodness. A young woman, degree, relating to her honest parents the severe trials she met with from a master who ought to have been the protector, not the affailer of her honour, shews the character of a libertine in it's truly contemptible light. This libertine, however, from the foundation of good principles laid in his early years by an excellent mother; by his passion for a virtuous young woman, and by her amiable example and unwearied patience when she became his wife; is, after a length of time, perfectly reclaimed.

time, perfectly reclaimed.

The fecond collection, published under the title of CLARYSSA, displayed a more melancholy scene. A young lady of higher fortune, and born to happier hopes, is feen involved in fuch variety of deep diffresses, as lead her to an untimely death : affording a warning to parents against forcing the inclinations of their children in the most important article of their lives; and to children against hoping too far from the fairest assurances of a man void of principle. The heroine, however, as a truly Christian beroine, proves superior to her trials; and her heart, always excellent, refined, and exalted by every one of them, rejoices in the approach of a happy eternity. Her cruel destroyer appears wretched and disappointed, even in the boasted success of his vile machinations: but still (buoyed up with felf-conceit and vain presumption) he goes on, after every short fit of imperfect, yet terrifying conviction, hardening himself more and more; till, unreclaimed by the most affecting warnings and repeated admo-nitions, he perishes miserably in the bloom of life, and finks into the grave, oppressed with guilt, remorfe, and horror. His letters, it is hoped, afford many useful lessons to the gay part of mankind against that misuse of wit and youth, of rank and fortune, and of every outward accomplishment, which turns them into a curse to the miserable poffessor, as well as to all around him.

Here the Editor apprehended he should be obliged to stop, by reason of his precarious state of health, and a variety of avocations which claimed his first attention: but it was infisted on by several of his friends, who were well affured he had the materials in his power, that he should produce into publick view the character and actions of a

man of TRUE HONOUR.

He has been enabled to obey these his friends, and to compleat his first defign; and now, therefore, presents to the publick, in Sir CHARLES CHARLES GRANDISON, the example of a man acting uniformly well through a variety of trying scenes, because all his school are regulated by one steady principle. A man of religion and virtue; of liveliness and spirit; accomplished and agreeable; happy in himself,

and a bleffing to others.

From what has been premised, it may be supposed that the present collection is not published ustimately, nor even principally, any more than the other two, for the sake of entertainment only. A much nobler end is in view. Yet it is hoped the variety of characters and conversations necessarily introduced into so large a correspondence as these volumes contain, will enlive as well as instruct; the rather, as the principal correspondence as the

The nature of familiar letters, written, as it were, to the measure, while the heart is agitated by hopes and fears, on events undescided, mult plead an excule for the bulk of a collection of this kind. Mere facts and characters might be comprised in a much imaller compate a but, would they be equally interesting; It happens fortunately that an account of the juvenile years of the principal person is paratively given in same of the letters. As many, however, as could be spared, have been omitted. There is not one episode in the whole, nor, after Sir Charles Grandison is introduced, one letter inscreted but what tends to illustrate the principal defigu. Those which precede his introduction, will not, it is hoped, be judged unnecessary on the whole, as they send to make the reader acquainted with persons, the history of most of whom is closely interwoven with that of Sir Charles.

distresses as lead her as an an analy texth; altasling a warning to perepts against forcing the inclinations of their shilldren in the more important article of their tives; and to entitle a grainft hoping too far from the faireth alluranter of a man void of principle. The heroing, however, as a tray. As a here, no extinct by every trials; and her heart, always are not a trained, and exited by every one of them, rejoices in the approach of a happy exhibit by every cruel defroyer appears wherehold and disciplinate, and in the boaded facets of his vite machinations; intrail toward up with felf-conceit and vair prefumentable for coes es, after every front, fit of imperied, yet termiying convertion, hardening hitried must and more; itill, unreclaimed by the most after warm or and repeated admonitions, he periflus raiferably as the boar of tite, and hade into the grave, coproduct with guilt, remore, and horser, this intens, it is and only after the free my part of material against that missife of wit and youth, of rank gray part of material against that missife of wit and youth, of rank gray part of material against contivard accomplishment, which turns them into a corie to the missiful rable possessor, as well as to all around him.

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He has been enabled to obey these his friends, and to compleat his first defign; and now, therefore, presents to the publick, in Sir first defign; and now, therefore, presents to the publick, in Sir

# NAMES OF THE PRINCIPAL PERSONS.

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V 3 N O W **国政治**和国际。 • изи WOMEN George Selby, Efg. : Mili Harriet Bycon. John Greville, Elq.

Nichard Fenwick, Liq.

by the mother's fide. Richard Fenwick, Liq.

Robert Orine, Eig.

Archibald Reeves. Eig.

Sir Rowland Meredith, Knt.

Mufs Lucy and Mis Nancy Selly.

James Powler Rig.

Sir Hargrave Pollex Pr. Ray.

NAS O Oc. Reves. wife of Mr. Orine.

The Earl of L. a Scoren noble.

Mar Reeves. wife of Mr. Reeves. SWEET meralin! whose generous labours tend, with ceaseless diligence, to guide the mind, and it in the wild maze of error wandering blind, and it? It wire it with, and honour, glorious end. Mr. Solomon Mercede. Pleasure with profit artful while you blend, and and wast sale And now the fancy, now the judgment feed, close .W Local With grateful change, which every noffee Containing Numbers who ne'er to graver lore attend, and of the proof Caught by the charm, grow virtuous as they read, And lives reform'd shall give you genuine praise, ITALIANS. Marchefedella Porretta, the father. Marchela della Porretta.

Marchele della Porterta, life eldell. Signora Clementina, ner daugliron.
The Bilhop of Nocert, his feechel Struck Juliana Stores, fifter to Signor Jetonymo della Perretta, Se avia Lamana, her daughter. Signora Olivia. his third ion. Conredella Porrette, their uncle. Cabailla, Landy Clementina's go-CAMAN divedere.

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# NAMES OF THE PRINCIPAL PERSONS.

MEN. George Selby, Efq.
John Greville, Efq.
Richard Fenwick, Efq.
Robert Orme, Efq.
Archibald Reeves, Efq.
Sir Rowland Meredith, Knt. ames Fowler, Efq. Sir Hargrave Pollexfen, Bart. The Earl of L. a Scotch noble-Thomas Deane, Efq. 4 shing of Everard Grandison, Esq. The Rev. Dr. Bartlett, 1 100 of Lady Mans Lord W. uncle to Sir Charles, Lady Beauchamp.

Grandison.

The Countes Downger of D.

Lord G. son to the Earl of G. Mrs. Hortensia Beaumont.

WOMEN. Miss Harriet Byron. Mrs. Shirley, her grandmother by the mother's fide. Mrs. Selby, fifter to Miss Byron's father, and wife of Mr. Selby. Miss Lucy and Miss Nancy Selby, nieces to Mr. Selby. ANDISON, Bart. Miss Orme, fifter of Mr. Orme.
Mrs. Reeves, wife of Mr. Reeves,
confin of Miss Byron.
Lady Betty Williams.
The Counters of L. wife of Lord Sir CHARLES GRANDISON, Bart, The Countest of L. wife of Lord James Bagenhall, Esq. L. elder fister of Sir Charles Mr. Solomon Merceda. Grandison. John Jordan, Efq. Mile Grandison, younger fister of Sir Harry Beauchamp, Bart, Sir Charles and Edward Reauchamp, Efq. his Mrs. Eleanora Grandison, aunt to a sar buisaguSir Charlesin vitas ba A Miss Emily Jervois, his ward. Leady Mansfield.worder! T

# ITALIANS.

Caught by the chairs, grow sireuous as they read. And fivet return'd faul give you gene as praife.

Marchesedella Porretta, the father. Marchesa della Porretta. Marchese della Porretta, his eldest Signor Jeronymo della Porretta, his third fon. Conte della Porretta, their uncle. Count of Belvedere. Father Marescotti.

Signora Clementina, her daughter. The Bishop of Nocera, his second Signora Juliana Sforza, lister to the Marchefa della Porretta. Signora Laurana, her daughter. Signora Olivia. Camilla, Lady Clementina's governess. Laura, her maid.



# Frequent relation to see the real deed, I contidered all intellectual reasons relations relations as also leave published by the second relationship to the

# bas being the to head times bas SIR CHARLES GRANDISON, BART.

# HOPE THE TOT THE PART OF THE PIRST. AND THE PERSON AND THE

# filled asign BOTER Test and

but levely as Milis Byron's per-

To risk and this minister discours

MISS LUCY SELBY, TO MISS HAR--meritor

OUR refolution to ac-company Mrs. Reeves to London has greatly on has greatly alarmed your three lovleaft, will let you know that it has. Such a lovely girl as my Harriet must expect to be more accountable for her steps than one less excellent and less attractive.

Mr. Greville, in his ufual resolute way, threatens to follow you to London; and there; he fays, he will watch the motions of every man who approaches you; and, if he find reason for it, will early let such man know his pretensions, and the danger he may run into if he pretend to be his comperation. titor. But let me not do him injustice; though he talks of a rival thus harshly, he speaks of you more highly than man ever spoke of woman. Angel and godders are phrases you have been used to from him; and though spoken in his humburous way, yet I am fire here

his humburous way, yet I am fure he most fincerely admires you.

Mr. Fenwick, in a less determined manner, declares, that he will follow you to town, if you stay there above one formight.

The gentle Onne fighs his apprehenms, and withes you would change

your purpose. Though hopeless, he says, it is some pleasure to him that he can think himself in the same county with you; and much more, that he can tread in your footbar. tread in your foothers to and from church every Sunday, and behold you there. He wonders how your grandmamma, your aunt, your uncle, can spare you. Your cousin Reeves's, surely, he says, are very happy in their in-

BUL IN

distribut.

fluences over us all.

Each of the gentlemen is afraid, that by increasing the numbers of your admirers, you will increase his difficulties: but what is that to them, I asked, when they already know that you are not inclined to favour any of the three?

If you hold your resolution, and my coulin Reeves's their time of setting coulin Reeves's their time of fetting out, pray let me know, and I will attend you at my uncle Selby's, to wifn you a good journey, much pleafure in town, and a return with a fafe and found heart. My fifter, who, poor dear girl, continues extremely weak and low, will foure me for a purpose fo indispensable. I will not have you come to us. I know it would grieve you to see her in the way she is in. You too much take to heart the infirmities of your friends, which you cannot cure; and as your grandmamma lives upon your smiles, and you rejoice all your friends by your chearfulness, it would be cruel to make you sad.

Mr. Greville has just left us. He dropped in upon us as we were going

dinner. My grandmother Selby, you know, is always pleased with his rattling. She prevailed on him to alight, and fit down with us. All his talk was of you. He repeated his former threatening: (as I called them to him) on your going to town. After dinner, he read us a letter from Lady Frampton relating to you. He read us also some passages from the copy of his answer, with design, I believe, that I should ask him to leave it behind him. He is a vain creature, you know, and seemed fond of what he had written. I did ask him. He pretended to make a foruple of your feeing, but it was a faint one: However, he called for pen and ink; and when it was brought him, scratched over two pasfages, and that with for many little flourishes, (as you will see) that he thought they could not be read. But the link I furnished him with happening to be paler than his, you will find he was not cunning enough. I promised to return it.

Send me a line by the bearer, to tell me if your resolution holds as to the

day. Adlen, my dearest Harriet. May angels protect and guide you whitherfoever you go!

LUCY SELBY. entlemen is afraid, diat

# -landing LETTER DIL TOMA

.be tue? to rudinua of rankersen

MR. GREVILLE, TO LADY FRAMPyar bus and my TON.

(INGLOSED IN THE PRECEDING.)

YOUR ladyfhip demands a de-feription of the person of the celebrated Miss Byron in our neighbour-hood; and to know whether, as report tells you, love has lifted me in the number of her particular admirers?
-Particular admirers you well diffin-

guish; fince every one who beholds her admires her.
Your ladyship confines your enquires to her person, you tell me; and you own, that women are much more solicitous about the beauties of that, than of the mind. Perhaps it may be fo; and that their envy is much former excited by the one than by the other. But who, Madam, can deferibe the person of Mils Harrist Byron, and her person only; animated as every scattere is by a mind that bespeaks all human excellence, and dignifies her in every

air, in every look, in every motion?

No man living has a greater passion for beauty than I have. Till I knew Miss Byron, I was one of those who regarded nothing else in the sex. Indeed, I considered all intellectual attainments as either useless or impertinent in women. Your ladyship knows what were my free notions on this head, and has rebuked me for them. A wife, a learned lady, I confidered as a very unnatural character. I wanted women to be all love, and nothing elfe. A very little prudence allowed I to enter into their composition; just enough to diftinguish the man of sense from the fool; and that for my own fake. You know I have vanity, Madam: but lovely as Miss Byron's perfon is, I defy the greatest fenfualist on earth not to admire her mind more than her person. What a triumph would the devil have, as I have often thought when I have stood contemplating her persections, especially at church, were he abla to taile up a man that could lower this angel into womant. Pardon me—Your ladyhip knows my mad way of faying every

Sweetness of tempermust make plain features glow, what an effect must it then have upon fine ones? Never was there a fweeter-tempered woman ad Indeed, from fixteen to twenty, all the fex (kept in humour by their hopes, and by their attractions) are fail to be good-tempered; but fix is remarkably for She is just turned of twenty, but looks not more than feventeen. Her beauty, hardly yet in ut's full blow, will last longer, I imagine, than in an earlier blosson. Yet the prudence visible in her whole aspect, gave her a diffinction, even at twelve, that promiled what the would be at a ripe Yet with all this reigning good nathere is such a native dignity in all the stays, in all the does, (though mingled with a frankness that thews her minds superiority to the minds of almost all other women) that it damps and suppreffes, in the most audacious, all imp-

ginations of bold familiarity. The land her for the goes this, notited yet to it is. She jefts;

to the raillies : but I cannot railly her again. Love, it is faid, tlignifies dored object. Perhaps it is that which awes me.

And new will your ladyship doubt of at affirmative answer to your second question, Whether love has listed me in the number of her particular admirers?

He has ; and the devil take me if I can help myfelf and yet I have no encouragement.—Nor any body elfe; that's my confolation. Fenwick is deeper in, if possible, than I. We had at our first acquaintance, as you have heard, a tilting-hout on the oceafion; but are fworn friends now; each having agreed to my his fortune by pa-tience and perfeverance; and being af-fured that the one has no more of her favour to book of, than the other \*! "We have, indeed, bluftered away " between us half a fcore more of her "admirers. Poor whining Orme, however, perfeveres. But of him we make no account; he has a watery " head; and though he finds a way, " by his fifter, who vifits at Mr. Selby's, " and is much effected there, to let " Mis Byron know his pathon for her, " notwithstanding the negative he has " received; yet doubt we not that the is " fafe from a flame that he will quench " with his fears, before it can rife to a " head to difturb us.

" You ladies love men should whine " after your but never yet did I find, " that where a blustering fellow was a competitor, the lady married the

" milkfop."

KILCAR-

But let me in this particular do Miss Byron justice: how she manages it, I can't tell, but the is courteous to all; nor could ever any man charge her either with pride or cruelty. All I fear, is, that the has fuch an equality in her temper, that the can hardly find room in her heart for a particular love; nor will, till the meets with one whose mind is near as faultless as her own, and the general tenor of whose life and actions calls upon her discretion to give her leave to love. "This apprewith her grandmother Shirley: a side that is an ornament to old age; and who hinted to me, that her granddaughter hall exceptions both to Fen-

" wick and me, on the fcore of a few "indulgences that perhaps have been too publick; but which all men of fashion and spirit give themselves and all women, but this, allow of or hate not men the worse for. But then, what is her objection to Orme? He is a sober dog."

She was but eight years old when her mother died. She also was an excellent woman. Her death was brought on by grief for that of her husband, which happened but fix months before.

—A rate inflance!

The grandmother and aunt, to whom the girl is dutiful to a proverb, will not interfere with her choice. If they are applied to for their interest, the anfwer is constantly this: the approbaed, and then their confent is ready

There is a Mr. Deane, a man of an excellent character for a lawyer; but, indeed, he left off practice on coming into possession of a handsome estate. He was the girl's godfather. He is allowed to have great influence over them all. Harriet calls him Papa. To him I have applied; but his answer is the very same: his daughter Harriet must chuse for herself; all motions of this kind must come first from her.

And ought I to despair of succeeding with the girl berfelf? I, her Gre-ville; not contemptible in person; an air—free and eafy, at least; having a good estate in possession, fine expec-tances besides; dressing well, finging well, dancing well, and blessed with a moderate share of confidence; which makes other women think me a clever fellow: she a girl of twenty; her fortune between ten and fifteen thousand pounds only; for her father's con-iderable effate, on his demile, for want of male heirs, went with the name; her grandmother's jointure not more than five hundred pounds a year. And what though her uncle Selby has no children, and loves her, yet has he nephews and nieces of his own, whom he also loves; for this Harriet is his wife's niece.

I will not diffair. If refolution, if perseverance, will do, and if she be a woman, she shall be mine—And so I have told her aunt Selby, and her uncle

The passages in this letter thus marked ( " ) are those which in the preceding one are faid to be feratched out; but yet were legible by holding up the letter to the light.

too; and fo I have told Mifs Lucy Selby, her cousin, as the calls her, who is highly and deservedly in her favour; and so, indeed, have I more than once told the girl herself.

But now to the description of her person—Let me die, if I know where

to begin. She is all over loveliness. Does not every body elfe who has feen her tell you fo? Her stature; shall I begin with her stature? She cannot be said to be tall, but yet is something above the middling. Her shape—but what care I for her shape? I, who hope to love her still more, though pos-fession may make me admire her less, when the has not that to boaft of? We young fellows who have been abroad, are above regarding English shapes, and prefer to them the French negligence. By the way, I think the foreign ladies in the right, that they aim not at what they cannot attain. Whether we are so much in the right to come into their tafte, is another thing. But be this as it will, there is so much ease and dignity in the person, in the dress, and in every air and motion, of Miss Harriet Byron, that fine shapes will ever be in fashion where she is, be

either native or foreigner the judge.

Her complexion is admirably fair and clear. I have fat admiring her complexion, till I have imagined I have feen the life-blood flowing with equal course through her translucent veins.

Her forehead, so nobly free and open, thews dignity and modefty, and strikes into one a kind of awe, fingly contemplated, that (from the delight which accompanies the awe) I know not how to describe. Every single feature, in short, will bear the nicest examination; and her whole face, and her neck fo admirably fet on her finely-proportioned fhoulders—let me perifh, if, taking her all together, I do not hold her to be the most unexceptionable beauty I ever beheld. But what still is her particu-lar excellence, and distinguishes her from all other English women, (for it must be acknowledged to be a characteristick of the French women of quality) is, the grace which that people call phyliognomy, and we may call expression: had not her features and her complexion been to fine as they are, that grace alone, that foul fining out But, indeed, mind and perfon, the is in her levely aspect, joined with the all harmony.

Then for reading, for acquired

uld have made her as many admirers as beholders.

After this, shall I descend to a more particular description?—I will.

Her cheek—I never saw a cheek so beautifully turned; illustrated as it is by a charming carmine fluft, which denotes found health. A most bewitching dimple takes place in each when the finiles; and the has fo much reason to be pleased with herself, and with all about her, (for the is the idol of hearelations) that I believe from infancy the never frowned; nor can a frown, it is my opinion, fit upon her face for a mi-nute. Would to Heaven I were con-fiderable enough with her to prove the contrary!

Her mouth—there never was so love-ly a mouth. But no wonder; fince fuch rofy lips, and fuch ivory and even teeth, must give beauty to a mouth less charming than hers. Her nose adds dignity to her other

features. Her chin is fweetly turned, and almost imperceptibly dimpled.

Her eyes! ay, Madam, her eyes!-Good Heaven, what a lustre! yet not a flerce, but a mild lustre! How have I despised the romancing poets for their unnatural descriptions of the eyes of their heroines! But I have thought those descriptions, though abfurd e-nough in conscience, less absurd (allowing fomething for poetical licence) ever fince I beheld those of Miss Harriet Byron.

Her hair is a real and unlaboured ornament to her: all natural it's curls; art has no share in the lustre it gives to

her other beauties.

I mentioned her neck-Here I dare not trust myself-Inimitable creature! All-attracting lovelines!
Her arm—Your ladyship knows my

paffion for a delicate arm—By my foul, Madam, your own does not exceed it!

Her hands are extremely fine. Such fingers! and they accustomed to the pen, to the needle, to the harpsichord; excelling in all-O Madam, women bave fouls! I now am convinced they have. I dare own to your ladyship, that once I doubted it, on a supposition that they were given us for temporary purposes only—And have I not feen her dance! Have I not heard her fing!

knowledge, what lady so young—But you know the character of her grandfather Shirley. He was a man of universal learning; and, from his publick employments abroad, as polite as learned. This girl, from seven years of age, when he came to settle in England, to fourteen, when she lost him, was his delight; and her education and instruction the amusement of his vacant hours. tion the amusement of his vacant hours, This is the period, he used to say, in which the foundations of all female goodness are to be laid, fince so soon after fourteen they leap into women. The dead languages he aimed not to teach her, left he should overload her young mind; but in the Italian and French he made her an

Nor were the advantages common her grandmother, and from her aunt Selby, her father's fifter, a woman of equal worthines. Her grandmother equal worthiness. Her grammother particularly is one of the most pious, yet most chearful, of women. She will not permit her daughter Byron, she says, to live with her, for both their sakes—for the girl's sake, because there is a greater resort of company at Mr. Selby's than at Shirley Manor; and the in a finish are the grammobild has a the is afraid, as her grandchild has a ferious turn, that ber own contemplative life may make her more grave than the wishes so young a woman to be; Youth, she says, is the season for chearfulnes: '-for ber own fake, because she looks upon her Harriet's com-pany as a cordial too rich to be always at hand; and when she has a mind to regale, she will either send for her, fetch her, or visit her at Mrs. Selby's. One of her letters to Mrs. Selby I once faw. It ran thus—'You must spare me my Harriet. I am in pain. My spirits are not high. I would not have the undecayed mind yield, for want of using the means, to the decaying body. One happy day with our child, the true child of the united minds of her late excellent parents, will, I hope, effect the cure: if it do not, you must spare her to me two.'
Did I not tell you, Madam, that it

was very difficult to describe the person only of this admirable young lady?—
But I ftop here. A horrid apprehenfion comes across me!—How do I know
but I am praising another man's future wife, and not my own? Here is a

cousin of hers, a Mrs. Reeves, a fine lady from London, come down, under the curied influence of my evil stars, to carry this Harriet away with her into the gay world. Woman! woman!—I beg your ladyship's pardon; but what angel of twenty is proof against vanity? The first hour she appears, she will be a toast: stars and nitles will croud. about her; and who knows how far a paltry coronet may dazzle ber who de-ferves an imperial crown? But, woe to the man, whoever he be, whose pretensions dare to interfere (and have any assurance of success) with those of your ladyship's most obedient and faithful fervant,

JOHN GREVILLE.

#### LETTER III.

MISS HARRIET BYRON, TO MISS LUCY SELBY.

SELBY HOUSE, JAN. 16. Return you inclosed, my Lucy, Mr. Greville's strange letter. As you asked him for it, he will have no doubt but you shewed it to me. It is better, therefore, if he make enquiry whether you did or not, to own it. In this case he will be curious to know my fenti-ments upon it. He is fentible that my whole heart is open to you.

Tell him, if you think proper, in so many words, that I am far more dif-pleased with him for his impetuosity,

than gratified by his flattery.

Tell him, that I think it very hard, that when my nearest relations leave me fo generously to my liberty, a man to whom I never gave cause to treat me with difrespect, should take upon him-

felf to threaten and controul me.

Alk him, What are his pretence for following me to Landon, or elfe-

where?

If I had not had reasons before to avoid a more than neighbourly civility to him, he has now furnished me with very strong ones. The threatening lover must certainly make a tyrant huf-band. Don't you think so, Lucy?but make not supposals of lover or hus-band to him: these bold men will turn fhadows into fubitance in their own fa-

A woman who is so much exalte above what the can deferve, has renfon

to be tetrified, were the to marry the complimenter, (even could the support him to blinded by his patien as not to be abfolictely inference) to think of the height the must fall from in his opinion, when the has put it in his power to treat her but as what the is.

Indeed, I both defpife and four a very high complimenter ... Defpife him for his defigning flattery, supposing him not to believe himself; or, if he news what he fays, for his injudicioushers: I fear him, left he should (as in the former case he must hope) be able to raise a vanity in me, that would fink me beneath his meanness, and give him cause to triumph over my folly, at the wifdom.

High-strained compliments, in short, always pull me down, always make me fhrink into myfelf. Have I not fome varilty to guard against I have no doubt but Mr. Greville wished I should see this letter: and this gives me fome little indignation against myfelf; for does it not look as if, from fome faults in my conduct, Mr. Gre-ville had formed hopes of fucceeding

by treating me like a fool?

I hope these gentlemen will not follow me to town, as they threaten. If ey do, I will not fee them, if I can any way avoid it. Yet, for me to appear to them folicitous on this head, or to defire them not to go, will be in fome measure to lay myself under an obligation to their acquicscence. It is not, therefore, for me to hope to influence them in this matter, since they expect too much in return for it from found a merit in their passion even for

difebliging me.
I cannot bear, however, to think of their dangling after me where ever I go. These men, my dear, were we to give them importance with us, would be greater infringers of our natural freedom than the most severe parents; and for their own sakes: whereas parents, if ever so desposiek, (if not unnatural ones indeed) mean solely our good, though headstrong girls do not always think so. Yet such even such, can be teazed our of their wills, at leaft out of their duty, by the men who file themselves lovers when they are invinof their pareins of the out this evode

Other the next eight or ten years of my life, if I find now in the interim a my life, if I find not in the interim a man on whom my whole unitvided heart can his, were happily over I M happily as the last alike important four years. To be able to look down from the elevation of thirty years, my principles fixed, and to have no capital folly to reproach my fell with, what a happiness would that be!

My count Revert a time of feeling

My could that be a My could have be time of fetting out holds; the indulgence of my deareft friends continues; and my refolubefore I fet out. What! fhall I ent upon a party of pleasure, and leave in my heart room to reflect, in the mit who had reason to think I was afraid of giving myfelf pain, when I might, b foothings, administer comfort to he wounded heart!—No, my Lucy; be-lieve me, if I have not generolity enough, I have felfifones enough, to make me avoid a sting to severe as this would be, to your

HARRIET BYRON,

# It is a regular telegrant to the telegrant a st LETTER IV.

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- sitrante de maro

MISS BYRON, TO MISS SELBY.

GROSVENOR STREET,

WE are just arrived. We had a very agreeable journey.

I need not tell you that Mr. Green ville and Mr. Fenwick attended us to

dinner ready provided for us: the gen-tlemen will tell you this, and all parti-

culars.

They both renewed their menaces of following me to London, if I staid above one month. They were fo good as to ftretch their fortnight to a month.

Mr. Fenwick, in very pathetick terms, as he found an opportunity to engage me alone for a few minutes, bete me to love him. Mr. Greville was as earnest with me to declare that I buted him. Such a declaration, he faid, was all he at prefent wished for.
It was strange, he told me, that he neither could prevail on me to encourage ther could prevail on me to encourage his love, nor to declare my hatred. He is a whimfical creature,

I raillied

Traillied him with my usual freedom; I told him, that it there were one perfor in the world that I was capable of hating. I could make the less foru-ple to oblige him: He thanked me for that heless of the could make the less for that

that: belong set or top our or now we of The two gentlemen would fain have proceeded farther; but no they are no wer out of their way, I dure fay, they would have gone to London, and there have dangled on, till we hould not have got rid of them for my whole time of being in town.

I was very gravely earnest with them to leave us, when we stapped into the coach in order to proceed. Francisk, you dog, hid Mr. Greville, we mad return; Miss Bycon looks grave. Gravity) and a rising colour in the finest face in the world, indicate as somuch as the frounts of other beautiful as the frounts of other beautiful. minch as the frowns of other beamties. And in the most respectful
manner they both took leave of me;
infisting, however, on my hand, and
that I would wish them well.

I gave each my hand; I wish you
wery well, gentlemen, faid I; I and
I am obliged to your civility in feeting me to favor my journey; espetically as you are so kind as to leave
the here.

Why, dear Madam, did you not fore your officially & faid Mr. Gre-cille .... Come, Fenwick, let us refibere your officeasty? Maki Mr. Gre-eille — Come, Penwick, let us re-tire, and lay our two loggerheads to-gether, and live over again the past hour, and then hang ourselves.

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A fetting out, puffed by his parties, you know. There was he every ridge of the highway. I faw him not till it was near him. He bowed to the very ground, with face an air of diffeonfolateness.—Poor Mr. Ormel—I wished to have said one word to him when we had passed him, but the coach sew—Why did the coach sy—But I waved my hand, and leaned out of the coach as far as I could, and bowed to him. bowed to him.

O Miss Byron ! said Mrs. Reeves, to said Mr. Reeves) Mr. Orme is the happy man! — Did I think as you do, faid I, I should not be fo defirous to have spoken to him; but, nathinks, I should have been glad to have once faid, Adieu, Mr. Orme! for Mr. Orme is a good man.
But, Lucy, my heart was softened

tranguela

at parting with my dear relations and

friends; und when the heart is foften-ed, light impressions will go deep. My courins house is suitable to their fortune; very handsome, and furnished in tafte. Mrs. Reeves, knowing well what a feribbler I am, and am ex petted to be, has provided me with pen, ink, and paper, in abundance. She readily allowed me to take early posfession of my apartment, that I might pay punctual obedience to the comnande of all my friends on fetting but. Thete, you know, were, to write in the first hour of my arrival; and it was owed to be to you, my dear, But, writing thus early, what can have oc-

My apartment is extremely elegant. A well-furnished book-cafe is, however, to me the most attracting orna ment in it—Pardon me, dear pen and ink! I must not prefer any thing to you, by whose means I hope to spend some part of every day at Selby House; and even at this distance amuse with my prattle those friends that are always

fo partial it.

And now, my dear, my revered grandmamma, I alk your bleffing yours, my ever-indulgent aunt sand yours, my honoured and equally beloved uncle Setby. Who knows but you will now in aba take lass delight in tearing your ever-dutiful Harriet? But yet I unbefpeak not my monitor and or di ta

Continue to love me, my Lucy, as I shall endeavour to deferve your love : and let me know how my dear Nancy

My heart bleeds for her. I should have held myself utterly inexcusable, had I accepted of your kindly intended dispensation, and come to town for ree whole months, without repeating to her, by word of mouth, my love and my fympathizing concern for her.
What merit does her patience add to her other merits! How has her calamity endeared her to me! If ever I a thath be heavily afflicted, God give me her amiable, her almost meritorious pa-

tionce, in fufferings!

To my coulin Holles's, and all my other relations, friends, companions, make the affectionate compliments of 398 667

TUOF

-men and marrier Byron.

#### ting with my dear relations be ! LETTER V.

MISS BYRON, TO MISS SELBY.

You rejoice me, my dear, in the hopes which you tell me, Dr. Mitchell, from London, gives you in relation to our Nancy. May our inceffant prayers for the restoration of her health be answered?

Three things my aunt Selby, and ou, in the name of every one of my nds, enjoined me at parting. The first, to write often, very often, were your words. This injunction was not ecdful: my heart is with you; and the good news you give me of my grandmamma's health, and of our Nancy, enlarges that heart. The fecond, to give you a description of the persons and characters of the people I am likely to be conversant with in this great town. And, thirdly, befides the general account which you all expected om me of the vifits I made and received, you enjoined me to acquaint you with the very beginnings of every addrefs, (and even of every filent and respectful distinction, were your words) that the girl whom you all for the property on this greatly favour might receive on this scurion to town.

Don't you remember what my un-cle Selby answered to this -I do i and will repeat it, to flew, that his cor-

recting cautions shall not be forgotten.

The vanity of the sex, said he,
will not suffer any thing of this fort
to escape our Harriet. Women,
continued he, make themselves so
cheap at the publick places in and
about town, that new faces are more enquired after than even fine faces conftantly feen. Harriet has an ho-neft, artless bloom, in her cheeks; the may attract notice as a novice: but wherefore do you fill her head with an expectation of conquests? Women, added he, offer themselves at every publick place, in rows, 28 at a market. Because three or four filly fellows here in the country (like people at an auction, who raise the price upon each other above it's value) have bid for her, you think fhe will not be able to fet her foot out of doors, without increasing the number of her followers,

And then my uncle would have it, that my head would be unable to bear the conjugative which the partiality of my other friends gave me.

It is true, my hucy, that we young women are too apt to be pleafed with the admiration accorded for my highly had been a likely to be pleafed with

the admiration presented for us by the other fex. But I have always endeavoured to keep down any foolish pride of this fort, by such considerations as these. That stattery is the vice of men; that they seek to raise us, in order to lower us; and, in the end, to exalt themselves on the ruins of the pride they either hope to find, or inspire; that humility, as it shines brightest in a high condition, best becomes a startered woman of all women; that she who is puffed up by the praises of men, on the supposed advantages of person, answers their end upon her, and seems to own, that she thinks it a principal part of bers, to be admired by the and what can give more importante to them, and lefs to herself, than this? For have not women fouls as well as men? and fouls as capable of the no-blest attainments as theirs? Shall they not, therefore, be most folicitous to cultivate the beauties of the mind, and to make those of person but of infenior teensideration. The bloom of beauty holds but a very sew years; and shall not a woman aim to make herself mistress of those persections that will dignife her the persections that will dignise the persections that will dignife her the persections that will dignife her the persections that will dignise the persections that will dignise the persection to the persection of the persection of the persection of the persection of the person of the persection of the person nify her advanced age? And then may fine be as wife, as venerable—as in grandmamma. She is an example for us, my dear: who is so much respect ed, who is so much beloved, both b old and young, as my grandmamn Shirley? He - entre

In pursuance of the second injunc-tion, I will now describe some young ladies and gentlemen who paid my cou-fins their compliments on their arrival

Miss Allestree, daughter of Sir John Allestree, was one. She is very pretty, and very genteel, easy, and free. I believe I shall love her.

Miss Bramber was the second. Not so pretty as Miss Allestree, but agreeable in her person and air. A little too talkative, I think.

It was one of my grandfather's rules to me, not impertinently to flast fab-jects, as if I would make an oftenta-tion of knowledge; or if I were fout of indulging a talking humour; but

fanknots and complantance required,

frankness and complainance required, he nied to fay, that we women should unlock our bosoms, when we were called upon, and were expected to give our fentiments upon any subject.

Mist Brumber was eager to talk. She feemed, even when silent, to look as if she was studying for something to fay, although she had exhausted two or three subjects. This charge of volubility I am the rather inclined to fix upon her, as neither Mr. nor Mrs. Reeves took notice to me of it, as a thing extraordinary; which, probably, they would have done, if she had exceeded her titual way. And yet, perhaps, the joy of seeing her newly-arrived triends might have opened her lips. If so, your pardon, sweet Miss Bramber!

Miss Sally, her younger sister, is very amiable and very modest; a little kept down, as it seems, by the vivacity of her elder sister, between whose

city of her elder fifter, between whose tiges there are about fix or seven years; so that Mils Bramber seems to regard her fifter as one whom the is willing to remember as the girl she was two or three years ago: for Mils Sally is not above seventeen.

What confirmed me in this, w that the younger lady was a good deal more free when her fifter was withdrawn, than when she was present; and again pursed up her really presty mouth when she returned. And her fifter addressed her always by the word child, with an air of eldership; while the other called her fifter, with a look of observance.
These were the ladies.

The two gentlemen who came with them, were, Mr. Bainet, a nephew of Lady Alleftree; and Mr. Somner.

Mr. Somner is a young gentleman lately married; very affected, and very opinionated. I told Mrs. Reeves, after he was gone; that I believed he was a dear lover of his person; and the owned he was. Yet had he no great reaction is the was. fon for it. It is far from extraordinary; though he was very gaily drested. His wife, it feems, was a young widow of great fortune; and till the gave him confequence, by falling in love with him; he was thought to be a modelt, good fort of young man; one that had not discovered any more perfections in himself than other people beheld in him; and this gave her an excuse for liking him. But now he is

loquacious, forward, bold, thinks

meanly of the fex; and, what is worfe, not the higher of the lady, for the preference the has given him.

This gentleman took great notice of me; and yet in fuch a way, as to have me think, that the approbation of fo excellent a judge as himfelf did me no finall horons.

Mr. Barnet is a young man, that I magine will be always young. At first I thought him only a fop. He affected to fay fome things, that, though trite, were fentantious, and carried with them the air of observation. There is fome degree of merit in having fuch a memory as will help a person to repeat and apply other men's wit with tolerable propriety. But when he attempted to walk alone, he said things tempted to walk alone, he laid things that it was impossible a man of common fense could fay. I pronounce, therefore, boldly about bime yet, hy his outward appearance, he may pass for one of your pretty fellows; for he dresse very garly. Indeed, if he has any taste, it is in dress; and this he has found out; for he talked of little else when he led the talk, and boasted of several parts of bis. What finished him with me was, that as often as the conversation seemed to take a serious turn; he arofe from his feat, and hummed an Italian air; of which, how-

ver, he knew nothing; but the found of his own voice feemed to pleafe him.

This fine gentleman recollected fome high-flown compliments; and applying them to me, looked as if he expected I should value myself upon

No wonder that men in general think meanly of us women, if they believe we have ears to hear, and folly to be pleased with, the frothy things that pass under the name of compliments from such random-shooters as these.

Miss Stevens paid us a visit this afternoon. She is daughter of Colonel Stevens; a very worthy man. She appeared from the and matters of the same stevens.

pears fensible and unaffected; has read, my cousin says, a good deal; and yet takes no pride in shewing it.

Miss Darlington came with her.
They are related. This young lady has, I find, a pretty taste in poetry. Mrs. Reeves prevailed on her to shew us three of her performances. And now, as it was with fome reluctance that the fnewed them, is it fair to fay any thing

about

about them? I fay it only to you, my friends.—One was on the parting of two lovers; very fensible; and so tender, that it shewed the fair writer knew how to describe the pangs that may be innocently allowed to arise on such an occasion.—One on the morning dawn, and sun-rise: a subject that gave credit to herself; for she is, it seems, a very early riser. I petitioned for a copy of this, for the sake of two or three of my dear cousins, as well as to confirm my own practice; but I was modestly refused.—The third was on the death of a favourite linnel: a little too pathetick for the occasion; since, were Miss Darlington to have lost her best and dearest friend, I imagine that she had, in this piece, which is pretty long, exhausted the subject; and must borrow from it some of the images which she introduces to heighten her distress for the loss of the little songster. It is a very distinct matter, I believe, for young persons of genius to rein-in their imaginations. A great flow of spirits, and great store of images, crouding in upon them, carry them, too frequently, above their subject; and they are apt rather to say all that may be said on their favourite topicks, than what is proper to be said. But it is a pretty piece, however.

THURSDAY MORNING.

LADY Betty Williams supped with us the same evening. She is an agreeable woman, the widow of a very worthy man, a near relation of Mr. Reeves. She has a great and just regard for my cousin, and consults him in all affairs of importance. She seems to be turned of forty; has a son and a daughter; but they are both abroad for education.

It hurt me to hear her declare, that the cared not for the trouble of education; and that she had this pleasure, which girls brought up at home seldom give their mothers, that she and Miss Williams always saw each other, and always parted, as lovers.

Surely there must be some fault either in the temper of the mother, or in the behaviour of the daughter; and if so, I doubt it will not be amended by seeing each other but seldom. Do not lovers thus cheat and impose upon one another?

The young gentleman is about fe-

venteen; his fifter about fifteen; and; as I understand, she is a very lively, and, it is feared, a forward girl; shall we wonder if, in a few years time, she should make such a choice for her husband as Lady Betty would least of all chuse for a son in-law? What insuence can a mother expect to have over a daughter from whom she so voluntarily estranges herself, and from whose example the daughter can receive only hearly benefits?

Ceive only hearfay benefits?

But after all, methinks I hear my correcting uncle ask, May not Lady Betty have better reasons for her conduct in this particular, than she gave you? — She may, my uncle, and I hope she has: but I wish she had condescended to give those better reasons, since she gave any; and then you had not been troubled with the impertinent remarks of your savey kinswaman.

Lady Betty was so kind as totake great notice of me. She desired to be one in every party of pleasure that I am to be engaged in. Persons who were often at publick places, she observed, took as much delight in accompanying strangers to them, as if they were their own. The apt comparisons, she said; the new remarks; the pretty wonder; the agreeable passions excited in such on the occasion; always gave her high entertainment r and she was sure, from the observation of such a young lady, civilly bowing to me, she should be equally delighted and improved. I bowed in silence. I love not to make disqualifying speeches; by such we seem to intimate that we believe the complimenter to be in earnest, or perhaps that we think the compliment our due, and want to hear it either repeated or confirmed; and yet, possibly, we have not that pretty consulon, and those transfent blushes ready, which Mr. Greville archly says, are always to be at hand when we affect to disclaim the praises given us.

Lady Betty was so good as to stop there; though the muscles of her agree, able face shewed a polite promptitude, had I, by disclaiming her compliments, provoked them to perform their office.

Am I not a faucy creature?

I know I am. But I diflike not

Lady Betty, for all that.

I am to be carried by her to a mafquerade, to a ridotto; when the feafon,

comes, to Ranelagh and Vauxhall: in the mean time, to balls, routs, drums, and so forth; and to qualify me for these latter, I am to be taught all the fashionable games. Did my dear grandmamma, twenty or thirty years ago, think the should live to be told, that to the dancing-master, the singing or mufick-master, the high mode would require the gaming-master to be added, for the compleating of the semale education?

Lady Betty will kindly take the lead in all these diversions.

And now, Luey, will you not repeat your wishes, that I return to you wish a sound heart? And are you not askaid that I should become a modern sine lady? As to the latter fear, I will tell you when you shall suspect me—If you find that I prefer the highest of these entertainments, or the opera itself, well as I love musick, to a good play of our favourite Shakespeare, then, my Lacy, let your heart ache for your Harriet: then be apprehensive that she is laid hold on by levity; that she is captivated by the eye and the ear; that her heart is insected by the modern taste; and that she will carry down with her an appetite to pernicious gaming; and, in order to support her extravagance, will think of punishing some honest man in marriage.

James has fignified to Sally his wifnes to be allowed to return to Selby House. I have not, therefore, bought him the new liveries I designed for him on coming to town. I cannot bear an unchearful brow in a servant; and he owning to me, on my talking to him, his desire to return, I have promised that he sall; as soon as Mr. Reeves has provided me with another servant.—Silly fellow! But I hope my aunt will not dismiss him upon it. The servant I may hire may not care to go into the country, perhaps, or may not so behave as that I should chuse to take him down with me. And James is honest; and his mother would break her heart if he should be dismissed our service.

Several fervants have already offered themselves; but, as I think people are answerable for the character of such as they chuse for their domesticks, T find no small difficulty in fixing. I am not of the mind of that great man, whose good-natured reason for suprimes pre-

ferring men no way deserving, was, that he loved to be a friend to those whom no other person would be friend. This was carrying his goodness very far (if he made it not an excuse for himself, for having promoted a man who proved bad afterwards, rather than as supposing him to be so at the time;) since else, he seemed not to consider, that every bad man he promoted ran away with the reward due to a better.

away with the reward due to a better.

Mr. and Mrs. Reeves are so kind to me, and their servants are so ready to oblige me, that I shall not be very uneasy if I cannot soon get one to my mind. Only if I could fix on such a one, and if my grandmamma's Oliver should leave her, as she supposes he will, now he has married Ellen, as soon as a good inn offers, James may supply Oliver's place, and the new servant may continue mine instead of James.

And now that I have gone so low, don't you wish me to put an end to this letter?—I believe you do.

this letter?—I believe you do.

Well, then, with duty and love ever remembered where so justly due, believe me to be, my dear Lucy, your truly affectionate

HARRIET BYRON.

I will write separately to what you say of Mr. Greville, Mr. Fenwick, and Miss Orme; yet hope to be time enough for the post,

### LETTER VI.

व्या में का अपने वास

#### MISS BYRON TO MISS SELBY.

A S to what you fay of Mr. Greville's concern on my absence, (and, I think, with a little too much feeling for him) and of his declaring himself unable to live without seeing me, I have but one fear about it; which is, that he is forming a pretence, from his violent love, to come up after me is and if he does, I will not see him, if I can help it,

And do you, indeed, believe him to be fo much in love? By your feriousness, on the occasion, you seem to think he is. O my Lucy! what a good heart you have! And did he not weep when he told you so? Did he not turn his head away, and pull out his handkerchief? O these distemblers! The hyens, my

dear, was a male devourer. The men in malice, and to extenuate their own guilt, made the creature a female. And yet there may be male and female of this species of monsters. But as women have more to lose with regard to reputation than men, the male hyana must be infinitely the more dangerous creature of the two; fince he will come to us, even into our very houses, fawning, cringing, weeping, licking.

come to us, even into our very houses, fawning, cringing, weeping, licking our hands; while the den of the female is by the highway fide, and wretched youths must enter into it, to put it into her power to devour them.

Let me tell you, my dear, that if there be an artful man in England, with regard to us women, (artful equally in his free speaking and in his sycophancies) Mr. Greville is the man; and he intends to be so too, and values himself upon his art. Does he not as boldly as constantly infinuate, that stattery is dearer to a woman, than her tood? Yet who so gross a flatterer as himself, when the humour is upon him? And yet at times he want and her? the humour is upon him? And yet at times he wants to huld up a merit for finectity or plain-dealing, by faying free

It is not difficult, my dear, to find out thele men, were we earnest to detect them. Their chief strength lies in our weakness. But however weak we are, I think we should not add to the triumph of those who make our weakness the general subject of their stire. We is not difficult; my dear, to find should not prove the justice of their ridicule by our own indifferetions. But the traitor is within us. If we guard against ourselves, we may bid defiance

to all the arts of man.

You know, that my great objection to Mr. Greville is for his immoralities. A man of free principles, shewn by practices as free, can hardly make a tender husband, were a woman able to get over considerations that she ought not to get over. Who shall trust for the performance of his second duties, the man who avovedly despites his first Mr. Grewille had a good educations he mult have taken pains to render vain the pious precepts of his worthy father, and still more to make a jest of them.

on the occation wou free of the seed of the present of the present

dear, must be an abandoned man, and must have a very hard heart, who can pals from woman to woman, without any remorte for a former, whom, as may be supposed, he has by the most solema vows seduced. And whose leavings is it, my dear, that a virtuous woman takes, who marries a produgate?

Is it not reported that his Welshwe-man, to whom, at parting, he gave not sufficient for a twelvemouth's seanty subliftence, is now upon the town? Vile man! He thinks it to his credit, I have heard, to own it a seduction, and that the was not a vicious creature till he made her so.

One only merit has Mr. Greville to plead in this black transfection: it is that he has, by his whole conduct in it, added a warning to our fax. And shall I, despiting the warning, marry's man, who, specious as he is in his temper, and lively in his conversation, has shewn so bad a nature?

His fortune, as you say, is great.

had a nature?

His fortune, as you fay, is great.

The more inexcutable therefore is he for his niggardlinese to his Welthwoman. On his fortune he presumes; it will procure him a too cast forgiveness from others of our sea, but fortune without ment will never do with me,

were the man a prince.
You lay, that if a woman resolves not to marry till she finds beriefs addressed to by a man of firid victue, the must be for ever single. If this be true, what wicked creatures are men? What a dreadful abuse of passions, given them for the noblest purposes, are they would not

guilty of!

I have a very high notion of the marriage state. I remember what my uncle once aversed, that a woman out of well-lock is half useleds to the end of her being. How, indeed, do the duties of a good wife, of aggood mother, and a worthy matten, well perferned, dignify a woman! Let my out Solby's example, in her enlarged sphere, set against that of any single woman of like years, moving in her narrow circle, testify the truth of the observation. My greates father used to say, that shall are but I have a very high notion of the marlittle communities, that there are but few loud friendfhips out of them, and that that they help to make up worthilly, and a talenure the great community, of which it they are fo many maintureship library on But yet in my opinion, and a hope that I many by my practice shall dried

condit it, that a woman, who with her eyes open marries a profligate man, had, generally, much better remain fingle all her life; fince it is very likely, that by firth a ftep fine defeats, as to herfelf, all the good ends of fociety. What a dwadful, what a prejumptuous rifk runs fine, who marries a wicked man, even houng to reclaim him, when she cannot be fire of keeping her own principles!—Be not deterved, evil communication corrupts good manners, is a caution truly apostolical.

The text you mention of the unbelieving husband being converted by the believing wife, respects, as I take it, the first ages of Christianity, and is an instruction to the converted wife to let have unconverted husband see, in her behaviour to him, while be health ber chaste conversation coupled with fear, the efficacy upon her own heart of the excellent doctrines she had embraced. It could not have in view the woman who, being single, chose a Pagan bushand, in house of conventing him. Nor who, being fingle, chose a Pagan buf-band, in hopes of converting him. Nor can it give encouragement for a woman of virtue and religion to marry a pro-fligate, in hopes of reclaiming him. Who can touch pitch, and not be de-

having a better opinion of him than I have of Mr. Greville. You know what is whifpered of him. He has more decency, however, he arows not free principles, as the other does. But you much have observed how much he freme to enjoy the mad till and free As to Mr. Fenwick, I am far from you must have observed how much he seems to enjoy the mad talk and free sentiments of the other; and that other always brightens up and rifes in his freedoms and impacty on Mr. Fenvick's say applauses and encouraging countenance. In a word, Mr. Fenvick not having the same lively things to say, nor so lively an air to carry them off, as Mr. Greville has, though the would be thought not to want sense. he would be thought not to want fense, takes pains to show that he has as corrupt a heart. If I thought anger would not give him consequence. I should hardly forbeauto show myself displeased, when he points by a lecring eye, and by a broad smile, the free jest of the other, to the person present whom he thinks most at to blush, as if for fear it should be lost; and shill more, when, on the manting check a showing the familiar of the person for insultant a loud lauch, that she may not he would be thought not to want fenfe, ate a loud laugh that the may not the able to recover herfelf.

Surely these men must think us wo Surely these men must think us wo-men egregious hypocrites: they must believe that we only affect modesty, and in our hearts approve of their free-dom; for, can it be supposed that such as call themselves gentlemen, and who have had the education and opportuni-ties that these two have had, would give themselves liberties of speech on purpose to affront us?

I hope I shall find the London gentlemen more polite than these our neigh bours of the fox-chace; and yet therto I have seen no great cause to prefer them to the others. But about the court, and at the fashionable publication. I expect wonders. Pray lick places, I expect wonders. Pr Heaven I may not be disappointed!

Thank Mifs Orme, in my nam for the kind wishes she sends me. Tell her, that her doubts of my affection for her are not just; and that I do really and indeed love her. Nor should the want the most explicit declarations of my love, were I not more afraid of her, in the character of a fifter to a truly respectable man, than doubtful of her in that of a friend to me; in which latter light I even joy to confider her: but she is a little naughty, tell her, because she is always leading to one subject. And yet, how can I be angry with her for it, if her good opinion of me induces her to think it in my power to make the brother happy, whom she so dearly and deservedly loves? I cannot but esteem her for the part she takes—and this it is that makes me afraid of the artlessly-artful Miss Orme

It would look as if I thought my duty, and love, and reflects, were questionable, if in every letter I repeated them to my equally honoured and beloved benefactors, friends and favourers. Suppose them, therefore, always included in my subscription to you, my Lucy, when I tell you that I am, and will be, your ever-affectionate

HARRIET BYRON.

#### LETTER VIL

MR- SELBY TO MISS BYRON.

RELEY HOUSE, JAN. 30, WELL, and now there wants but a London lover or two to enter upon the stage, and Vanity Fair will be proclaimed, and directly opened. Gre-ville every where magnifying you in order to justify his flame for you; Fen-wick exalting you above all women; Orme adoring you, and by his humble Rence saying more than any of them; proposals, besides, from this man; letters from that! What scenes of flattery and nonjense have I been witness to for these past three years and half, that young Mr. Elford began the dance? Single! Well may you have remained fingle till this your twentieth year, when you have such choice of admirers, that you do not know which to have. So, in a mercer's shop, the tradesman has a fine time with you women, when variety of his rich wares diffract you; and fifty to one at last, but, as well in men as in filks, you chuse the worst, especially if the best is offered at first, and refused; for women know better how to be forry than to amend.

"It is true, fay you, that we young women are apt to be pleased with admiration—" O-bo! Are you so? and fo I have gained one point with you at

But I have always endeavoured, [And I, Harriet, with you had fucdewn any foolish pride. - Then you own that pride you have?—Another point gained! Conscience, hones conscience, will now-and-then make you n speak out. But now I think of it, here is vanity in the very humi-lity. Well fay you endeavoured, when female pride, like love, though hid under a barrel, will flame out at the

Well, faid I to your aunt Selby, to your grandmamma, and to your conan Lucy, when we all met to fit in hope you will never dispute with me more on this flagrant love of admi-ration, which I have so often observed fwallows up the hearts and fouls of you all, fince your Harriet is not exempt from it; and fince, with all her speciousness, with all her prudence, with all her caution, the (taken

with a qualm of confcience) owns it." But, no, truly! all is right that you fay: all is right that you de!-Your very confessions are brought as so many demonstrations of your distidence, of your ingenuousness, and I cannot tell y V. a Lendon lever or two lo stade

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Why, I must own, that no factisever loved his daughter as I love moniece: but yet, girl, your faults, you vanities, I do not love. It is my glory that I think myself able to judge of monieced as they deferve; not as being friends as they deferve; not as being my friends. Why, the best beloved on my heart, your aunt herself—you know. I value her now more, now less, as the deserves. But with all those I have named, and with all your relations, indeed, their Harriet cannot be in fault.
And why? because you are related to
them, and because they attribute to
themselves some merit from the relation they stand in to you. Supereroga-torians all of them (I will make words whenever I please) with their attribu-tions to you; and because you are of their sex, forsooth; and because I ac-cuse you in a point in which you are all concerned, and so make a common cause of it.

Here one exalts you for your goodfense; because you have a knack, by help of a happy memory, of making every thing you read, and every thing that is told you, that you like, your own (your grandfather's precepts particularly;) and because, I think, you pass upon us as your own what you have borrow-

ed, if not stolen.

Another praises you for your good-nature. The deuce is in it, if a girl mature.—The deuce is in it, if a girl who has crowds of admirers after her, and a new lover where-ever the thews her bewitching face; who is bleft with health and spirits; and has every body for her friend, let her deserve it or not; can be ill-natured. Who can such a one have to quarrel with, trow?

Another extols you for your chear ful wit, even when displayed, bold girl as you are, upon your uncle; in whi indeed, you are upheld by the wife of my bosom, whenever I take upon me to tell you what ye all, even the best of

Yet, fometimes, they praise your modesty:—Be-cause you have a kin in a manner transparent; and because you can blush—I

was going to fay, whenever you pleafe.

At other times, they will find out, that you have features equally delicate and regular; when I think, and I have examined them jointly and separately, that all your takingness is owing to that open and chearful countenance, which countenances is the countenance. which gives them a gloss, (or

hall I call it?) that we men are apt to se pleafed with at first fight; a gloss that takes one, as it were, by furprize. But give me the beauty that grows upon us every time we fee it; that leaves room for fomething to be found out to it's advantage, as we are more and more acquainted with it.

Your correcting uncle, you call me; and fo I will be. But what hope have I of your amendment, when every living foul, man, woman, and child, that knows you, puffs you up? 'There goes Mr. Selby,' I have heard ftran-gers fay. 'And who is Mr. Selby?' nother stranger has asked. 'Why, Mr. Selby is uncle to the celebrated Mis Byron. Yet I, who have lived lifty years in this county, should think ght be known on my our account, and not as the uncle of a girl of twenty.

Am I not a faucy creature?' in anther place you ask. And you answer, I know I am. I am glad you do. Now may I call you so by your own authority, I hope. But with your aunt, it is only the effect of your agreeable vivacity. What abominable partiality? E'en do what you will, Harriet, you'll never be in fault. I could almost wish—but I won't tell you what I wish neither. But something must betide you that you little think of; depend upon that. All your days cannot be halcyon ones. I would give a thousand pounds with all my soul, to fee you heartily in love: ay, up to the very ears, and unable to help yourself! You are not thirty yet, child; and, indeed, you seem to think the time of danger is not over. I am glad of your consciousness, my dear. Shall I tell Greville of your doubts, and of your difficulties, Harriet? as to the ten years, I mean? And shall I tell him of your prayer to pass them fafely?—But is not this wish of yours, that ten years of bloom were over-past, and that you were arrived at the thirtieth year of your age, a very fingular one? a flight! amere flight! Alk ninety-nine of your fex out of an hundred, if they would adopt it.

In another letter you afk Lucy, ' If Mr. Greville has not faid, that flattery is dearer to a woman than her d?' Well, niece, and what would you be at? Is it not fo?-I do aver, that Mr. Greville is a fenfible man, and makes good observations.

Men's chief ftrength, you fay, lies in the weakness of women. Why, fo it does. Where elfe should it lie? And this from their immeasurable love of admiration and flattery, as here you feem to acknowledge of your own accord, though it has been so often perversely disputed with me. Give you women but rope enough, you'll do your own business.

However, in many places you have pleased me: but no-where more than when you recollect my averment, (without contradicting it, which is a rarity! that a woman out of wedlock is half ' useless to the end of her being.' Good girl! That was an affertion of mine, and I will abide by it. Lucy imper'd when we came to this place, and looked at me. She expected, I faw, my notice upon it; fo did your aunt: but the confession was so frank, that I was generous; and only faid, 'True as the gospel.'

I have written a long letter; yet have not faid one quarter of what I intended to fay when I began. You will allow that you have given your correcting uncle ample subject. But you fare fomething the better for faying, 'you unbefpeak not your moni-

You own, that you have some vanity. Be more free in your acknowledgments of this nature, (you may; for are you not a woman?) and you will fare fomething the better for your ingenuousness; and the rather, as your acknowledgment will help me up with your aunt and Lucy, and your grandmamma, in an argument I will not

I have had fresh applications made to me—But I will not say from whom: fince we have agreed long ago, not to prescribe to so discreet a girl, as in the main we all think you, in the articles

of love and marriage.

With all your faults, I must love you. I am half ashamed to say how much I miss you already. We are all naturally chearful folks: yet, I do not know how it is, your absence has made a strange chaim at our table. Let us hear from you every post; that will be something. Your doating aunt tells the hours on the day she expects a letter. Your grandmother is at prefent with us, and, in heart, I am fure, regrets your absence; but, as your tenderness to her has kept you from go-ing to London for so many years, the thinks she ought to be easy. Her examples go a great way with us all, you know; and particularly with your truly affectionate (though correcting)

GEORGE SELBY.

### LETTER VIII.

造型操作的影响

MISS BYRON TO MISS SELBY.

TURIDAY, JAN. 31. Am already, my dear Lucy, quite contrary to my own expectation, enabled to obey the third general injunction laid upon me at parting, by you, and all my dear friends; fince a gentleman, not inconsiderable in his family or fortune, has already beheld your Harriet with partiality.

Not to heighten your impatience by unnecessary parade, his name is Fow-ler. He is a young gentleman, of an handsome, independent fortune, and still larger expectations from a Welfu uncle, now in town, Sir Rowland Me-redith; knighted in his therifalty, on occasion of an address which he brought up to the king from his county.

Sir Rowland, it feems, requires from his nephew, on pain of forfeiting his favour for ever, that he marries not without his approbation; which, he declares he never will declares, he never will give, except the woman be of a good family; has a gen-tlewoman's fortune; has had the benefit of a religious education; which the confiders as the best security that can be given for her good behaviour as a wife, and as a mother; so forward does the good knight look? her character unfulled; acquainted with the theory of the domestick duties, and not ashamed, occasionally, to enter into the direction of the practice. Her fortune, however, as his nephew will have a good one, he declares to be the leaft thing he stands upon; only that the would have her possessed of from fix to ten thousand pounds, that it may not appear to be a match of mere love, and as if his nephew were taken in, as he calls it, rather by the eyes than by the understanding. Where a woman can have such a fortune given her by her family, though no greater, it will be an earnest, he says, that the family

the is of have north, as he calle it, has want not to owe obligations to the of the man the matrice.

Something particular, formething the has the look of forcent and predence you will fay, in the cid knight.

Of but I had like to have forgothis future niece mult also be handforne. He values himself, it feems, upon the breed of his horfes and dogs; and makes polite comparisons between the makes polite comparisons between

Sir Rowland himfelf, as you a guess by his particularity, is an hatchelor, and one who wants to hi a woman made on purpose for his ne-phew; and who positively insits upon qualities, before he knows her, no one of which, perhaps, his future nice

Do not you remember Mr. Folion of Derbythire? He was determined never to many a widow. If he did, it hould be one who had a wast for tune, and who never had a child? he had ftill a more particular excep-tion; and that was to a woman who had red hair. He held his exception till he was forty; and then being ed upon as a determined batchelor family thought it worth their while to make proposals to him; no woman to throw out a net for him (to expect myself in the stille of the gay Mr. Gre-ville;) and he at last fell in with, and married, the laughing Mrs. Turner a widow, who had little or no fortun had one child, a daughter, living, a that child an absolute idiot; an compleat the perveriencis of his fe her hair not only red, but the n difagreeable of reds. The honest of was grown splenetick; disaggreevery body, he was become diffe ful of himfelf. He hoped for a cure of his gloomines from her chearful vein; and feemed to think himfelf under der obligation to one who had taken notice of him when nobody elfe would. Batchelors wives! Maids children! These old faws always mean forme

thing.

Mr. Fowler faw me at my couling Reeves's the first time. I cannot fay he is disagreeable in his perfor; but he seems to want the mind I would have a man blessed with to whom I am to you love and honour. I purpose, when ever I marry, to make a very good at

even a dutiful wife. [Must I not vow obedience? And shall I break my marriage vow?] I would not, therefore, on any consideration, marry a man, whose want of knowledge might make me stagger in the performance of my tluty to him; and who would perhaps command from caprice, or want of understanding, what I should think unreasonable to be complied with. There is a pleasure and credit in yielding up even one's judgment in things indifferent, to a man who is older and wifer than one's self. But we are apt to doubt ferent, to a man who is older and wifer than one's felf. But we are apt to doubt in one of a contrary character, what in the other we should have no doubt about; and doubt, you know, of a person's merit, is the first step to disrespect; and what, but disobedience, which lets in eyery evil, is the next?

I saw instantly that Mr. Fowler beheld me with a distinguished regard.

We women, you know, siet me for

We women, you know, [let me for once be aforehand with my uncle] are very quick in making discoveries of this nature. But every body at table faw it. He came again next day, and befought Mr. Reeves to give him his interest with me, without asking any questions about my fortune; though he was even generously particular as to his own. He might, since he has an unexceptionable one. Who is it in these cases that forgets to set foremost the advantages by which he is diffin-guifhed? While fortune is the last thing talked of by him who has little or none: and then, Love, love, love, is all his cry.

Mr. Reeves, who has a good opi-nion of Mr. Fowler, in answer to his enquiries, told him, that he believed I was difengaged in my affections: Mr. Fowler rejoiced at that. That I had no questions to ask, but those of duty; which, indeed, he faid, was a stronger tie with me than interest. He praised my temper, and my frankness of heart; the latter at the expence of my fex; for which I leaft thanked him, when he told me what he had faid. In short, he acquainted him with every thing that was necessary, and more than was ne-cessary, for him to know, of the fayour of my family, and of my good Mr. Deane, in referring all proposals of this kind to myself; mingling the detail with commendations, which only could be excused by the goodness of his

own heart, and accounted for by his

partiality to his coufin.

Mr. Fowler expressed great apprehensions on my cousin's talking of these references of my grandmother, aunt, and Mr. Deane, to myfelf, on occasions of this nature; which, he said, he pre-fumed, had been too frequent for his

ler, faid Mr. Reeves, it must be in your good character; and that much preferably to your clear estate and great expectations. Although the takes no pride in the number of her admirers, yet is it natural to sup pole, that it has made her more dif-ficult; and her difficulties are enhanced, in proportion to the generous confidence which all her friends have in her diferetion. And when I told him, proceeded Mr. Reeves, that your fortune exceeded greatly what Sir Rowland required in a wife for him; and that you had, as well from inclination as education, a ferious tarn; "Too much, too much, in one person!" cried he out. As to fortune, he wished you had not a shilling; and if he could obtain your fayour, he thould be the happiest man in the world."

O my good Mr. Reeves,' faid I, how have you over-rated my merits! Surely, you have not given Mr. Fowler your interest? If you have, should you not, for his sake, have known something of my mind before you had set me out thus, had I even deferved your high opinion? - Mr. Fowler might have reason to repent the double well meant kindness of his friend, if men in thesedays were used to break their hearts for love.'

It is the language I do and must talk of you in, to every body, returned Mr. Reeves: "Is it not the language that those most talk who know you best?

'Where the world is inclined to fa-your,' replied I, 'it is apt to over-rate, as much as it will under-rate where it disfavours. In this cafe, you should not have proceeded so far as to engage a gentleman's hopes. What may be the end of all this, but to make a compaffionate nature, as mine has been thought to be, if Mr. Fowler thould be greatly in ear

neft, uneafy to itself, in being obliged to flew pity, where the cannot re-

\* turn love ?

What I have faid, I have faid, replied Mr. Reeves. Pity is but one remove from love, Mrs. Reeves, ' (there she fits) was first brought to pity me; for never was man more madly in love than I; and then I thought myfelf fure of her. And fo it proved. I can tell you, I am o no enemy to Mr. Fowler.

And fo, my dear, Mr. Fowler feems to think he has met with a woman who would make a fit wife for him : but your Harriet, I doubt, has not in Mr. · Fowler met with a man whom the can think a fit husband for her.'

The very next morning, Sir Row-

But now, my Lucy, if I proceed to tell you all the fine things that are faid of me, and to me, what will my uncle Selby fay? Will he not attribute all'I shall repeat of this fort, to that pride, to that vanity, to that fondness of admiration, which he, as well as Mr. Greville, is continually charging upon all our fex?

Yet he expects that I shall give a min nute account of every thing that paffes, and of every conversation in which I have any part. How shall I do to please him? And yet I know I shall best please him, if I give him room to find fault with me. But then should he for my faults blame the whole fex? Is that

juft?

You will tell me, I know, that if I give speeches and conversations, I ought to give them juftly: that the humours and characters of persons cannot be known unless I repeat what they fay, and their manner of faying: that I must leave it to the speakers and complimenters to answer for the likeness of the pictures they draw. That I know best my own heart, and whether I am puffed up by the praises given me; that if I am, I shall dis--cover it by my fuperciliousness; and be enough punished on the discovery, by incurring, from those I love, deferved blame, if not contempt, instead of preferving their wished-for esteem-Let me add to all this, that there is an author (I forget who) who fays, It ' is lawful to repeat those things, though · spoken in our praise, that are ne-

eeffary to be known, and cannot otherwise be come at.

And now let me ask, Will this preamble do, once for all?

It will. And fo fays my aunt Selby. And so says every one but my uncle. Well, then, I will proceed. and repeat all that shall be said, and that as well to my disadvantage as ad-vantage; only resolving not to be ex-alted with the one, and to do my endeavour to amend by the other. And here, pray tell my uncle, that I do not defire he will spare me; muce the faults he shall find in his Harriet shall always put her upon her guard—Not, however, to conceal them from his discerning eye; but to amend them.

And now, having, as I faid, once for all, prepared you to guard against a furfeit of self-praise, though deli-vered at second or third hand, I will go on with my narrative-But hold my paper reminds me that I have written a monstrous letter-I will, therefore, with a new theet begin a new one. Only adding to this, that I am, and ever will be, your affectionate

HARRIET BYRON.

P. S. Well, but what shall I do now?

—I have just received my uncle's letter. And, after his charge upon me of vanity and pride, will my parade, as above, stand me in any stead?—I must trust to it. Only one word to my dear and ever-honoured uncle-Don't you, Sir, impute to me a belief of the truth of those extravagant compliments made by men professing love to me; and I will not wish you to think me one bit the wifer, the handsomer, the better, for them, than I was before.

# LETTER IX.

which, imbeed, he this

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

TRUESDAY, FIB. 2. HE very next morning Sir Row-I land himself paid his respects to Mr. Reeves.

The knight, before he would open himfelf very freely as to the bufiness he came upon, defired that he might have an opportunity to see me. I knew nothing of him, nor of hie business. We

Allestree, Mis Bramber, and Mis-Dolyns, a young lady of merit, were

Just as we had taken our seats, Mr. Reeves introduced Sir Rowland, but let him not know which was Miss By-ron. He did nothing, at first sitting down, but peer in our faces by turns; and fixing his eyes upon Miss Allestree, he jogged Mr. Reeves with his elbow

Hay, Sir?—audibly whispered he.
Mr. Reeves was filent. Sir Rowland, who is short-sighted, then looked under his bent brows, at Miss Bramber; then at Miss Dolyns; and then at me—' Hay, Sir?' whispered he

He fat out the first dish of tea with an impatience equal, as it feemed, to his uncertainty. And at last taking Mr. Reeves by one of his buttons, de-fired a word with him. They withdrew together; and the knight, not quitting hold of Mr. Reeves's button, 'Ad's'sny-life, Sir,' faid he, 'I hope I am 'right. I love my nephew as I love 'myfelf. I live but for him. He 'ever was duiful to me his uncle. If that be Miss Byron who sits on the right-hand of your lady, with the countenance of an angel, her eyes sparkling with good-humour, and blooming as a May morning, the bu-finess is done. I give my consent. Although I heard not a word pass from her lips, I am sure she is all in-telligence. My boy shall have her. The other young ladies are agreeable: but if this he the lady my kinsman but if this be the lady my kinfman is in love with, he *shall* have her. How will she outshine all our Caermarthen ladics; and yet we have charming girls in Caermarthen!-Am I, or am I not right, Mr. Reeves, as to my nephew's flame, as they call it?

'The lady you describe, Sir Row-land, is Miss Byron.' And then Mr. Reeves, in his usual partial manner, let his heart overflow

at his lips in my favour.
'Thank God, thank God!' faid the knight: 'Let us return. Let us go in 'again. I will fay fomething to her to 'make her speak: but not a word to dash her. I expect her voice to be mulick. if it be as harmonious as the rest of her. By the softmess or harshness of the voice, let me tell you, Mr. Reeves,

'-I form a judgment of the heart, and foul, and manners, of a lady. a criterion, as they call it, of my own; and I am hardly ever mistaken. Let us go in again, I pray ye. They returned, and took their feats;

the knight making an aukward apo-

logy for taking my cousin out.

Sir Rowland, his forehead smoothed, and his face shining, fat swelling, as big with meaning, yet not knowing how to begin. Mrs. Reeves and Mils Allestree were talking at the re-en-trance of the gentlemen. Sir Rowland thought he must say something, however distant from his main purpose. Breaking silence therefore, 'You, ladides, seemed to be deep in discourse when we came in. Whatever were ' your subject, I beg you will resume

They had finished, they assured him,

what they had to say.

Sir Rowland seemed still at a loss. He hemmed three times; and looked at me with particular kindness. Mr. Reeves, then, in pity to his fulness, asked him how long he proposed to stay

in town?

He had thought, he faid, to have fet out in a week; but something had happened, which he believed could not be compleated under a fortnight. 'Yet I want to be down, faid he; for I had just finished, as I came up, the new-built house I design to present to my nephew when he marries. I pretend, plain man as I am, to be a judge, both of tafte and elegance. ir Rowland was now fet a going.]
All I wish for is to see him happily fettled. Ah, ladies! that I need not go farther than this table for a wife for my boy?'

We all smiled, and looked upon each

'You young ladies,' proceeded he, have great advantages in certain cases over us men; and this (which I little thought of till it came to be my own case) whether we speak for our kindred or for ourselves. But will you, Madam, to Mrs. Reeves, will you, Sir, to Mr. Reeves, answer my questions-as to these ladies?-I must have a niece among them. My nephew, though I fay it, is one whom any lady may love : and as for fortune, let me alone to make him, in addition to his own, all clear as the fun, worthy of any woman's accep-tance, though the were a duchels. We were all filent, and fmiled upon

What I would alk, then, is, Which of the ladies before me-Mercy! I believe by their finiling, and by their pretty looks, they are none of them engaged. I will begin with the young lady on your right hand. She looks to lovely, to good natured, and to condescending!—Mercy! what an open for chead!—Hen!—Forgive me, Madam; but I believe you would not difdain to answer my question yourself.—Are you, Madam, are you absolutely and bona fide disengaged?

or are you not?'
As this, Sir Rowland, answered As this, our kowland, aniwered I, 'is a question I can best resolve, I frankly own that I am disengaged.'
Charming! charming!—Mercy!
Why, now, what a noble stankness in that answer!—No jesting matter!
You may smile, ladies,—I hope,
Madam, you say true: I hope I may
rely upon it, that your affections are

rely upon it, that your affections are

not engaged.
You may, Sir Rowland. I do not love, even in jest, to be guilty of an 4 untruth."

Admirable !- But, let me tell you, Madam, that I hope you will not many days have this to fay. Ad'smy-life! sweet soul! how I rejoice to see that charming full in the finest cheek in the world! But Heaven for-bid that I should dash so sweet a creature !- Well, but now there is no going farther. Excuse me, ladies; I mean not a slight to any of you but now, you know, there is no going farther—and will you, Madam, permit me to introduce to you, as a lover, as an humble fervant, a very proper and agreeable young my nephew. Your looks are all graciousness. Perhaps you have seen him; and if you are really disengaged, you can have no objection to him; of that I am confident. And I am told, that you have nobody that either can or will controll you.

\* The more controulable for that

very reason, Sir Rowland.
Ad's my life, I like your answer!
Why, Madan, you must be full as
good as you look to be. I wish I were a young man myfelf for your

Jake! But tell me, Madam, will you permit a visit from my nephew you permit a vifit from my nephew this afternoon?—Come, come, dear young lady, be as gracious as you look to be. Fortune must do. Had you not a shilling, I should rejoice in such a mices, and that is more than I ever said in my life before. My nephew is a sober man, a model man. He has a good estate of his own: a clear 2000l. a year, I will add to it in my life-time as much more. Be all this good company witnesses for me. I am no slincher. It is well known, the word of Sir Rowland Meredith is as good as his bond land Meredith is as good as his bond at all times. I love these open do-ings. I love be above-board. What fignifies thilly thally? What lays

" Happy is the wooling "That is not long a doing."

But, Sir Rowland, faid I, 'there are proverbs that may be fet against your proverb. You hint that I have feen the gentleman; now, I have pever yet feen the man whose address I could encourage.

None but the giddy love at first fight,
Ad's my-life, you would have been
finapt up before now, young as
you are, could you easily have returned love for love. Why, Madam, you cannot be above fixteen?
O, Sir Rowland, you are mistaken. Chearfulness and a contented mind make a difference to advan-tage of half a dozen years at any time. I am much ne rer fwentyone than nineteen, I affure you.'

Nearer to twenty-one than nine-teen, and yet so freely tell your age without asking!

without alking!

'Miss Byron, Sir Rowland,' faid Mrs. Reeves, 'is young enough at twenty, surely, to own her age.'

'True, Madam; but at twenty, if not before, time always frands ftill with women. A lady's age once known will be always remembered; and that more for spite than love. At twenty-eight or thirty, I believe most ladies are willing to frike off half a dozen years at least.—And yet, and yet, (fmiling, and looking arch) 'I have always faid, (parden me, ladies) that it is a fign, when

when women are fo defirous to con-ceal their age, that they think they fall be good for nothing when in years. Ah, ladies! finaking his head, and laughing, women don't think of that, But how I admire you, Madam, for your frankness!

Would to the Lord you were twentyfour!—I would have no woman " marry under twenty-four: and that, let me tell you, ladies, for the fol-lowing reasons— Standing up, and putting the fore-finger of his right-hand, extended with a flourish, upon the thumb of his left.

O, Sir Rowland 1 I doubt not but you can give very good reasons. And I affure you, I intend not to marry you the wrong side, as I call it, of

Admirable, by mercy! but that won't do, neither. The man lives not, young lady, who will flay your time, if he can have you at his. I love your noble frankness. Then fuch sweetness of countenance, (fitting down, and audibly whispering, and jogging my cousin with his elbow) all that is in the honest heart!-I am a physiognomist, Madam, (raif-ing his voice to me.) Ad's-my-life, you are a perfect paragon! Say you will encourage my boy, or you will beworfe off: for,' (ftanding up again)'. I will come and court you myfelf. A good estate gives a man confidence; and, when I fet about it—Hum !— (one hand stuck in his fide; flourishwith the other) on woman yet, ing with the other) no women's I do affure you, ever won my heart as you have done.

O, Sir Rowland! I thought you were too wife to be fwayed by first

know, love at first fight. Admirable! admirable, indeed! I knew you had wit at will; and I m fure you have wisdom. Know you, ladies, that suit and wisdom are you, ladies, that wit and wisdom are two different things, and are very rarely seen together? Plain man as I appear to be, (looking on himself first on one side, then on the other, and unbuttoning his cont two buttons, to let a gold braid appear upon his waitcoat.) I can tell ye, I have not lived all this time for nothing. I am considered in Wales. Hem!—But I will not praise myself.—Ad's my.

fife! how do this young hely's per-fections run me all into tongue!— But I fee you all respect her as well 'as I; fo I need not make apology to the rest of you young ladies for the distinction paid to her. I wish I had as many nephews as there are ladies of you disengaged: by mercy, we would be all of kin!

Thank you, Sir Rowl each of the young tadies, fmiling, and diverted at his oddity.

But, as to my observation, continued the knight, that none but the giddy love at first sight; there is no general rule without exception, you know: every man must love you at first sight. Do I not love you my self? and yet never did I see you the first many bade like you. before, nor any body like you.

You know not what you do, Sir Rowland, to raife thus the vanity of a poor girl. How may you make conceit and pride run away with her, till the become contemptible for bot in the eye of every person whose good opinion is worth cultivating?

Ad's-my-life, that's prettily faid! But let me tell you, that the the who can give this caution in the midft of her praisings, can be in no danger of being run away with by her vapraises from me! I never ran on for glibly in praise of mortal woman before. You must cease to look, to fmile, to speak, I can tell you, if you would have me cease to praise " you!

"Tis well you are not a young man, Sir Rowland, faid Mifs Al-leftree. You feem to have the art of engaging a woman's attention. You feem to know how to turn her own artillery against her; and, as your fex generally do, to exalt her in courtship, that you may have it in your power to abase her afterwards. Why, Madam, I must own, that we men live to fixty before we know how to deal with you ladies, or with the world either; and then we are not fit to engage with the one, and are ready to quit the other. An old head upon a young pair of floulders would make rare work among ye.

But, to the main point! (looking very kindly on me :) I alk no queltions about you, Mailam. Portune is not to be mentioned. I want you

not to have any. Not that the lady is the worfe for having a fortune: and a man may stand a chance for as and a man may fland a chance for as good a wife among those who have fortunes, as among those who have none. I adore you for your frankacts of heart. Be all of a piece now, L befeech you. You are difengaged, you fay: will you admit of a visit from my nephew? My boy may be bafbful. True love is always modeft and diffident. You don't look as if you would distike a man for being modest. And I will come along with him myself. And the comportant, as one, who if he lent his head to his nephew's shoulders, had

doubt of fucceeding. What, Sir Rowland! admit of a wifit from your nephew, in order to engage him in a three years court-flip? I have told you, that I in-tend not to marry till I am twenty-

. Twenty-four, I must own, is the age of marriage I should chuse for a lady! and for the reasons aforefaid. But, now I think of it, I did nor acil you my reasons-These be they."

Down went his cup and faucer! up went his left-hand ready spread, and his crooked singer of his right-hand, e ready to enumerate.

No doubt, Sir Rowland, you have very good reasons."

But, Madam, you must bear them. -And I shall prove-

. I am convinced, Sir Rowland, that twenty-four is an age early enough. But I shall prove, Madam, that you at twenty, or at twenty-one-

Epough, enough, Sir Rowland: what need of proof when one is convinced ?"

' But you know not, Madam, what I was driving at-

Well but, Sir Rowland, faid Mifs Bramber, 'will not the reasons you could give for the proper age at twen-ty-four, make against your wishes in this cafe?

"They will make against them, Madam, in general cases: but in this particular cate they will make for me; for the lady before me is-Not in my opinion, perhaps, Sir Rowland, will your reasons make for you: and then your exception in my favour will fignify nothing. And, befides, you must know, that a liever can accept of a compliment that is made me at the expense of

my fex.'
Well, then, Madam, I hope you forbid me, in favour to my plea. You are loth to hear any thing for twenty-four against twenty-one, I

hope?'
That is another point, Sir Row-

Why, Madam, you feem to be afraid of hearing my reasons. No man living knows better than I, how to behave in ladies company. I begentleman, as to offend the n deed! looking archly; 'ladies on' certain fubjects are very quick—'
That is to fay, Sir Rowland,' interrupted Mrs. Reeves, 'that modely is easily alarmed.'

'If any thing is faid, or implied, upon certain subjects, that you would 'not be thought to understand, ladies know how to be ignorant,

And then he laughed.
'Undoubtedly, Sir Rowland,' faid
I, 'fuch company as this need not be apprehensive that a gentleman like you should say any thing unfultable to it. But do you really think affected ignorance can be ever graceful, or a proof of true delicacy? Let me rather fay, that a woman of virtue would be wanting to her character, if the had not courage enough to expects her refeatment of any dif-course that is meant as an insult up-

on modely and again t But men will fometimes forget that there are

ladies in company. Sir Rowland. But pardon me, if I own, that I should have a mean opinion of a man, who allowed himfelf to talk, even to men, what a woman might not hear. A pure heart, whea ther in man or woman, will be always, in every company, on every occasion, pure of occasion,

Ad's my-life, you have excellent notions, Madam le I wanted to hear you fpeak just now; and now you make me, and every one elle, filent.—
Twenty-one of stry, what you fay would shame fary-one. You must have kept excellent company all your life!—Mercy! if ever I heard the like from a lady so young!—What a glory do you reflect back upon all who had any hand in your education! Why was I not born within the past thirty years? I might then have had some hopes of you myself!—And this brings me to my former subject, of my nephew—But, Mr. Reeves, one word with you, Mr. Reeves. I beg your pardon, ladies; but the importance of the matter will excuse me; and I must get out of town as soon as I can—One word · life!-Mercy! if ever I heard the

town as foon as I can-One word with you, Mr. Reeves.

The gentlemen withdrew together, for breakfaft by this time was over; and then the knight opened all his heart to Mr. Reeves, and befought his interest. He would afterwards have obtained an audience, as he called it, of me: but the three young ladies hav-ing taken leave of us, and Mrs. Reeves and I being retired to drefs, I excused

He then defired leave to attend me to-morrow evening; but Mr. Reeves pleading engagements till Monday evening, he befought him to indulge him with his interest in that long gap of time, as he called it, and for my be-

ing then in the way. And thus, Lucy, have I given you an ample account of what has passed

with regard to this new fervant; as gentlemen call themselves, in order to become our masters.

'Tis now Friday morning. We are just setting out to dine with Lady Betty. If the day furnishes me with any amusing materials for my next pacquet, it's agreeableness will be doubled to your ever affectionate

HARRIET BYRON,

#### or bains only listed to a sould a strong of Lord ETTER X.

has wat od the side to topical in ac-

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

PRIDAY NIGHT. COMB amusement, my Lucy, the day has afforded; indeed, more than I could have wished. A large pacquet, however, for Selby House.

Lady Betty received us most polite-

Lady Betty received us most politeon the introduced us, and prefented me in a very advantageous character.

Shall I tell you how their first appegrance struck me, and what I trave fince heard and observed of them? The first I shall mention was Mis-

CANTILLON; very pretty, but visibly, proud, affected, and conceited.

The fecond Mifs CLEMENTS; plain, but of a fine understanding, improve by reading; and who, having no fonal advantages to be vain of, has tained a profesence in every one's opinion over the fair Cantillen and the

The third was Mife BARNEVELT, lady of malculine features, and whole mind belyed not those features; for the has the character of being loud, bold, free, even fierce when opposed; and affects at all times such airs of contempt of her own fex, that one alm wonders at her condescending to wear

The gentlemen's names were WALford scholar of family and fortune, but quaint and opinionated, despiting every one who has not lad the benefit of an university education.

Mr. Singleton is a harmless man; who is, it seems, the object of more ridicule, even down to his very name, among all his acquaintance, than I think he by any means ought, confidering the apparent inoffentiveness of the man, who did not give bimply his intellects; and his confant good hamour, which might intitle him to better quarter; the rather, too, as he has one point of knowledge, which those who think themselves his superiors in understanding, do not always attain, the knowledge of himself; for he is humble, modest, ready to confess an inferiority to every one; and as laug ing at a jest is by some taken for h applause, he is ever the first to below that commendation on what others fa though it must be owned, he now-an then mistakes for a jest what is none; which, however, may be generally more the fault of the speakers than of Mr. Singleton; since he takes his one from their smiles, especially when those are seconded by the laugh of one of whom he has a good opinion.

Mr. Singleton is in possession of a good estate, which makes amends for many defects. He has a turn, it is faid, to understands his own interest better than

himfelf to Lady Betty, Much slide har opportunities to lay obligations upon many of thate, who behind his back think themselves intitled, by their supposed superior sense, to decide him; and he is ready enough to oblige in this his Cantillon bridled, played with he is ready enough to oblige in this way; but it is always on fuch fecuri-ties, that he has never given cause for spendthrifts to laugh at him on that ac-

It is thought that the friends of the fair Gantillon would not be averse to an alliance with this gentleman; while I, were I his fifter, should rather with, that he had so much writtom in his weakness, as to devote himself to the worthier Pulcherin Clements, (Lady Betty's wish as well as mine) whose fortune, though not despicable, and whose humbler views, would make her think; herself repaid, by his fortune, the obligation she would lay him under by her acceptance of him.

the obligation she would lay him under by her acceptance of him.

Nobody, it seems, thinks of a bustoned for Miss Barnevelt. She is sneeringly spoken of rather as a young follow than as a woman; and who will one day look out for a quije for herself. One reason, indeed, she every where gives, for being satisfied with being a woman; which is, that she cannot be marking a woman; which is, that she cannot be marking a woman; which is, that she cannot be marking a woman;

An odd creature, my dear. But fee what women get by going out of character: like the bats in the fable, they re looked upon as mortals of a doubt-n'species, hardly owned by either, and laughed at by both.

This was the company, and all the company, belides us, that Lady Betty appetred. But mutual civilities had lardly paffed, when Lady Betty, having been called out, returned, introducing as a gentleman who would be acceptable to every one, Sir Hanpered the to me, as he faluted the tent of the company in a very gallant manner, to ayoung baronet of a very large effect; the greatest part of which has lately come to him by the death of a grandmother, and two uncles, all very rich. d fhe to me, as he faluted the reft

When he was presented to me by name, and I to him, "I think myself very happy," faid he, "in being admitted to the presence of a young lady so celebrated for her graces of person and mind." Then addressing was many and some free better

little did I expect to and report in fo finer of what I fee.

Mife Cantillon bridled, played with ther fan, and looked as if the thought herfelf flighted; a little feore intermingled with the airs the gave herfelf.

Mife Clements fmiled, and looked pleased, as if she enjoyed good-natur-edly a compliment made to one of the sex which she adorns by the goodness. of her heart.

Miss Barnevelt said the had, from the moment I first entered, beheld me with the eye of a lover: and freely taking my hand, fqueezed it. 'Charm-ing creature!' faid the; as if addref-fing a country innocent, and perhaps expecting me to be covered with bluthes and confusion.

The baronet excusing himself to Lady Betty, affored her, that the must place this his bold intrusion to the ac-

count of Miss Byron, he having been told that she was to be there.

Whatever were his motive, Lady Betty said, he did her favour; and she was sure the whole company would think themselves doubly obliged to Miss Ryron. Byron.

Byron.

The student looked as if he thought himself sclipsed by Sir Hargrave, and as if, in revenge, he was putting his fine speeches into Latin, and trying them by the rules of grammar; a broken sentence from a classick author bursting from his lips; and at last standing up, half on up toe, (as if he wanted to look down upon the baronet) he stuck one hand in his side, and passed by him, casting a contemptuous eye on his gaudy dress.

Mr. Singleton smiled, and looked as if delighted with all he saw and heard. Once, indeed, he tried to speak; his mouth getually opened, to give passage to his words, as some-

give passage to his words, as some-times seems to be his way before the words are quite ready; but he sat down satisfied with the effort.

It is true, people who do not make themselves contemptible by affectation, should not be despised. Poor and rich, wise and unwise, we are all links of the same great chain. And you must tell me, my dear, if I, in endeavouring to give true descriptions of the The Late of the particular to water

persons I see, incur the censure I pass on others who despise any one for the defects they cannot help. Will you forgive me, my dear, if I make this letter as long as my last?

et Li

n e I make this letter as long as my laft?

No, fay.

Well, then, I thank you for a freedom to confident with our friendships and conclude with affurances, that I am, and ever will be, my affectionate. yours, HARRIET BYRON.

# LETTER XI.

By a front felly thing be brilled

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION

I T was convenient to me, Lucy, to break off just where I did in my last, else I should not have been so yery felf-denying as to suppose you had no curiosity to hear, what undoubtedly I wanted to tell. 'Two girls talking over a newset of company, would my uncle Selby say, 'are not apt to break off very abruptly; not sheeipecially of the two, who has found out a fair excuse to repeat every compliment made

the two, who has found out a fair excuse to repeat every compliment made
to herself; and when, perhaps, there
may be a new admirer in the case.
'May there so, my uncle? And which
of the gentlemen do you think the
man? The baronet, I suppose, you
gues. And so he is.
Well, then, let me give you, Lucy,
the steep of him. But consider, I form
my accounts from what I have fince
been told, as well as from what I observed at the time.
Sir Hargrave Pollexsen is handsome

Sir Hargrave Pollexfen is handsome and genteel; pretty tall, about twenty-eight or thirty. His complexion is a little of the fairest for a man, and a little of the fairest for a man, and a little of the palest. He has remarkably bold eyes; rather approaching to what we would call goggling; and he gives himself airs with them, as if he wished to have them thought rakish; perhaps as a recommendation, in his opinion, to the ladies. Lady Betty, on his back being turned, praising his perfon; Miss Cantillon said, Sir Hargrave had the finest eyes she ever saw in a man. They were manly, meaning ones.

He is very voluble in speech; but feems to owe his volubility more to his want of doubt than to the extraordi-nary men't of what he says. Yet he

is thought to have fenfe; and if he could prevail upon himfelf to hear more, and speak less, he would better deserve the good opinion he thinks himself sure of. But as he can say any thing without hesitation, and excites a laugh by laughing himself at all he is going to say, as well as at what he has just said, he is thought infinitely agreeable by the gay, and by those who wish to drown thought in merriment.

ment.

Sir Hargrave, it feems, has travelled; but he must have carried abroad with him a great number of follies, and a great deal of affectation, if he has left any of them behind him.

But with all his foibles, he is faid to

be a man of enterprize and courage; and young women, it feems, must take care how they laugh with him: for he makes ungenerous confisuctions to the disadvantage of a woman whom he can bring to feem pleased with his jests. jefts:

I will tell you hereafter how I came

to know this, and even worse, of him.

The taste of the present age seems to be dress; no wonder, therefore, that such a man as Sir Hargrave aims to excel in it. What can be mishestowed fuch a man as Sir Hargrave aims to excel in it. What can be mitheflowed by a man on his person, who values it more than his mind! But he would, in my opinion, better become his dress, if the pains he undoubtedly takes before he ventures to come into publick, were less apparent: this I judge from his solicitude to preserve all in exact order, when in company; for he forgets not to pay his respects to himself at every glass; yet does it with a seeming consciousness, as if he would hide a vanity too apparent to be conceased; breaking from it, if he finds himself observed, with a half-careless, yet seemingly dislatished air, pretending to have discovered something amis in himself. This seldom fails to bring him a compliment; of which he shews himself very sensible, by affectedly disclaiming the merit of it; perhaps with this speech, bowing, with his spread hand on his breast, waving his head to and fro— By my soul, Madam, sor Sir) 'you do me too much honour.

Such a man is Sir Hargrave Pollex-fen.

He placed himself next to the company.

He placed himself next to the country-girl, and laid himself out in fine speeches to her, tunning on in such a

manner, that I had not for fome time an opportunity to continue him, that I had been in company with gay people before. He would have it, that I was a perfect beauty, and he supposed me very young very fifty of course, and gave himself such airs, as if he were sure of my admiration.

I viewed him steadily several times, and my eye once falling under him, as I was looking at him, I date say he at that moment pitted the poor fond heart, which he supposed was in turnults about him; when, at the very time, I was considering whether, if I were obliged to have the one or the other, as a punishment for some great fault I had comnave the one or the other, as a pu-nishment for some great fault I had com-mitted, my choice would fall on Mr. Singleton, or on him. I mean, supposing the former were not a remarkable obti-nate man; since obstinacy in a weak man, I think, must be worse than ty-rathy in a man of sense—if, indeed, a min of sense can be a tyrant.

mini of sense can be a tyrant.

A summons to dinner relieved me from his more particular addresses, and placed him at a distance from me.

Sir Hargrave, the whole time of dinner, received advantage from the superclious looks and behaviour of Mr. Walden; who seemed, on every thing the baronet said, (and he was seldom stent) half to despise him; for he made at times so many different mouths of contempt, that I thought it was impossible for the same features to express them. I have been making mouths in the glass for several minutes, to try to recover some of Mr. Walden's, in order to describe them to you, Lucy; but I to describe them to you, Lucy; but I cannot for my life to differt my face as cannot for my his its annual notion of one

of them.

He might, perhaps, have been better juilined in fome of his contempts, had r not been visible that the consequence which he took from the baronet, he gave to himfelf; and yet was as cen-

furable one way as Sir Hargrave was the other.

Mirth, however infipid, will occation finiles; though formetimes to the
disadvantage of the mirthful. But disadvantage of the mirthful. But gloom, severity, moroseness, will al-ways disgust, though in a Solomon. Mr. Walden had not been taught that; and, indeed it wish. and, indeed, it might feem a little un-grateful (don't you think fo, Lucy?) if women failed to reward a man with the r imiles, who icrupled not to make

himfelf a monkey (fhall I fay?) to

Never before did I fee the difference between the man of the Town and the man of the College, displayed in a light fo firiking as in these two gentlemen in the conversation after dinner. The one seemed resolved not to be pleased; while the other laid himself out to please every body; and that in a manner so much at his own expense, as frequently to bring into question his understanding. By a second silly thing he banished the remembrance of the sirst; by a third the second, and so on: and by continually laughing at his own absurdities, lest us at liberty to suppose that his folly was his choice; and that, had it not been to divert the company, he would have made a better figure.

Mr. Walden, as was evident by his scornful brow, by the contemptuous motion of his lip, and by his whole face affectedly turned from the baronet, grudged him the smile that lat upon every one's countenance and have here

face affectedly turned from the baronet, grudged him the smile that sat upon every one's countenance; and for which, without diffinguishing whether it was a smile of approbation, or not, he looked as if he pitied us all, and as if he thought himself cast into unequal comthought himself east into unequal com-pany. Nay, twice or thrice he addressed himself, in preference to every one else, to honest simpering Mr. Singleton, who, for his part, as was evident, much better relished the baronet's slippances, than the dry significance of the student. For, whenever Sir Hargrave spoke, Mr. Sin-gleton's mouth was open. Bits it was quite otherwise with him when Mr. Walden spoke, even at the time that he paid him the distinction of addressing himself to him, as if he were the prinhimself to him, as if he were the prin-

But one word, by the bye, Eucy—Don't you think it is very happy for us foolish women, that the generality of the lords of the creation are not much wifer than ourselves! Or, to express myfelf in other words, that wer - wildom mytelf mother words, that over whitein is as foolish a thing to the full, as moderate folly!—But, hush! I have done.—I know that at this place my uncle will be ready to rife against up.

After dinner, Mr. Walden, not

chuling to be any longer to egregiously eclipsed by the man of the Town, put

forth the feholar.

By the way, let me alk my made, if the word fchalar means not the learner, futher than the learned? If it originally

means no more. I would suppose that formerly the most learned men were the most modest, contenting themselves with being thought but learner; but, as my revered first instructor used to say, the more a man knows, the more he will find he has to know.

Pray, Sir Hargrave, said Mr. Walden, may Lask you.—You had a thought just now, speaking of love and beauty, which I know you must have from Tibullus. [And then he repeated the line in an beroick accent; and, pausing, looked upon us women]

Which university had the honour of sinishing your studies, Sir Hargrave?

I presume you were brought up at one of them.

I prefume you were brought up at one of them.

Not I, faid the baronet; a man, furely, may read Tibullus, and Virgil too, without being indebted to either university for his learning.

No man, Sir Hargrave, in my bumble opinion, [with a decifive air he spoke the word bumble] can be well grounded in any branch of learning who has not been at one of our famous universities.

univerfities.

I never yet proposed, Mr. Walden,
to qualify myself for a degree. My
chaplain is a very pretty fellow. He
understands Tibulius, I believe, [immoderately laughing, and by his eyes
cast in turn upon each person at table,
bespeaking a general smile]—' and of
Oxford, as you are.'
And again he laughed: but his laugh
was then such a one as rather shewed ridicule than mirth; a provoking laugh
such a one as Mr. Greville often affec
when he is in a disputing humour.

fuch a one as Mr. Greville often and when he is in a disputing humour, order to dash an opponent out of countenance, by getting the laugh, instead of the argument, on his side.

My uncle, you know, will have it sometimes, that his girl has a fatirical yein. I am afraid she has—but this I will say for her, she means no ill-nature: she loves every body, but not their saults; as her uncle in his setter. their faults; as her uncle in his letter tells her. Nor wishes to be spared for her own: nor, very probably, is she, if those who see her, write of her to their chosen triends as she does to hers of them.

Shall I tell you what Limagine each person of the company I am writing about (writing in characters) would say of me to their correspondents?—It would be digreffing too much, or I

Mr. Walden in his heart, I dare fay, was revenged on the baronet. He gave him fuch a look as would have grieved me the whole day, had it been given me by one whom I valued.

by one whom I valued.

Sir Hargrave had too much bufinels for his eyes with the ladies, in order to obtain their countenance, to thouste himself about the looks of the men. And, indeed, he leemed to have as great a contempt for Mr. Walden as Mr. Walden had for him.

But here I shall be too late for the post. Will this shiff go down with you at Selby House in want of better subjects?

subjects?

Every thing from you, my Har-" riet!"

Thank you! thank you, all, my indulgent friends! So it ever was. Trifles from those we love are acceptable. May

I deferve your love!
Adieu, my Lucy—Bur tell my
Nancy that the has delighted me by her letter, robe who of the law and the

## Mr. Wilden femmed is collect from-LETTER XII.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

the baronet: 'May not a man of for-tune, who has not received his edu-cation and palif [he pronounced the word polif with an emphasis, and ano-ther laugh] 'at an university, make as good a figure in focial life, and as ardent a lover as if he had?'

I would have been filent: but, gazing

I would have been filent: but, gazing on my face, he repeated, What fay yen to this, Miss Byron? The world, Sir Hargrave, I have heard called an university: but is it not an obvious truth, that neither a learned, nor what is called a fine education, has any other value than as each tends to improve the morals of men, and to make them wife and good?

"The world an university?" replied Mr. Walden. "Why, truly," looking up to Sir Hargrave's face, and then down to his feet, diffdainfully, as if he would measure him with his eyes, "I E 2" cannot

cannot but fay, twifting his head on one fide, and with a drolling accent, that the world produces very pretty febolars—for the ladies!

The baronet took fire at being for contemptuously measured by the eye of the student; and I thought it was not amis, for fear of high words between them, to put myself forward.

'And are not women, Mr. Walden, resumed I, one half in number, though not perhaps in value, of the human species?—Would it not be pity, Sir, if the knowledge that is to be obtained in the lesser university should make a man despise what is to be acquired in the greater, in which that knowledge was principally intended to make him useful?

This diverted the baronet's anger:

to make him uleful?

This diverted the baronet's anger:

Well, Mr. Walden, 'faid he, exultingly, rubbing his hands, 'what fay you to the young lady's observation?

By my soul it is worth your notice.

You may carry it down with you to your university; and the best scholars there will not be the worse for at-

tending to it. Mr. Walden feemed to collect himfelf, as if he were inclined to confider me with more attention than he had me with more attention than he had done before; and waving his hand, as if he would put by the baronet, as an adverfary he had done with, "I am to "tbank you, Madam," faid he, "it feems, for your observation. And so the lefter university—"

'I have great veneration, Mr. Walden, interrupted I, for learning, and great honour for learned men—

But this is a subject—"

'That you must not get off from, young lady."

'I am forry to hear you say so, Sir—but, indeed, I must."

The company seemed pleased to see

The company seemed pleased to see me so likely to be drawn in; and this encouraged Mr. Walden to push his

weak adverfary.

'Know you, Madam,' faid he, 'any 'thing of the learned languages?'

'No, indeed, Sir—nor do I know which, particularly, you call fo.'

'The Greek, the Latin, Madam.' Who, I, a woman know any thing of Latin and Greek! I know but one lady who is mistress of both; and the finds herfelf so much an owl among the birds, that she wants of all things to be thought to have un-

all things to be thought to have unlearned them.

'Why, ladies, I cannot but fay, that I should rather chuse so marry a woman whom I could teach something, than one who would think herself qualified to teach me.

Is it a meessary consequence, Sir, said Miss Clements, 'that knowledge, which makes a man thine, should make a woman vain and pragmatical.' May not two persons, having the same taste, improve each other? Was not this the case of Monsieur and Madame Dacier?

'Flint and steel to each other, added Lady Betty.

'Turkish policy, I doubt, in you men, proceeded Miss Clements.

No second brother man the throng.
That empire some think the safest which is founded in ignorance.

'We know, Miss Clements,' replied Mr. Walden, 'that you are a well-read lady. But I have nothing to say to observations that are in every body's mouth—Pardon me, Madam.

'Indeed, Sir,' said Mr. Reeves, 'I think Miss Clements.

'Indeed, Sir,' faid Mr. Reeves, 'I think Mils Clements should not pardon you. There is, in my opinion, great force in what she faid.'

But I have a mind to talk with this fair lady, your coulin, Mr. Reeves. She is the very woman that I wish to hold an argument with on the hints she threw out.

Pardon me, Sir. But I will not return the compliment. I cannot

return the compliment. I cannot argue.

And yet, Madam, I will not let you go off so easily. You seem to be very happy in your elocution, and to have some pretty notions for se young a lady.

I cannot argue, Sir.

Dear Miss Byron, said the baronet, hear what Mr. Walden has to fay to you.

Fay to you.

Every one made the same request. I was filent, looked down, and played with my fan.

When Mr. Walden had liberty to fay what he pleased, he seemed at a loss himself for words.

At last, 'I asked you, Madam, I asked you, (hesitatingly began he) whether you knew any thing of the learned languages? It has been whispered whifpered

whifpered to me, that you have had great advantages from a grandfather, of whose learning and politeness we have heard much. He was a scholar. He was of Christ Church, in our university, if I am not mistaken—To my question you answered, that you knew not particularly which were the languages that I called the learned ones; and you have been pleased to throw out hints in relation to the lesser and the greater university; by all which you certainly mean something—

thing—
Pray, Mr. Walden, faid I—
And pray, Mifa Byron—I am afraid of all finatterers in learning.
Those who know a little—and ladies cannot know to the bottom—they have not the happiness of an universalized and the second statements.

hity education—
Nor is every man at the univerfity,
I prefume, Sir, a Mr. Walden.
O my Lucy! I have fince been sold, that this pragmatical man has very few admirers in the univerfity, to which, out of it, he is fo fond of boatting a relation.
He took what I faid for a compliment.—Why, as to that, Madam—bowing—But this is a misfortune to ladies, not a fault in them—But, as I was going to fay, those who know ladies, not a fault in them—But, as I was going to fay, those who know little, are very seldom found, are very seldom orthodox, as we call it, whether respecting religion or learning: and as it seems you lost your grandfather too early to be well-grounded in the latter, (in the former, Lady Betty, who is my informant, says, you are a very good young lady) I should be glad to put you right, if you happen to be a little out of the way.

I thank you, Sir, bowing, and (fimpleson?) itill playing with my fan. But, though Mr. Reeves faid nothing, he did not think me very politely treated. Yet, he wanted, he told me afterwards, to have me drawn out.

He should not have served me so, I

told him; especially among strangers,

and men,
Now, Madam, will you be pleafed
to inform me, faid Mr. Walden,
whether you had any particular
meaning, when you answered, that

you knew not which I called the learned languages? You must know, that the Latin and Greek are of those so called."

those so called.

'I beg, Mr. Walden, that I may not be thus singled out—Mr. Reeves —Sin—you have had university education. Pray relieve your cousin.' Mr. Reeves smiled, bowed his head, but said nothing.

'You were pleased, Madam,' proceeded Mr. Walden, 'to mention one learned lady; and said that she looked upon herself as an owl among the birds—

And you, Sir, faid, that you had rather (and I believe most men are of your mind) have a woman you

could teach—

Than one who would suppose the could teach me—I did so.

Well, Sir, and you would have me be guilty of an oftentation that would bring me no credit, if I had had some pains taken with me in my education? But, indeed, Sir, I know not any thing of those you call the learned languages. Nor do I take all learning to consist in the knowledge of languages.

All learning!—Nor I, Madam—But if you place not learning in language, be so good as to tell us what you do place it in?

He nodded his head with an air, and if he had said, This pretty mis has got out of her depth; I believe I shall have her now.

I would rather, Sir, said I, the a hearer than a speaker; and the one would better become me than the other, I answered Sir Hargrave, be-

would better become me than the other, I answered Sir Hargrave, because he thought proper to apply to

And I, Madam, apply to you likewife.
Then, Sir, I have been taught to think, that a learned man and a lin-

think, that a learned man and a linguilt may very well be two perfons.

Be pleased to proceed, Madam.

Languages, undoubtedly, Sir, are
of use, to let us into the knowledge
for which so many of the ancients
were famous—But—

Here I stopt. Every one's eyes were
upon me. I was a little out of coun-

tenance.

This argument is refumed, Vol. VI, Letter LV. by a more competent judge both of learning and languages than Mr. Walden.

In what a fituation, Lucy, are we women?—If we have fome little ganius, and have taken pains to cultivate it, we must be thought guilty of affectation, whether we appear defirous to conceal it, or submit to have it

But, what, Madam? Pray proceed, eagerly faid Mr. Walden— But, what, Madam?

But have not the moderns, Sir, (if I must speak) the same advantages which the ancients had, and some which they had not? The first great geniuses of all had not human exam-

geniules of all had not human example, had not human precepts—
'Nor were the first geniuses of all,'
(with an emphasis, replied Mr. Walden) 'so perfect, as the observations of the geniuses of after-times, which were built upon their foundations, made them; and they others. Learning or knowledge, as you chuse to call it, was a progressive thing; and it became necessary to understand the different languages in which the lages of antiquity wrote, in order to avail ourselves of their learning.'
'Very right, Sir, I believe. You consider skill in languages, then, as a webiele to knowledge—Not, I presume, as science itself.'
I was sorry the baronet laughed; because his laughing made it more difficult for me to get off, as I wanted to do.

Walden, 'let not every thing that is faid be laughed at. I am fond of talking to this young lady; and a convertation upon this topick may tend as much to edification, perhaps, as most of the subjects with which we have been hitherto entertained.

we have been hitherto entertained. Sir Hargrave took an empty glais, and with it humouroufly rapped his own knuckles, bowed, fmiled, and was filent; by that act of yielding, which had gracefulness in it, gaining more honour to himself than Mr. Walden obtained by his rebuke of him, however in a however just

'Now, Madam, if you please, faid Mr. Walden, (and he put himfelf into a disputing attitude) 'a word or two with you, on your webicle, and fo forth.'

' Pray, spare me, Sir: I am willing to fit down quietly. I am un-

But, faid the baronet, 'you must 'not fit down quietly. Madam: Mr. Walden has promifed us edification, and we all attend the effect of his promits.

Promise.
No, no, Madam, faid Mr. Walden, you must not come off so early.
You have thrown out some extraordinary things for a lady, and especially for so young a lady. From you we expect the opinions of your you we expect the opinions of your worthy grandfather, as well as your own notions. He, no doubt, told you, or you have read, that the competition fet on foot between the learning of the ancients and moderns, has been the fubject of much debate among the learned in the latter end of the left century.

of the last century.

Indeed, Sir, I know nothing of the matter. I am not learned. My grandfather was chiefly intent to make me an English, and, I may fay, a Bible scholar. I was very

fay, a Bible scholar. I was very young when I had the misfortune to lose him. My whole endeavour has been since, that the pains he took with me should not be cast away.

I have discovered you, Madam, to be a Parthian lady. You can fight stying, I see. You must not, I tell you, come off so easily for what you, have thrown out. Let me alk you, Did you ever sead The Tale of a Tub?

The baronet laughed out, though evidently in the wrong place.

evidently in the wrong place.

'How apt are laughing finitis, faid Mr. Walden, looking folemaly, to laugh, when perhaps they ought—'There he front—'to be laught at, I fuppose he had in his head.] 'But, I will not, however, he laughed out of my question—Have you, Madam, 'read Swift's Tale of a Tub?—There.' is such a book, Sir Hargrave; looking with an air of contempt at the haronet.

replied the baroner, and again laughed.

- Have you, Madam? to me. Pray let us know what Mr. Walden drives at.

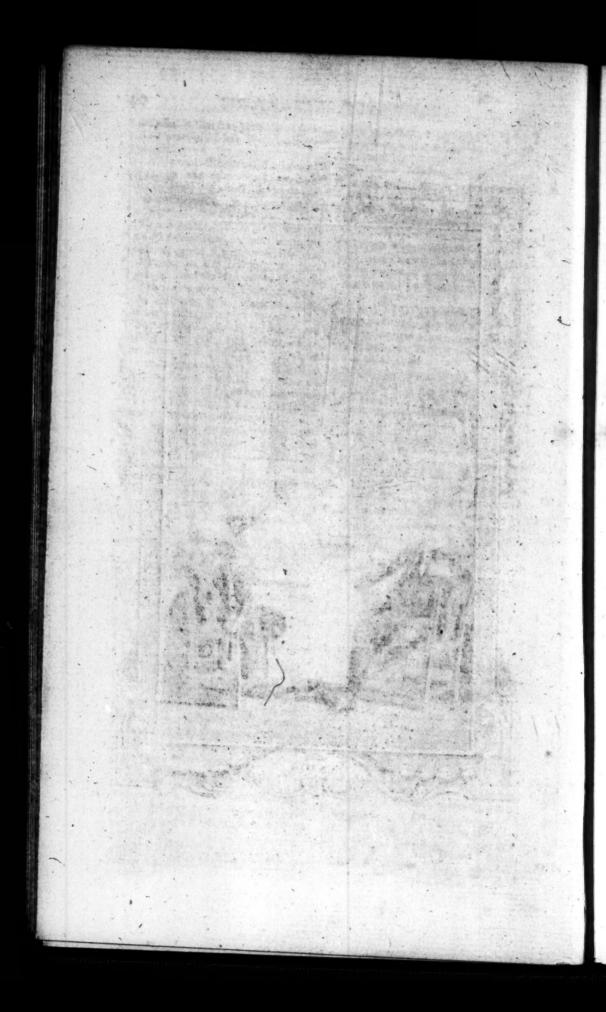
I have, Sir.

Why, then, Madam, refumed Mr. Walden, 'you no doubt, read, bound up with it, The Battle of the Books; a very fine piece; written in favour of the ancients, and against the moderns; and thence must be acquainted with the famous dispute 1, mentioned.



Plate VIII .

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tioned. And this will flew you, that the moderns are but pigmies in frience, compared to the ancients. And, pray, half not the knowledge which enables us at understand and to digest the wisdom of these immortal ancients, be accounted learning?—Pray, Madam, nodding his head, answer me that, O how these pedants, whispered Sir Hargrave to Mr. Reeves, a strut in the livery and brass buttons of the

the livery and brass buttons of the ancients, and call their fervility learn-

ancients, and call their lervinty learning!
You are going beyond my capacity, Sir. I believe what you fay is very just yet the ancients may be read, I suppose, and not understood. But pray, Sir, let the Parthian fly the field. I promise you that she will not return to the charge. Escape, not victory, is all she contends for.
All in good time, Madam—But who, pray, learns the language but with a view to understand the author?

thor probable Nobody, I believe, Sir. But yet fome who read the ancients may fail of improving by them.

I was going to lay formething farther; but the baronet, by his loud and laugh-ing applause, disconcerted me; and I was filent.

And here I must break off, till I re-turn from the play and then, or in the morning early, I will begin on an-other facet. other freet, wonf gault and at a an

#### the full limit of servers and the LETTER XIII.

### MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

NOW, Lucy, will I refume the thread of an argument, that you, perhaps, will not think worth remembering; yet, as I was called upon by every one to proceed, I would not omit it, were it but to have my uncle's opinion whether I was not too pert, and too talkative; for my confcience a little reproaches me. You know I have sold him, that I will not unbespeak my

Mr. Walden told me, I feemed to think, that the knowledge we gather from the great ancients is hardly worth the pains we take in acquiring the lan-guages in which they wrote,

Not to, Sir Thive great vel even for linguist to we not ow them the translation of the facred books?—But, methinks, I could with that fuch a diffinction mould be made between language and filence, as should convince me, that that conas should convince me, that that confusion of tongues, which was intended for a punishment of presumption in the early ages of the world, should not be thought toggive us our greatest glory in these more enlightened times.

Well, Madain, ladies must be treated as ladies; but I shall have great pleasures, but I shall have great pleasures, that they must all turn fine gentlemen, and laughers, [Mr. Reeves had similed as well as the baronet] and despite the great anbaronet] and despite the great an-cients as men of firaw, or very flort-ly they will fland no chance in the ladies favour.

Good Mr. Walden! Good Mr. Walden! laughed the baroner, fhak-ing his embroidered lides, 'let me, let 'me beg your patience while I tell 'you, that the young gentlemen at both universities are already in more

danger of becoming fine gentlemen than fine scholars—

And then again he laughed; and looking round him, bespoke, in his usual way, a laugh from the rest of the

Mr. Reeves, a little touched at the Mr. Reeves, a little touched at the fcholar s reference to him, in the word laughers, faid, it were to be withed that, in all nurseries of learning, the minners of youth were proposed as the principal end. It is too known a truth, faid he, that the attention paid to languages has too generally truth, laid he, that the attention paid to languages has too generally fivallowed up all other and more important confiderations; informuch, that found morals and good-breeding themselves are obliged to give way to that which is of helle moment, but as it promotes and inculcates those And learned men, I am perfuaded if they dared to speak out, would not lay so much stress upon mete lan-guages as you seem to do, wir . Wal-den.

Learning beee, replied Mr. Wal-len, a little peevilily, has not a fair tribunal to be tried at. As it is faid of the advantages of birth or degree, fo it may be faid of learning; no one despites ifes it that has pretentions to it.

Very true, I believe, Sir, faid I :: but, on the other hand, may not those who have either, or both, value themselves too much on that ac-

'I knew once, faid Mils Clements, an excellent scholar, who thought, that too great a portion of life was beflowed in the learning of languages; and that the works of many of the ancients were more to be admired for the flamp which antiquity has fixed upon them, and for the fake of their purity in languages that cannot alter, (and whose works are therefore become the standard of those languages) than for the lights obtained from them by men of genius, in aget that we have reason to think more enlightened, as well by new discoveries as by revelati

'I am even tempted to alk,' con-nued file, 'Whether the reputation of learning is not oftener acquired by skill in those branches of science

skill in those branches of science which principally serve for amusement to inquisitive and curious minds, than by that in the most useful fort. Here Mr. Walden interrupted her; and turning to me, as to the weaken adversary; yet with an air that had severity in it; I could almost wish, said be, (and but almost, as you are a lady) that you, Madam, knew the works of the great ancients in their original languages.

Something, faid Miss Clements, should be left for men to excel in. I

should be left for men to excel in. I cannot but approve of Mr. Walden's word aimed.

She then whispered me; 'Pray, Miss Byron, proceed.' (for she saw one a little out of countenance at Mr. Walden's severe air)—'Strange, aided she, still whispering, 'that people who know least how to argue should be most eager to dispute! Thank Heaven, all scholars are not like this.

A little encouraged; Pray, Sir, Whether you do not think, that our Milton, in his Paradife Loft, flews himself to be a very learned man? And yet that work is written wholly in the language of his own country, as the works of Homer and Virgil were in that of theirs; and they, I prefume, will be allowed to be learned men.

ed men.

Milton, Madam, let me tell you, is infinitely obliged to the great ancients; and his very frequent allufions to them, and his knowledge of their mythology, flew that he is.

His knowledge of their mythology, for nobly, so divinely, above that mythology!—I have been taught to think-

logy!—I have been taught to think, by a very learned man, that it was a condescension in Milton to the taste of persons of more reading than genius in the age in which he wrote, to introduce, so often as he does, his allusions to the Pagan mythology and that he neither raised his sublume subject, nor did credit to his vast genius, by it.

nius, by it.

'Mr. Addison, said Mr. Walden, is a writer admired by the ladies. Mr.

'Addison, Madam, as you will find in your Spectators, [Inerringly he spoke this] gives but the second place to Milton, on comparing some passages of his with some of Homer.

'If Mr. Addison, Sir, has not the honour of being admired by the gentlemen, as well as by the ladies, I dare say Mr. Walden will not allow, that his authority should decide the point in question: and yet, as I remember, in question: and yet, as I remember, he greatly extols Milton.—But I am going out of my depth—Only permit me to fay one thing more—If Homes is to be preferred to Milton, he must be the sublimest of writers; and Mr. Pope, admirable as his translation of the Iliad is faid to be, cannot have done him justice.

done him justice."

You feem, Madam, to be a very deep English scholar. But say you this from your own observation, or from that of any other?

I readily own that my lights are borrowed, replied I; I owe the observation to my godfather Mr. Deane, He is a Scholar; but as great an admirer of Milton as of any of the ancients. A gentleman, his particular friend, who was as great an admirer of Homer, undertook from Mr. Pope's Translation of the Iliad to produce Translation of the Iliad to produce passages that in sublimity exceeded any in the Paradise Lost. The genany in the Paradile Loft. The gen-tlemen met at Mr. Deane's house, where I then was. They allowed ma to be present; and this was the iffue:

that the English poet as much ex-celled the Grecian in the grandeur of his sentiments, as his subject, founded on the Chaffian fystem, surpasses the

Pagan.'
'The debate, I have the vanity to think, faid Mr. Walden, had I been a party in it, would have taken another turn; for I do infift upon it, that without the knowledge of the learned languages, a man cannot understand.

his own.

.

.

. I opposed Shakespeare to this affer-tion: but wished, on this occasion, that I had not been a party in this debate; for the baronet was even noify in his applauses of what I said; and the ap-plauses of empty minds always give one suspicion of having incurred it by

one's over-forwardness

He drowned the voice of Mr. Walden, who two or three times was earnest to speak; but not finding himself heard, drew up his mouth as if to a con-temptuous whiftle, shrugged his shoul-ders, and sat collected in his own con-scious worthiness: his eyes, however, were often cast upon the pictures that hung round the room, as much better objects than the living ones before him.

But what extremely disconcerted me was a freedom of Miss Barnevelt's, taken upon what I last said, and upon Mr. Walden's hesitation, and Sir Hargrave's applaufes: the professed that I was able to bring ber sam fex into re-putation with her. Wildom, as I call it, faid the, 'notwithflanding what you have modefily alledged to depreciate your own, when it proceeds through teeth of ivory, and lips of coral, receives a double grace. And then classing one of her mannish arms around me, she kissed my cheek.

I was furprized, and offended; and with the more reason, as Sir Hargrave, rifing from his feat, declared, that fince.

ring from his feat, declared, that fince merit was to be approved in that manner, he thought himfelf obliged to follow so good an example.

I flood up, and said, 'Surely, Sir, 'my compliance with the rest of the company, too much I fear at my own expence, ralls rather for civility than freedom from a gentleman. I beg, 'Sir Hargrave—'there I stopt; and I am sure looked greatly in earnest.

He flood Inspended till I had done, speaking, and then, bowing, fat down again; but, as Mr. Reeves told me afterwards, he whispered a great oath in his ear, and declared, that he beheld, with transport his future wife, and curfed himself if he would ever have another; vowing in the same whilper, that were a thousand men to stand in his way, he would not scruple any means to remove them.

Miss Barnevelt only laughed at the freedom she had taken with me. She is a loud and fearless laugher. She hardly knows bow to smile: for as soon as any thing catches her fancy. her voice immediately burfts her lips, and widens her mouth to it's full extent.-Forgive me, Lucy, I believe I am spiteful.

Lady Betty and Miss Clements, low voices, praised me for my presence of mind, as they called it, in checking Sir Hargrave's forwardness.

Just here, Lucy, I laid down my pen, and stept to the glass, to see whether I could not please myself with a wife frown or two; at least with a folemnity of countenance, that, occasionally, I might dash with it my childishness of look; which certainly encouraged this freedom of Miss Barnevelt. But I could not please myself. My muscles have never been used to any thing but smiling: so favoured, so beloved, by every one of my friends; a heart for grateful for all their favours—how can I learn now to frown, or even long to look grave!

All this time the scholar fat uneafly

careless.

In the mean time, Mr. Reeves having fent for, from his study, Bishop Rurnet's History of his own Times; Burnet's History of his own Times, faid he would, by way of moderator-thip in the present debate, read them a passage, to which he believed all parties would fubscribe: and then read what I will transcribe for you from the conclusion to that performance.

I have often thought it a great error to waste young gentlemen's years so long in learning Latin, by so tedions a grammar. I know those who are bred to the profession in literature, must have the Latin correctly; and must have the rules of grammar arang-

ceffary: but these rules are not at all requilite to those, who need only so much Latin, as thoroughly to under-stand and delight in the Roman au-thors and poets.

But suppose a youth had, either for want of memory, or of application, an incurable aversion to Latin, his education is not for that to be defpaired of : there is much noble knowfpaired of: there is much noble know-ledge to be had in the English and French languages: geography, his-tory, chiefly that of our own country, the knowledge of nature, and the more practical parts of the mathe-maticks, (if he has not a genius for the demonstrative) may make a gen-tleman very knowing, though he has not a word of Latin. ["And why, "I would fain know," faid Mr. Reeves, not a gentlewoman?"] There is a not a gentlewoman?"] "There is a fineness of thought, and a nobleness of expression, indeed, in the Latin authors; ['This makes for your argu-ment, Mr. Walden;'] 'that will make them the entertainment of a man's whole life, if he once understands and reads them with delight.' [' Very well!' faid Mr. Walden.] 'But, if this cannot be attained to, I would not have it reckoned that the education of an ill Latin scholar is to be given over. Thus far the bishop.

We all know, proceeded Mr. Reeves, 'how well Mr. Locke has treated this subject. And he is so far from discouraging the fair-sex from learning languages, that he ives us a method, in his Treatife of gives us a method, in his 1 feature of Education, by which a mother may not only learn Latin herself, but be able to teach it to her fon. Be not, therefore, ladies, athamed either of your talents or acquirements. Only take care you give not up any know-ledge that is more laudable in your fex, and more useful, for learning; and then I am fure, you will, you must, be the more agreeable, the more fuitable companions for it, to men of fense. Nor let any man have so narrow a mind as to be apprehensive for his own prerogative from a learned woman. A woman who does not behave the better the more the knows, will make her hufband uneafy, and will think as well of herfelf, were the

utterly illiterate; nor would any argument convince her of her duty.
Do not men marry with their eyes open? And cannot they court whom they please? A conceited, a vain mind in a woman cannot be hidden. Upon the whole, I think it may be fairly concluded, that the more a woman knows, as well as a man, the wifer the will generally be; and the more regard the will have to a man of fense

and learning. Here ended Mr. Reeves.

Mr. Walden was filent; yet farugfatisfied.

The conversation then took a more general turn, in which every one bore a

general turn, in which every one bore a part. Plays, fashion, dreft, and the publick entertainments, were the subjects. Miss Cantillon, who had till now fat a little uneasy, seemed resolved to make up for her silence; but did not shime at all where she thought herself most intitled to make a figure.

But Miss Clements really shone. Yet in the eye of some people, what advantages has folly in a pretty woman, over even wisdom in a plain one? Sir Hargrave was much more struck with the pert things fooken, without fear or wit, by Mifs Cantillon, than with the just observations that fell from the lips of Mil's Clements.

Mr. Walden made no great figure on these fashionable subjects; no, not on that of the plays: for he would needs force into convertation, with a preference to our Shakespeare, his Sophocles, his Euripides, his Terence; of the merits of whose performances, how great foever, no one present but Mr. Reeves and himself could judge,

except by translations.

Sir Hargrave spoke well on the subject of the reigning fathions, and on modern drefs, to much the foible of the

present age.

Lady Betty and Mrs. Reeves spoke very properly of the decency of drefs, and propriety of fashions, as well as of publick entertainments.

Miss Clements put in here also with advantage to herself.

Nor would Mr. Walden be excluded this topick. But as the observations he made on it went no deeper than what it was prefumed he might have had at fecond-hand, he made a

worfe figure here than he did on his more favourite subject. He was, however, heard, till he was for bringing in his Spartan Jacket, (I forget what he called it) defcending only to the knees of the women, in place of hoops; and the Roman Toga for the men.

Miss Barnevelt broke in upon the

scholar; but by way of approbation of what he said; and went on with subjects of heroism, without permit-ting him to rally and proceed, as he

feemed inclined to do.

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After praising what he had faid of the Spartan and Roman dresses, she fell to enumerating ber heroes, both ancient and modern. Achilles, the favage Achilles, charmed her. Hector, however, was a good clever man : yet she could not bear to think of his being fo mean as to beg for his life, though of her heroick Achilles. He deferved for it, the faid, to have his corple drag-ged round the Trojan walls at the wheels of the victor's chariot. Alexander the Great was her dear creature; and Julius Cæfar was a very pretty fellow.

These were Miss Barnevelt's ancient

heroes.

Among the moderns, the great Scanderbeg, our Henry V. Henry IV. of France, Charles XII. of Sweden, and the great Czar Peter, who my grandfather used to say was worth them

all, were her favourites.

All this while honest Mr. Singleton had a fmile at the service of every speaker, and a loud laugh always ready

at the baronet's.

Sir Hargrave seemed not a little pleased with the honest man's complaifance; and always directed himfelf to bim, when he was disposed to be

Laughing, you know, my dear, is almost as catching as gaping, be the subject ever so filly: and more than once he shewed by his eyes, that he could have decoured Miss Cantillon for generally adding her affected 'Te-he! (twitting and bridling behind her fan) to his louder, 'Hah, hah, hah !

What a length bave I rund How does this narrative letter-writing, if one is to enter into minute and characteristick descriptions and conversations, draw one on!—I will leave off for the present: yet have not quite difmissed the company (though I have done with the argument) that I thought to

have parted with before I concluded this letter.

But I know I shall please my uncle in the livelier parts of it, by the handle they will give him against his poor niece. My grandmother, and aunt Selby, will be pleased, and so will you, my Lucy, with all I write, for the writer's sake: such is their and your partial love to their and your evergrateful grateful in appear a law i

HARRIET. LEGROF SHEET

#### XIV. LETTER

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

BY the time tea was ready, Lady Betty whisperingly congratulated me on having made so considerable a conquest, as she was fure I had by Sir Hargrave's looks. She took notice also of a gallant ex-

and of the lotter of

pression of his, uttered, as the would have it, with an earnestness that gave it a meaning beyond a common com-pliment. My cousin Reeves had asked Miss Clements if the could commend to me an honest, modest man servant? I, faid Sir Hargrave, can; I my-felf shall be proud to wear Miss By-

felf shall be proud to wear Mile Byron's livery; and that for life.
Mile Cantillon, who was within
hearing of this, and had feemed to be
highly taken with the baronet, could
hardly let her eyes be civil to me; and
yet her really pretty mouth, occasionally,
worked itself into forced smiles, and an affectation of complaifance.

Sir Hargrave was extremely obfo-quious to me, all the tea-time, and emed in earnest a little uneasy is himfelf: and after tea he took my coufin Reeves into the next room; and there made your Harriet the subject of a sorious conversation; and defired his interest with me.

He prefaced his declaration to Mr. Reeves, with affuring him, that he had fought for an opportunity more than once to be admitted into my company, when he was laft at Northampton; and that he had not intruded himself then into this company, had he not heard I was to be there.

He made protestations of his honourews, which looked as if he able vi thought shey might be doubted, if he had not given such assurances: A ta-

cit implication of an imagined superiori-

ty, as well in confequence as fortune.

Mr. Reeves told him, it was a rule which all my relations had fet themfelves, not to interfere with my choice,
let it be placed on whom it would.
Sir Hargrave called himfelf a happy
man upon this intelligence.
He afterwards, on his return to com-

pany, found an opportunity, as the far-Reeves and I were talking at the far-ther part of the room, in very vehe-ment terms, to declare himself to me an admirer of perfections of his own creation; for he volubly enumerated any, found an opportunity, as Mrs. many; and begged my permission to pay his respects to me at Mr. Reeves's. Mr. Reeves, Sir Hargraye; faid I, will receive what visits he pleases

will receive what vifits he pieases in his own house. I have no per-

mission to give. He bowed, and made me'a very high compliment, taking what I faid for

What, Lucy, can a woman do with these felf-flatterers?

Mr. Walden took his leave; Sir Hargrave his: he wanted, I faw, to fpeak to me, at his departure; but I

Mr. Singleton feemed also inclined to go, but knew not how; and having lost the benefit of their example by his

irrefolution, fat down.

Lady Betty then repeated her con-gratulations. How many ladies, and the, and fine ladies too, have fighed in fecret for Sir Hargrave! You will have the glory, Mifs Byron, of fixing the wavering heart of a man who has done, and is expable of do-

ing, a great deal of mischief.'
The ladies, Madam, faid I, who can figh in secret for such a man as Sir Hargrave, must either deserve a great deal of pity, or none at all.'
Sir Hargrave, faid Miss Cantil-

lon, 'is a very fine gentleman; and to looked upon, I affure you: and he has a noble eftate.'

It is very happy, replied I, that we do not all of us like the fame person. I mean not to disparage Sir Hargrave; but I have compassion for the ladies who figh for him in fecret. One woman only can be his wife; and perhaps the will not be one of those who sign for him; especially were he to know that the does.

\* Perhaps not, replied Mife Can-

tillon: but I do affure you that I am not one of those who figh for Sir Hargrave. The ladies fmiled.

I am glad of it, Madam, faid I. Every woman should have her heart in her own keeping, till the can find a worthy man to beflow it upon.' Miss Barnevelt took a tilt in he-

" Well, ladies, faid the, "you may talk of love and love as much as you please; but it is my glory, that I never knew what love was. I, for my part, like a brave man, a gallant man; one in whose loud praise fame has cracked half a dozen trumpets. But as to your milk fops, your doughbaked lovers, who flay at home and first among the women, when glory is to be gained in the martial field;
I despife them with all my heart. I have often withed that the foolish heads of fuch fellows as these were cut off in time of war, and fent over to the heroes to fill their cannon with, when they butter in breach, by way of faving 4 ball.

I am afraid, faid Lady Betty, humouring this romantick speech, that " if the heads of fuch persons were as foft as we are apt fometimes to think them, they would be of as little fervice abroad as they are at home.

O, Madam, replied Mifs Barnevelt, there is a good deal of lead in the heads of these fellows. But were their brains, faid the flocking creature, 'if any they have, made to fly about the ears of an enemy, they would ferve both to blind and terrify

Even Mr. Singleton was affected with this horrid speech; for he clapt both his hands to his head, as if he were afraid of his brains.

Lady Betty was very preent with un to pass the evening with her; but we excused ourselves; and when we were in the coach, Mr. Reeves told me that I should find the baronet a very trou-blesome and resolute lover, if I did

not give him countenance."

And fo, Sir, faid I, 'you would have me do, as I have heard many a good woman bar done, marry a man, in order to get rid of his importunity? And a certain cure too, let me tell you, coulin, faid he, finiling.

We found at home, waiting for Mr. Reeves's return, Sir John Allestree: a worthy, sensible man, of plain and unaffected manners, upwards of fifty.

Mr. Reeves mentioning to him our past entertainment and company, Sir John gave us such an account of Sir Hargrave, as helped me not only in the character I have given of him, but let me know that he is a very dangerous and enterprizing man. He fays, that laughing and light as he is in company, he is malicious, ill-natured, and defigning; and flicks at nothing to carry a point on which he to carry a point on which he has once fet his heart. He has ruined, Sir John fays, three young creatures already,

under yows of marriage.

Sir John spoke of him as a managing man, as to his fortune: he said, that though he would, at times, be lavish in the pursuit of his pleasures; yet that he had fome narrownesses which made him despised, and that most by those for whose regard a good man would principally wish; his neigh-bours and tenants.

Could you have thought, my Lucy, that this laughing, fine-dreffing man, rould have been a man of malice; of resentment; of enterprize; a cruel man? Yet Sir John told two very bad stories of him, besides what I have mentioned, which prove him to be all I have faid.

But I had no need of these stories to determine me against receiving his addresses. What I law of him was fusheient; though Sir John made no man-ner of doubt (on being told by Mr. Reeves, in confidence, of his applica-tion to him for leave to vifit me) that he was quite in earnest; and, making me a compliment, added, that he knew Sir Hargrave was inclined to marry; and the more, as one half of his effate, on failure of iffue-male, would go at his death to a diffant relation whom he hated; but for no other reason than for admonishing him, when a school-boy, on his low and mischievous pranks.

ous pranks.

His estate, Sir John told my cousin, is full as considerable as reported. And Mr. Reeves, after Sir John went away, said, 'Whata glory will it be to you, Cousin Byron, to reform such a man, and make his great fortune a blessing to multitudes; as I am fure would

be your endeavour to do, were you Lady Pollexfen!

But, my Lucy, were Sir Hargrave king of one half of the globe, I would not go to the altar with him.

But if he be a very troubleforme man, what shall I fay to him? I can deal pretty well with those who will be kept at arms length; but I own, I should be very much perplexed with resotute wretches. The civility I think my-felf obliged to pay every one who pro-fesses a regard for me, might subject me to inconveniences with violent spiby my uncle Selby, and my good Mr. Deane, I never yet have known. O my Lucy, to what evils, but for that protection, might not I, a fole, an independent young woman, have been exposed! Since men, many men, are to be looked upon as favages, as wild beafts of the defart; and a fingle and independent woman they hunt after as

their proper prey.

To have done with Sir Hargrave for the prefent, and I wish I may be able to fay for ever; early in the morning a billet was brought from him to Mr. Reeves, exculing himself from pay-ing him a visit that morning, (as he had intended) by reason of the sudden and desperate illness of a relation, whose feat was near Reading, with whom he had large concerns, and who was defirous to fee him before he died. As it was impossible that he could return under three days, which, he faid, would appear as three years to him, and he was obliged to fet out that moment, he could not dispense with him-felf for putting in his claim, as he called it, to Miss Byron's favour, and confirming his declaration of yester-day. In very high strains, he professed himself her admirer; and begged Mr. and Mrs. Reeves's interest with her. One felicity, he faid, he hoped for from his absence, which was, that as Miss Byron, and Mr. and Mrs. Reeves. would have time to confider of his offers; he prefumed to hope he should not be subjected to a repulse.

And now, my Lucy, you have be-fore you as good in account as I can give you of my two new lovers.

How I thall manage with them, I know not a but I begin to think that

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those young women are happiest, whose friends take all the trouble of this fort upon them, only consulting their daughters inclinations as preliminaries are adjusting.

My friends, indeed, pay a high

My friends, indeed, pay a high compliment to my difference, when they so generously allow me to judge for myself; and we young women are fond of being our own mistresses. But I must say, that to me this compliment has been, and is, a painful one, for two reasons; That I cannot but consider their goodness as a task upon me, which requires my utmost circumspectually and that which requires my utmost circumspec-tion, as well as gratitude; and that they have shewn more generosity in dis-pening with their authority, than I have done whenever I have acted so as to appear, though but to appear, to accept of the dispensation. Let me add, besides, that now, when I find mylels likely to be addressed to by mere stran-gers, by men who grew not into my knowledge insensibly, as our neigh-bours Greville, Fenwick, and Orme, did; I cannot but, think it has the ap-pearance of considence, to stand out pearance of confidence, to fland out to receive, as a creature uncontroulable, the first motions to an address of this awful nature. Awful indeed might it be called, were one's heart to incline towards a particular person. 'Allow me, then, for the future, my

revered grandmamma, and you my be-loved and equally honoured uncle and aunt Selby, allow me, to refer myfelf to you, if any person offers to whom may happen to have no strong ob-ections. As to Mr. Fowler, and the arenet, I must nouv do as well as I can with them. It is much easier for a young woman to fay No, than Yes. But for the time to come I will not have the affurance to act for myfelf. I know your partiality for your Harriet too well, to doubt the merit of your re-

commendationed historical anticities

As Mr. and Mrs. Reeves require me to shew them what I write, they are fond of indulging me in the employment; you will, therefore, be the less surprized that I write so much in fo little a time, \* Miss Byron is in ber the this Ruce is averting in is an excuse sufficient, they from to think, to every hody, because they allow it to be one to theme, but, besides, I know the they believe they oblige you all by the Stone States

opportunity they so kindly give me of ing my duty and love where for justly due:

I am, however, surprized at casting y eye back. Two sheets? and such my eye back. a quantity before !- 'Unconscionable!' fay; and let me, echo-like, repeat, Unconscionable

HARRIET BYRON.

SUNDAY NIGHT. Letters from Northamptonshire, Farmer Jenkins! I kis the feals. What agreeable things now, has my Lucy to fay to her Harriet? Disagreeable ones she cannot write, if all my beloved friends are well.

## LETTER XV.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

A ND so my uncle Selby, you tell me, is making observations in writing, on my letters; and waits for nothing more to begin with me, than my conclusion of the converfations that offered at Lady Betty's.

And is it expected that I should

on furnishing weapons against myself?

It is.

Well, with all my heart. As long as I can contribute to his amusement; as long as my grandmamma is pleased and diverted with what I write, as well as with his pleafantries on her girl, I

will proceed.
Well, but will you not, my Harriet, methinks youalk, write with less openness, with more referve, in apprehension of the rod which you know hangs over your head?"

Indeed I will not. It is my glory, that I have not a thought in my heart which I would conceal from any one which I would conceal from any one whom at imported to know it, and who would be gratified by the revealing of it. And yet I am a little changing at the wager which you tell me my uncle has actually laid with my grandmamma, that I shall not return from London with a found heart.

And does he teaze you, my Lucy, on this subject, with reminding year of your young partiality for Captain

of your young partiality for Captain Duncan, in order to make good his affertion of the susceptibility of us all? Why, to let him. And why should

you

you deny, that you were susceptible of a natural passion? You must not be prudifh, Lucy. If you are not, all his raillery will lofe it's force.

What better affurance can I give to my uncle, and to all my friends, that if I were caught, I would own it, than by adviting you not to be affiamed to confess a fentibility which is no difgrace, when duty and prudence are our guides, and the object worthy?

Your man, indeed, was not worthy, as it proved; but he was a very specious creature; and you knew not his bad character, when you fuffered liking

to grow into love.

But when the love-fever was at the height, did you make any body uneasy with your passion? Did you run to the woods and groves, to record it on the barks of trees?—No!—You lighed in filence, indeed: but it was but for a fittle while. I got your fecret from you; not, however, till it betrayed itself in your pined countenance; and then the man's discovered unworthiness, and your own discretion, enabled you to conquer a passion to which you had given way, supposing it unconquerable, because you thought it querable, because you thought it would cost you pains to contend with

As to myfelf, you know I have hi-therto been on my guard. I have been careful ever to thut the door of my heart against the blind deity, the moment I could imagine him fetting his encroaching foot on the threshold, which I think liking may be called. Had he once gained entrance, perhaps I might have come off but simply.

But I hope I am in the less danger of falling in love with any man, as I can be civil and courteous to all. When a stream is sluiced off into several channels, there is the less fear that it will overflow it's banks. I really think I never thall be in love with any body, till duty directs inclination.

Excuse me, Lucy. I do now and: then, you know, get into a boatting humour. But then my punithment, as in most other cases, follows my fault: my uncle pulls me down, and thews me, that I am not half fo good as the reft of my friends think me.

You tell me, that Mr. Greville will be in Dondon in a very few days. can't help it. He pretends business,

intends to give himfelf a month's pleas fure in town, and to take his share of the publick entertainments. Well; fo let him. But I hope that I am not to be either his business or entertainment. After a civil neighbourly visit, or so, I hope I shall not be commented with

What happened once betwixt Mr. Fenwick and him, gave me pain enough; exposed me enough, sutely t A young woman, though without her own fault, made the occasion of a rencounter between two men of fortune, must be talked of too much for her own liking, or she must be a strange creature. What numbers of people has the unhappy rashoes of those two men brought to stare at me! And with what dishculty did my uncle and Mr. Deane bring them into so odd a compromise, as they at last came into, to torment me, as I may call it, by joint consent, notwithstanding all I could say to them; which was the only probable way, shocking creatures! to prevent murder. vent murder.

But, Lucy, what an odd thing is it in my uncle, to take hold of what I faid in one of my letters, that I had a good mind to give you a sketch of what I might suppose the company at Lady Betty's would say of your Har-riet, were each to write her character to their confidents or corresp as the has done theirs to your 12 24 d.

malice in my uncle's command; but I

To begin, then—Lady Betty, who owns the thinks favourably of me, I will suppose would write to her Lucy in fuch terms as thefe : but final I fup pose every one to be so happy as to have her Lucy?

d Mils Byron, of whom you have heard Mr. Reeves talk fo much, difcredits not, in the main, the characser he has given her. We mult af-

low a little, you know, for the fond-ness of relationship.

The girl has had a good educa-tion, and owes all her advantages to it. But it is a country and a bookish one; and that won't do every the for one of our fex, if my thin Poor thing! the never was in town before!—But the feems docile; and,

for a country girl, is tolerably gen-

teel . I think, therefore, I shall receive no diferedit by introducing her into the beau mo

Miss Clements, perhaps, agreeably the goodness of her kind heart, ould have written thus.

Miss Byron is an agreeable girl,
fhe has invited me to visit her; and I
hope I shall like her better and better. She has, one may see, kept
worthy persons company; and I dare
fay, will deserve the improvement
fine has gained by it. She is lively
and obliging: she is young, not
more than twenty; yet looks rather
younger, by reason of a country
bloom, which, however, misbecomes
her not; and gives a modelty to her
first appearance, that possesses one in
her favour. What a cast-away
would Miss Byron be, if knowing would Mifs Byron be, if knowing fo well, as the feems to know, what the duty of others is, the thould forget her own !"

Miss Cantillon would, perhaps, thus

There was Miss Harriet Byron, of Northamptonshire; a young wo-man in whose favour report has been very lavish. I can't say that I think her so very extraordinary; yet she is well enough for a country girl. But though I do not impute to her a very pert look, yet if she had not been set up for something beyond what she is, by all her friends, who, it feems, are excessively fond of her, the might have had a more humble opinion of herfelf than the feems to have when she is set a talking. She may, indeed, make a figure in a country affembly; but in the London world the must not be a little aukward, having never been here before.

· I take her to have a great deal of art. But to do her justice, she has no bad complexion; that, you know, is a striking advantage: but to me she has a babyish look, especially when she smiles; yet I suppose she has been told that her smiles become her, for the is always finiling-fo · like a simpleton, I was going to

Upon the whole, I fee nothing fo

err vide plot it i

engaging in her as to have made her the idol the is with every body-And what little beauty she has, it cannot laft. For my part, were I a man, the clear Brunette—But you will think I am praising myself.

Mifs Barnevelt would perhaps thus write to her Lucy-To ber Lucy-Upon my word I will not let her have a Lucy—the shall have a brother man to write to, not a woman, and he shall ave a fierce name.

We will suppose that she also had been describing the rest of the com-

Well, but my dear Bombardine, I am now to give you a description of Miss Byron. Tis the softest, gentlest, smiling rogue of a girl—
I protest, I could five or six times have kiffed her, for what the faid, and for the manner fhe fpoke infor the has been used to prate; a favoured child in her own family, one may easily see that. Yet so prettily loth to speak till spoken to!—Such a blushing little rogue!- Tis a dear girl! and I wished twenty times, as I is fat by her, that I had been a man for her sake. Upon my honour, Bombardino, I believe if I had, I should have caught her up, popt her under one of my arms, and run away with her.

Something like this, my Lucy, did Miss Barnevelt once say.

Having now difmissed the women, I come to Mr. Singleton, Mr. Walden, and Sir Hargrave.

Mr. Walden (himfelf a Pasquin) would thus perhaps have written to his Marforio.

The first lady, whom, as the greatest stranger, I shall take upon me to describe, is Misselfarriet Byron, of Northamptonshire. In her person, she is not disagreable; and most people think her pretty. But, what is prettines? Why, nevertheless, in a woman, prettiness ispretty: what other word can I fo fitly use of a person, who, though a little fightly, cannot be called a beauty? . I will

wrong in admiring modest women for the graces of their persons; but let them be modest; let them return the compliment, and revere us for our capaciousness of mind: and so they will, if they are brought up to know their own weakness, and that they are but domestick animals of a superior order. Even ignorance, let me tell you, my Marforio, is pretty in a woman. Humility is one of their principal graces. Women hardly ever set themselves to acquire the knowledge that is proper to men, but they neglect for it what more indispensably belongs to women. To have them come to their husbands, to their brothers, and even to their lovers, when they have a mind to know any thing out of their way, and beg to be instructed and informed, inspireth them with the becoming humility which I have touched upon, and giveth us importance with them.

and giveth us importance with them.
Indeed, my Marforio, there are
very few topicks that arise in conversation among men, upon which
women ought to open their lips.
Silence becomes them. Let them,
therefore, hear, wonder, and improve,
in filence. They are naturally contentious, and lovers of contradiction;
[Something like this Mr. Walden once
threw out: and you know who, my
Lucy—but I am afraid—has said as
much] and shall we qualify them to

much] 'and than we be disputants against ourselves?

'These resections, Marforio, are not foreign to my subject. This girl, this Harriet Byron, is applauded for a young woman of reading and observation. But there was another lady present, Miss Clements, who (if there be any merit to a woman in it) appeareth to me to excel her in the compass of her reading; and that upon the strength of her own diligence and abilities; which is not the case with this Miss Harriet; for she, truly, hath had some pains taken with her by her late grandsather; a man of erudition, who had his education among us. This old gentleman, I am told, took into his head, having no grandson, to give this girl a bookish turn: but he wisely stops at her mother-tongue; only giving her a smattering in French and Italian,

As I faw that the eyes of every

one were upon her, I was willing to hear what the had to fay for herfelf. Poor girl! the will fuffer, I doubt, for her speciousness. Yet I cannot say, all things considered, that the was very malapert: that quality is yet to come. She is young.

'I therefore trifled a little with her?'

I therefore trifled a little with here and went farther than I generally chuse to go with the reading species of women, in order to divert an inundation of nonsense and soppery, breaking in from one of the company; Sir Hargrave Pollexsen: of whom more anon.

You know, Marforio, that a man, when he is provoked to fight with an overgrown boy, hath every body against him: so hath a scholar who engageth on learned topicks with a woman. The sex must be slattered at the expence of truth. Many things are thought to be pretty from the mouth of a woman, which would be egregiously weak and filly proceeding from that of a man. His very eminence in learning, on such a contention, would tend only to exalt her, and depreciate himself. As the girl was every body's favourite, and as the baronet seemed to eye her with particular regard, I spared her. A man would not, you know, spoil a girl's fortune.'

But how, Lucy, shall I be able to tell you what I imagine Sir Hargrave would have written? Can I do it, if I place him in the light of a lover, and not either underdo his character as such, or incur the censure of vanity and conceit?

Well, but are you fure, Harriet," methinks my uncle asks, 'that the baronet is really and truly so egregiously smitten with you, as he presented he was?"

'Why, aye! that's the thing, Sir!'
'You girls are so apt to take in earnest the compliments made you by
'men!'—

And so we are. But our credulity, my dear Sir, is a greater proof of our innocence, than men's professions are of their sincerity. So, let losers speak, and winners laugh.

But let him be in jest, if he will. In jest or in earnest, Sir Hargrave must be extravagant, I ween, in love-speeches. And that I may not be thought wholly to decline this part of my task, I will

suppose him professing with Hudibras, after he has praised me beyond mea-fine, for graces of his own creation.

The fun shall now no more dispense.
His own, but Harrier's influence.
Where-e'er she treads, her feet shall set
The primrose and the violet:
All spices, persistes, and sweet powders,
Shall borrow from her breath their odours:
Worlds shall depend upon her eye,
And when she frowns upon them, die."

And what if I make him address me, by way of apolicophe, shall I say? (writing to his friend) in the following Arain? us provoked to n

My faith [my friend] is adamantine,
As chains of deftiny, I'll maintain;
True, as Apollo ever fooke,
Or oracle from heart of oak t

Then fine upon me but benignly,
With that one, and that other piginye:
The fun and day shall fooner part,

" Than love or you shake off my heart."

Well, but what, my Harriet, would honest Mr. Singleton have written, had he written about you?

Why thus, perhaps, my Lucy: and to his grandmother; for the is living.

We had rare fun at dinner; and

after dinner, my grandmother.
There was one Miss Barnevelt, a fine, tall, portly young lady.
There was Miss Clements; not

handsome, but very learned; and

who, as was easy to perceive, could hold a good argument on occa-

4 fion.

There was Miss Cantillon; as pret-ty a young lady as one would wish to behold in a funimer's day.
And there was one Miss Byron, a Northamptonshire lady, whom I

never faw before in my born days.

There was Mr. Walden, a most famous scholar. I thought him very entertaining; for he talked of learning, and such like things; which I did; because my want of knowing a little - Latin and Greek has made my understanding look less than other men's.
O my grandmother! what a wife man would the being able to talk
Latin and Greek have made me! And yet I thought that now and then Mr. Walden made too great a

fufs about his

But there was a rich and noble But there was a rich and noble baronet; richer than me, as they fay, a great deal; Sir Hargrave Pollexfun, if I spell his name right. A charming man 1 and charmingly dressed! And so many fine things he faid, and was so merry, and so facetious, that he did nothing but laugh, as a man may fay! And I was as merry as but to the full.

Why not? O my grandmother! What with the talk of the young country lady, that same Miss Byron, (for they put her upon talking a great deal;) what with the famous scholar; who, howwith the famous Icholar; who, however, being a learned man, could
not be so merry as as; what with
Sir Hargrave, (I could live and die
with Sir Hargrave; you never knew,
my grandmother, such a bright man
as Sir Hargrave;) and what with
one thing, and what with another,
we boxed it about, and had rare fun, as I told you So that when I got home, and went to bed, I did no-thing but dream of being in the fame, company, and three or four times waked myself with laughing.

There, Lucy!-Will this do for Mr. Singleton? It is not much out of character, I affure you.

MONDAT AFTERNOON. This knight, this Sir Rowland Meredith !- He is below, it feems; his nephew in his hand: Sir Rowland, my Sally tells me, in his gold button and button-hole coat, and full-buck-led wig; Mr. Fowler as fpruce as a bridegroom.—What shall I do with Sir Rowland?

I should be forry to displease the

good old man; yet how can I avoid it? Expect another letter next post: and so you will if I did not bid you; for have I miffed one yet? Adieu, my

H. B.

total drive notes

## LETTER XVI.

MISS BYRON, TO MISS SELBY.

MONDAY RIGHT, 7 PER, 6 and 7-CIR Rowland and his nephew, tea being not quite ready, fat down with my coufins; and the knight, leavfing Mr. Fowler little to fay, expagood qualities, and great passion for me, and on what he himself proposed to do for him in addition to his own fortune; that my cousing, knowing I liked not the gentlemen in our neigh-bourhood, and thought very indifferently of Sir Hargrave, were more than half inclined to promote the addresses of Mr. Fowler; and gave them both room to think fo.

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This favourable disposition set the two gentlemen up. They were impatient for tea, that they might see me.

By the time I had sealed up my let-

was ready; and I went down.

The knight, it feems, as foon as

they heard me coming, jogged Mr. Fowler, Nephew, faid he pointing to the door, fee what you can fay to the primrofe of your heart !-This is now the primrofe featon with us in Caermarthen, Mr. Reeves. Mr. Fowler, by a fretch of com-

plaifance, came to meet and introduce me to the company, though at home. The knight nodded his head after him, finiting; as if he had faid, Let my f nephew alone to galant the lady to her feat.

I was a little insprized at Mr. Fowder's approaching me the moment I appeared, and with his taking my hand, and conducting me to my feat with an air; not knowing how much

he had been raifed by the conversation that had passed. I curtised, and looked a little fillier than ordinary, I believe.

Your fervant, young lady, faid

the knight. Lovelier and lovelier, by mercy! How these blushes be-come that fweet face!—But, forgive me, Madam, it is not my intent to

dash your. Wrining, Miss Byron, all day? faid Mrs. Reeves. We have greatly fimified you from

My coufin feemed to fay this, on purpose to give me time to recover my-

I have blotted feveral facets of paer, faid I, and had just con-

"I hope, Madam,' faid the knight, leaning forward his whole body, and peering in my face under his bent

brows, that we have not been th

cause of hastening you down.' The I stared. But as he seemed not to mean any thing, I would not help him to a meaning by my own over-quicknefs

Mr. Fowler had done an extraordinary thing, and fat down, hemined. and faid nothing: looking, however, as if he was at a loss to know who ther he or his uncle was expected to

The cold weather was then the fub ject , and the two gentlemen rubl their hands, and drew nearer the fire, as if they were the colder for talking of it. Many heme passed between them; now the uncle looking on the nephew, now the nephew on the uncle at last they fell into talk of their new-built house at Chermarthen, and the furnishing of it.

They mentioned afterwards their genteel neighbourhood, and gave the characters of half a dozen people, of whom none profest but themselves ever heard; but all tending to shew how much they were valued by the best gentry in Caermarthenshire.

The knight then related a conversation that had once passed between him-felf and the late Lord Manfell, in which that nobleman had complimented him on an estate of a clear three thousand pounds a year, besides a good deal of ready cash, and with supposing that he would set up his aspiew, when at age, (for it was some years and as a livery (for it was some years ago) as a reprefentative for the county. And he re-pented the prudent answer he gave his lordship, disavowing such a delign, as no better than a gaming properfity, as he called it, which had ruined many a

This fort of talk, in which his ne-This fort of talk, in which his nephew could bear a part, (and, indeed, they had it all between them) held the tea-timer and then having given themselves the confequence they had feemed to intend, the knight, drawing his chair nearer to me, and winking to his nephew, who withdrew, began to fet forth to me the young gentleman's good qualities; to declare the passion he had for me; and to beging encouragement of so worthy, so proper, and so well-favoured a young man, who was to be favoured a young man, who was to be his fole heir; and for whom he would do fuch things, on my account, as dur-57G + 45

ng his life he would not do for any

other woman breathing.

There was no aniwering a discourse so ferious, with the air of levity which if was hardly possible to avoid assuming on the first visit of the knight.

I was vexed that I found myfelf almost as bashful, as filly, and as filent, as if I had thoughts of encouraging Mr. Fowler's addresses. My cousins seemed pleased with my bashfulness. The knight, I once thought, by the toste of his voice, and his hum, would have struck up a Welsh tune, and danced for its

for joy.
Shall I call in my kinfman, Ma-dam, to confirm all I have faid, and feet? My boy is bashful; but a little favour from that sweet countenance will make a man of him. Let me, let me call in my boy. I will go for him myfelf; and was going.

Let me fay one word, Sir Rowland before Mr. Fowler comes in-before you speak to him—You have explained yourself unexceptionably. I am obliged to you and Mr. Fowler for your good opinion: but this can

never be.

How, Madam? Can never be!—I will allow that you shall take time for half a dozen visits, or so, that you may be able to judge of my nephew's qualities and understanding, and be convinced from his own mouth, and heart, and foul, as I may say, of his love for you. No need of time for him. He, poor man! is fixed, imbim. He, poor man! is fixed, im-moveably fixed: but fay you will take a week's time, or so, to consider what you can do, what you will doand that's all I at present crave, or, indeed, Madam, can allow you.

I cannot doubt now, Sir Rowland, of what my mind will be a week hence

as to this matter.'

How, Madam!—Why, we are all in the fuds then!—Why, Mr. Reeves, Mrs. Reeves!—Whew! with a half-whiftle—'Why, Madam, we shall at this rate be all unrevised! But,' (after a pause) by mercy I will not be thus answered!—Why, Madam, would you have the conscience to break my poor boy's heart!—Come, be as gracious as you look to be—
Give me your hand!—[He fnatched my hand; in respect to his years, I with drew it not] 'and give my boy your

heart—Sweet fould Such fenfible, fuch good-natured mantlings!—Why you can't be cruel if you would!—Dear lady! fay you will take a little time to confider of this matter; don't repeat those cruel words, "It can never be."—What have you to object

to my boy? Mr. Fowler, both by character and appearance, Sir Rowland, is a worthy man. He is a modest man; and mo-

desty-Well, and so he is-Mercy! I was afraid that his modely would be an ection-

It cannot, Sir Rowland, with a a modest woman. I love, I revere, 2 modelt man: but, indeed, I cannot figive hope, where I mean not to en-

courage any Surage any.

Your objection, Madam, to my nephew?—You must have seen something in him you dislike.

I do not easily dis-like, Sir; but then I do not easily like: and I never will

marry any man, to whom I cannot be more than indifferent.

Why, Madam, he adores you-

That, Sir, is an objection, unless I could return his love. My gratitude

would be endangered.'
Excellent notions!-With these notions, Madam, you could not be ungrateful.

That, Sir, is a rifk I will never run How many bad wives are there, who would have been good ones, had they not married either to their diffike, or with indifference? Good beginnings, Sir Rowland, are necessary to good

progresses, and to happy conclusions.

Why so they are. But beginnings that are not bad with good people, will make no bad progresses, no bad will make no bad progre 6 conclutions

No bad is not good, Sir Rowland; and in such a world as this, shall and in such a world as this, shall people lay themselves open to the danger of acting contrary to their duty? Shall they fuffer themselves to be bribed, either by conveniences, or superfluities, to give their hands, and leave their hearts doubtful or indifferent? It would not be honest to do fo.

'You told me, Madam, the first time I had the honour to fee you, that you f were absolutely and bona fide difengaged-

Then, Madam, we will not take your denial. We will persevere. We will not be discouraged. What a deuce! Have I not heard it said, that faint

heart never won fair lady?

I never would give an absolute denial, Sir, were I to have the least
doubt of my mind. If I could balance, I would consult my friends,
and refer to them, and their opinion should have due weight with me. But for your nephew's fake, Sir Rowland, while his efteem for me is young and conquerable, urge not this matter farther. I would not give pain to a worthy heart.

As I hope for mercy, Madam, fo well do I like your notions, that if you will be my niece, and let me but converse with you once a day, I will be content with one hundred pounds a year, and settle upon you all I have

in the world.

His eyes gliftened; his face glowed; an honest earnestness appeared in his countenance.

' Generous man! Good Sir Row-land!' faid I. I was affected. I was forced to withdraw.

I foon returned, and found Sir Rowland, his handkerchief in his hand, applying very earnestly to my coulins: and they were so much affected too, that on his resuming the subject to me, they could not help putting in a word or two on his side of the question.

Sir Rowland then proposed to call in his nephew, that he might speak for himself. My boy may be over-awed bylove, Madam; true love is always fairful, yet he is no milksop; I do affure you. To men he has courage. How he will behave to you, Madam, I know not; for, really, notwithflanding that fweetness of aspect, which I should have thought would have led one to fay what one would to you, (in modelty I mean) I have a kind of I cannot-tell-what for you myself. Reverence it is not neither, I think-I only reverence my Maker—and yet I believe it is. Why,
Madam, your face is one of God
Almighty's wonders in a little compast |- Pardon me-You may blush But be gracious now ! - Don't shew f us, that, with a face fo encouragingly sender, you have a hard heart,

O, Sir Rowland, you are an excellent advocate; but pray tell Mr. Fowler-

I will call him in- and was

rifing.

No, don't. But tell Mr. Fowler,
that I regard him on a double account; for his own worth's fake,
and for his uncle's: but fubject me not, I once more entreat you, to the pain of repulling a worthy man. I repeat, that I am under obligation to him for the value he has for me : I shall be under more, if he will accept of my thanks, as all I have to return.

My dear Mils Byron,' faid Mr. Reeves, 'oblige Sir Rowland fo far, as to take a little time to confider-God bless you on earth and in heaven, Mr. Reeves, for this! You are a good man—Why, aye, take a little time to consider—God bless you, Madam, take a little time. Say you will confider. You know not what a man of understanding my nephew is. Why, Madam, modest as he is, and awed by his love for you, he cannot shew half the good sense he is mafter of.'

' Modest men must have merit, Sir. But how can you, Mr. Reeves, make a difficult talk more difficult? And yet all is from the goodness of your heart. You see Sir Rowland thinks me cruel: I have no cruelty in my nature. I love to oblige, I wish to match you in generofity, Sir Row-land—Ask me for any thing but my-felf, and I will endeavour to oblige

'Admirable, by Mercy! Why, every thing you say, instead of making me desist, induces me to persevere. There is no yielding up fuch a prize, if one can obtain it. Tell me, Mr. Reeves, where there is fuch another woman to be had, and we may give up Miss Byron: but I hope she will consider of it—Pray, Madam—But I will call in my nephew. And out he went in hafte, as if he were afraid of being again forbidden.

Meantime my coulins put it to me— But before I could answer them, the knight, followed by his nephew, returned.

Mr. Fowler entered, bowing in the most respectful manner. He looked much more dejected than when he approached me at my first coming down. His uncle had given him a hint of what had passed between us.

Mr. Fowler and I had but just fat down, when the knight faid to Mr. Reeves, (but took him not by the button, as in his first visit) One word with you, Sir—Mr. Reeves, one word

with you, Sir—Mr. Reeves, one word with you, if you pleafe. They withdrew together, and prefeutly after Mrs. Reeves went out at the other door; and I was left alone with Mr. Fewler.

of We both fat filent for about three or four minutes. I thought I ought not to begin; Mr. Fowler knew not how. He drew his chain nearer to men then fat a little farther off; then drew a little mearer again; throked his ruffles, and hadmed two or three times; and at last, ! You cannot, Madam, burrobferve my confusion, my concern, my, my, my confusion, my concern, my, my, my confusion.—It is owing to my reverence, my respect, my rever
rence, for you—hem!—He gave two gentle hems, and was filent.

I could not enjoy the modelt man's sukwardness—Every feature of his face working, his hands and his knees trembling, and his tongue faultering, how barbarous had I been, if I could.

O Lucy, what a diffuralifier is love, if such agitations as their are the natural effects of that passion!

Sir Rowland has been acquainting me. Sir, faid it, with the good opinion you have of me. I my very much obliged to you for it. I have been telling Sir Rowland.

Ah, Madam! Say not what you have been telling Sir Rowland: he has hinted it to me. I muft, indeed, confeis my unworthines; yet I can't not forbear aspiring to your favour. Who that knows what will make him the happiess of men, however unworthy he may be, can forbear seeking his happiness? I can only say, I am the most miserable of men, if-

Good Mr. Fowler, interrupted I, indulge not a hope that cannot be answered. I will not pretend to fay, that I should not ment your esteem, if I could return it; because, to whomsoever I should give my hand, I would make it a point of duty to deserve his affection; but for that wery reason, and that I may have no

temptation to do otherwise, I must be convinced in my own mind that there is not a man in the world whom I could value more than him I chose. He fighed f I was affired, Madam, faid he, that your heart was absolutely disengaged: on that affirence I founded my presumptions hope.

And so it is, Mr. Fowler. I have to never seen a man whom I could wish to marry. I have all a wed broth?

Then, Madam, may I not hope, that time, that my affiduities, that my profound reverence, my unboundered love—

O, Mr. Fowler, think me not cither infentible or ingrateful. But time, I am dure, can make no alteration in this case. I can only effect you, and that from a motive which I think has selfithness in it, because you have shown a regard for me.

dam; it is amiable gratitude. And if all the fervices of my life, if all the adoration—

I have a very indifferent notion of fudden impressions; Mr. Fowler: but I will not question the sincerity of a man I think so worthy. Sire Rowland has been very urgent with me: he has wished me to take time to consider. I have told him I round, if I could doubt; but that I cannot. For your own false, therefore, let me entreat you to place your affections elsewhere. And may you place them happily!

You have, Madam, I am afraid, feen men whom you could prefer to me?

Our acquaintance, Mr. Powler, is very thorts it would be no won'der if I had. Yet I told you truly that I never yet faw a man whom I could with to marry.

He looked down, and fighed.

But, Mr. Fowler, to be fill more frank and explicit with you, as I think you a very worthy man; I will own, that were any of the gentlemen I have hitherto known, to be my lot, it must be, I think, in compassion, (in gratitude, I had almost faid) one (who nevertheless it cannot be) who has professed a love for me ever fince I was a child. A man of honour, of virtue, of modesty; such a man

- as I believe Mr. Fowler is. His fortune, indeed, is not to confiderable as Sir Rowland fays yours will be but, Sir, as there is no other reason, on the comparison, why I should prefer Mr. Fowler to him, I should think the worse of myself as long as I lived, if I gave a preference over fuch a tried affection to fortune only. And now, Sir, I expect that you will make a generous use of my frankness, lest the gentleman, if you fould know him, may hear of it.
And this I request for bis sake, as I think I never can be his; as for yours

. I have been thus explicit.'

I can only fay, that I am the most miserable of men!—But will you, Madam, give me leave to vifit Mr. Reeves now and then?

Not on my account, Mr. Fowler. Understand it so; and if you see me, let it be with indifference, and with-

out expectation from me; and I shall always behave myfelf to you, as to a man who has obliged me by his good

í.

out his handkerchief—I pitied him.

But let me alk all you, my friends, who love Mr. Orme, was I wrong? I think I never could love Mr. Fowler, as a wife ought to do her husband— May he meet with a worthy woman who can! And furely so good, so mo-dest a man, and of such an ample fortune, eafily may: while it may be my lot, if ever I marry, to be the wife of a man, with whom I may not be fo happy, as either Mr. Orme or Mr. Fowler would probably make me, could I prevail upon myself to be the wife of either.

O my uncle! often do I reflect on your mercer's shop.

Mr. Fowler arofe, and walked difconsolately about the room, and often profoundly; and, I believe, (not Gre-ville-like) incerely, fighed. His mo-tion soon brought in the knight and Mr. Reeves at one door, and Mrs.

Reeves at the other. Well! What news? what news?
—Good, I hope! faid the knight,
with fpread hands. Ah—my poor
boy! Thus alamort! Surely, Ma-

· dam-There he stopt, and looked wiftfully. at me; then at my coufins- Mr. Reeves, Mrs. Reeves, speak a good

word for my boy. The heart that belongs to that countenance cannot be adamant, furely.-Dear young ' lady, let your power be equalled by

your mercy. Mr. Fowler, Sir Rowland, has too much generofity to upbraid me; I dare fay. Nor will you think me either perverse or ungenerous, when he tells you what has palled between

Have you given him hope, then? God grantit, though but diffant hope? Have you faid you will confider-

O, Sir,' interrupted T, ' how good you are to your nephew! How wor-thily is your love placed on him? What a proof is it of bis merit, and of the goodness of your heart!—I fall always have an esteem for you both!—Your excuse, Sir Rowlands
yours, Mr. Fowler. Be so good as to allow me to withdraw."

I retired to my own apartment, and throwing myfelf into a chair, reflected on what had passed; and after a while recollected myself to begin to write it

down for you.

As foon as I had withdrawn, Mr. Fowler, with a forrowful heart, as my faid to him.

Mr. Reeves was fo good as to praise me for what he called my generofity to Mr. Orme, as well as for my frankness and civility to Mr. Fowler.

That was the deuce of it, Sir Row land faid, that were they to have no re-medy, they could not find any fault in me to comfort themselves with.

They put it over and over to my counot prevail with me to change my mind? And whether an application to my friends in the country might not, on fetting every thing fairly before them, be of fervice? But Mr. Reeves told them, that now I had opened fo freely my mind, and had spoken to unexpectedly, yet so gratefully, in favour of Mr. Orme, he feared there could be no hopes.

However, both gentlemen, at tak-ing leave, recommended themselves to Mr. and Mrs. Reeves for their inte-rests; and the knight vowed that I should not come off so easily.

So much, and adieu, my Lucy, for

the addresses of worthy Mr. Fowler. Pray, however, for your Harriet, that the may not draw a worse lot.

TUESDAY MORNING.

AT a private concert last night with my coufins and Mifs Clemefits; and again to be at a play this night: I shall be a racketer, I doubt.

Mr. Fowler called here this morning. Mrs. Reeves and I were out on a vifit. But Mr. Reeves was at home, and they had a good deal of discourse about me. The worthy man spoke so despairingly of his success with me, that I hope; for his own sake, I shall hear no more of his addresses; and with the more reason, as Sir Rowland will in a few days fet out for Caermarthen.

Sir Rowland called afterwards but Mr. Reeves was abroad; and Mrs. Reeves and I were gone to Ludgate Hill, to buy a gown, which is to be made up in all hafte, that I may the more fashionably attend Lady Betty Williams to some of the publick envagant: but it is partly my cousin's fault. I send you inclosed a pattern of my silk. I thought we were high in the fashion in Northamptonshire; but all my cloaths are altering, that I

may not look frightful, as the phrase is.

But shall I as easily get rid of the baronet, think you, as I hope I have of Mr. Fowler? He is come to town, and, by his own invitation, (in a tard to Mr. Reeves) is to be here to-morgetting out of the way? He will fee me at another time; and I shall in-crease my own difficulties and his consequence, if he thinks I am afraid

of him.

#### LETTER XVII.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT. CIR Hargrave came before fix o'clock. He was richly dreffed. He asked for my cousin Reeves. I was in my closet writing. He was not likely to be the better received for the character Sir John Allestree gave of him. He excused himself for coming so

early on the fcore of his impatience,

and that he might have a little dif-course with them, if I should be en-

Was I within I was .- Thank Heaven !- I was ver

Heaven !- I was very good.

So he feemed to imagine that I was at home, in compliment to him.

Shall I give you, from my coufins, an account of the conversation before I went down? You know Mrs. Reeves is a nice observer.

He had had, he told my coufins, a most uneasy time of it, ever since he saw me. The devil fetch him, if he had had one hour's rest. He never saw a woman before whom he could love as he loved me. By his soul, he had no view, but what was strictly ho-

He fometimes fat down, fometimes walked about the room, firutting, and now and then adjusting something in his dress that nobody else saw wanted it. He gloried in the happy prospects before him: not but he knew I had a little army of admirers; but as none of them had met encouragement from me, he hoped there was room for him to flatter himself that be might be the happy, man. man.

'I told you, Mr. Reeves,' faid he, that I will give you carte blanche as to fettlements. What I do for fo prudent a woman, will be doing for myself. I am not used, Mr. Reeves, to boast of my fortune. [Then, it feems he went up to the glass, as if his person could not fail of being an additional recommendation; hut I onal recommendation;] but I will lay before you, or before any of Miss Byron's friends, (Mr. Deane, if she pleases—) my rent-rolls. There never was a better-conditioned effate. She shall live in town, or in the country, as she thinks sit; and, in the latter, at which of my seats she pleases. I know I shall have no will but hers. I doubt not your friendship.—Mrs. Reeves, I hope for yours, Madam. I shall have great pleasure in the alliance I have in view with every individual of your family. As if he would fatisfy them of his friendship, in the near relation, as the only matter that could bear a doubt.

Then he ran on upon the part I bore in the conversation at Lady Betty Williams's—By his soul, only the wifest, the wittiest, the most gracefully mo-

delt of women—that was all—Then, Ha, ha, ha, hah, poor Walden I what a filly fellow! He had caught a Tar-Ha, ha, ha, hah, poor Walden! what a filly fellow! He had caught a Tartar! Ha, ha, ha, ha, hah—Shaking his head and gay fides! devil take him if he ever faw a prig fo fairly taken in! —but I was a fly little rogue!—He faw that—By all that a good, I must inyself fing jutal! in her company!—I will never meet at hard-edge with her—If I did—(and yet I have been thought to carry a good one) I should be confoundedly gapped, I can feet that; [alluding to two knives, I suppose, gapping each other; and winking with one eye! and, at Mrs. Reeves described him, looking as wife as if he would make a compliment to his head-tration, at the expense of his under-standing.] But, continued he, as a woman is more a husband's than a man is a wife's, [Have all the men this percogative notion, Lucy? You know it is a better man's.] I shall have this prerogative notion, Lucy? You know it is a better man's.] I shall have a pride worth boasting of, if I can call such a jewel mine. Poor Walden! Fuch a jewel mine. Foor watter in the fellow!—I warrant he would not have so knowing a wife for the world—Ha, ha, ha, hah! He is right: it is certainly right for such narrow pedants to be afraid of learned women!—Methinks, I see the fellow, conjurer-like, circumscribed in a parrow circle, putting into in a narrow circle, putting into Greek what was better expressed in English; and forbidding every one's approach within the distance of his wand ! Hah, hah, hah !-- Let me die, if ever I faw a tragi-comical fellow better handled!—Then the faces he made—Saw you ever, Mr. Reeves, faw you ever in your life, fuch a par-cel of difaffrous faces made by one

2

Thus did Sir Hargrave laughingly run on: nor left he hardly any thing for my coufins to fay, or to do, but to laugh with him, and to finile at him.

On a message that ten was near ready, I went down. On my entering the room, he addressed me with an air of kindness and freedom. 'Charming Miss Byron!' faid he, 'I hope you are all benignity and compassion You know not what I have suffer fine I had the honour to see you last!'
bowing very low; then rearing himself up, holding back his head; and
seemed the taller for having bowed.

Handsome fop!' thought I to my-

felf. I took my feat, and endeavoured to look eafy and free, as usual; finding fomething to fay to my cousins, and to him. He begged that tea might be postponed for half an hour, and that, before the fervants were admitted, I would hear him relate the substance of the conversation that had passed between him and Mr. and Mrs.

Reeves.

Had not Sir Hargrave intended me an honour, and had he not a very high opinion of the efficacy of eight thougand pounds a year in an address of this kind, I dare fay, he would have supposed a little more prefacing necessary, but, after he had told me, in few words, how much he was attracted by my character before he saw me, he thought sit directly to refer himself to the declaration he had made at Lady Betty Williams's, both to Mr. Reeves Betty Williams's, both to Mr. Reeves and myfelf; and then talked of large fettlements; boulted of his violent pai-fion; and befought my favour with the utmost earnestness.

I would have played a little female-trifling upon him, and affected to take his professions only for polite raillery, which men call making love to young women, who perhaps are frequently but too willing to take in earnest what the wretches mean but in jeft; but the fervour with which he renewed (as he called it) his declaration, admitted not of fooling; and yet his webbility might have made questionable the fineerity of his declarations. As, therefore, I could not think of encouraging his addresses, I thought it best to answer him with openness and unreserve.

'To feem to question the fincerity of fuch professions as you make, 9ir Hargrave, might appear to you as if I wanted to be affured; but be pleafed to know, that you are directing your discourse to one of the plainest-hearted women in England; and you may therefore expect from me nothing but the simplest truth. I thank you, Sir, for your good opinion of me; but I cannot encourage your addreffes.

My address And express yourself to feriously? Good Heaven! [He throadly? Good Heaven! He flood filent a minute or two, looking upon me, and upon himfelf, as if he had faid, 'Foolish girl! knows the whom the refuses?' I 'I have been af50

fored, Madain, recovering a little from his forprise, that your affice those are not engaged. But, forely, the mast be a mittake: force happy

feit, interspied I, a neoff. tenfequence, that the wissen Mississipple of Siringson Policeien, must be en-

Alately disagreeable either in version or temper; of femerank in life... He miss ; then resuming... What, Mudam, if you are so much in carnest so you seem, can be your objection? Be logged as to name it, that I mayknow, whether I cannot be so happy as so get over it Marera

We do not, we cannot, all like the fame perion. Women, I have heard fay, are very capticious. Perhaps I am fo. But there is a fomething (we cannot always fay what) that attracts

or difgafte us. Difguft: ! Mile

fay, mineteen women out of twenty would think themselves favoured in the addresses of Sir Hargrave Pol-Lexfen.

But you, Madam, are the twen-tieth that I must love; and be so good as to let me know...

Pray, Sir, ask me not a reason for a preclarity. Do you not yourself these a pocularity in making me the twentieth?

Your merit, Madam-

It would be vanity in me, Sir, interrupted I, to allow a force to that plea. You, Sir, may have more merit, than perhaps the man I may happen to approve of better; but—ball I fay? (Parden me, Sir) You do not—you do not, heftated I, thit my fancy

Pardon me, Sin.

If pardon depends upon my breath,
let me die if I do! Not bit your fan-

ey, Madam! [And then he looked upon himfelf all round] Not hit your fairney, Madam! I told you, Sir, that you must not expect any thing from me but the simplest truth. You do me and in honour in your good opinion; and if

my own heart were not, in this cafe, a very determined one, I would answer you with more politereds. But, Sir, on such an occasion as this, I think it would not be knownable, it would not be just, to keep a man in an hour s fuspinite, when I am in none myfelf, P

And are you, then, (angrily) for determined, Mife Byron?

I am, Sir.

Confound me!—And yet I am enough confounded—But I will not take an answer to contrary to my hope. Tell ine, Madam, by the fincerity which you boalt roue you not engaged in your affection! I share not fone one happy man, whom you prefer to all men?

I am a free person, Sir Hargrave. It is no impeachment of fincerity, if a free person answers not every question that may be put to her, by those to whom the is not accountable.

able.

Nery true, Madam. But as it is no improchance of your freedom to answer this question either negatively or affirmatively, and as you glory in your frankness, let me befeech you to answerit; are you, Madam, or are you not, disengaged in your affections?

Excuse me, Sie Hangrave, I don't think you are entitled to an answer to this question. Nor, perhaps, would you be determined by the answer I should make to it, whether negative or affirmative.

or affirmative.
Give me leave to fay, Madam, that
I have fome little knowledge of Mr.
Fenwick and Mr. Greville, and of Fenwick and Mr. Greville, and of their addresses. They have both owned, that as hopes have you given them; yet declare that they will hope. Have you, Madam, been as explicit to them, as you are to me?

I have, Sir.

Then they are not the men I have to fear—Mr. Orme, Madam—

Is a good man, Sir.

Ah, Madam!—But why then will you not say that you are engaged?

To If I own I am, perhaps at will not await me: it will thill much less, if I say I am not.

Aveil you! dear Mill Byton! I have pride; Madam. If I had not a hould not affire to your favour! but give me heave to lay, [and he had not peddened

eddened with anger ] that my fortune, my descent, and my ardent affection for you, confidered, it may not differ avail you. Your relations will at least think so, if I may have the honour of your consent for applying to them. May your fortune, Sie Hargave, be a blelling to you. It will, in proportion as you do good with it. But were it swice as much, that along would have no charms for me. My duties would be increased with my power. My fortune is an humble one; but were it less, it would satisfy my ambition while I am single; and if I marry, I shall not defire to live beyond the estate of the man I chuse.

be mine. Every word you fpeak adds a rivet to my chains.

Then, Sir, let us fay no more upon

this subject.

He then laid a title to my gratitud

from the pation he avowed for me.

That was very poor plea, Sir, faid I,
as you yourself would think, I believe, were one of our fex, whom you
could not like, to claim a return of
love from you upon it.

You are too refined, furely, Ma-

0 1

O đ

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at of

th SII,

dam.

\*Refined I' [what meant the man by
the word in this place?]
\*I believe, Sir, we differ very widely
in many of our fentiments.

\*We will not differ in one, Madam,

when I know yours; fuch is the opi-nion I have of your prudence, that I will adopt them, and make them my

This may be faid, Sir; but there is hardly a man in the world that, faying it, would keep his word; nor

But you will allow of my vifits to
your cooles, Madam?
Not on my account, Sir.
You will not withdraw if I come?

You will not refule feeing me?

As you will be no viluer of mine,
I must be allowed to act accordingly.

Had I the least thought of encou-raging your address. I would deal with you as openly as is confident with my notions of modesty and de-

Perhaps, Madam, from my gay behaviour at Lady Betty Williams's,

have doubts of my incerity. You question my honour.
That, Sir, would be to injure my-

felf.

Your objections, then, dear Madam?
Give me, I beforeh you, fome one material objection.

Why, Sir, should you urge me thus?—When I have no doubt, it is unnecessary to look into my own mind for the particular reasons that move me todisapprove of the addresses of a gentleman whose protessions of regard for me, notwithstanding, intelled in the him to civility and acknowledge ment.

By my foul, Madam, this is very

" The scales why, I cannot tell "
But I don't like thee, Dr. Fell."

Such, Madam, feem to me to be your

reasons.

You are very pleasant; Sir. But
let me say, that if you are in earnest
in your professions, you could not
have quoted any thing more against
you than these humourous liness
since a difflike of such a nature as is
implied by them, must be a difflike
ariling from something resembling a
natural aversion; whether just or not
is little to the purpose.

I was not aware of that, replied

' I was not aware of that,' replied he: 'but I hope yours to me is not

fuch a one."

' Excuse me, cousin, faid I, turning to Mrs. Reeves: ' but I believe. I have talked away the tea-time.

' I think not of tea, ' faid se.

' Hang tea,' faid Mr. Reeves.

' The devil sy away with the tea-test,' faid Sir Hargrave; ' let it upt have entrance here, till I have faid what I have farther to say. And let me tell you, Miss Byron, that though you may not have a dying though you may not have a dying lover, you shall have a resolute one; for I will not cease pursuing you till you are mine, or till you are the wife of some other man.

He spoke this fiercely, and even rudely. I was disgusted as much at his manner as with his words.

I cannot, replied I, but congratulate myself on one felicity, since

i I cannot, replied I, but a gratulate myself on one felicity, fince I have been in your company, Sir; and

and that is, that in this whole convertation (and I think it much too long) I have not one thing to reproach myfelf with, or be forry for.

Your leavant, Madam, bowing but I am of the contrary opinion.

By Heaven, Madam! [with anger, and an air of infolence] I think you have pride, Madam.

Pride, Sir!

Cruelty.

Cruelty.

Ingratitude, Madam.

I thought it was flaying to be infulted. All that Sir John Allestree had faid of him came into my head.

Hold, Sir, (for he steemed to be going on) pride, cruelty, ingratitude, are crimes black enough. If you think I am guilty of them, excuse the madal in the sure of the sur think I am guilty of them, excuse me that I retire for the benefit of recollection— And, making a low curriey, I withdrew in halte. He befought me to return; and followed

He shewed bis pride, and his ill-nature too, before my cousins, when I was gone. He bit his lip; he walked about the room: then sitting down, he lamented, defended, accused, and re-defended himself; and yet belought their interest with me.

He was greatly disturbed, he owned, that with such honourable intentions, with so much rower to make me happy, and sich a with to do so, he should by, and sich a with to do so, he should

py, and sich a wife to do so, he should be refused; and this without my af-

figning one reason for it.

And my cousins (to whom he again referred on that head) answering him, that they believed me disengaged in my affections—— D— him, he said, if he could account, then, for my beha-

viour to him.

who, (if any) he faid, was the man I favoured. I had atknowledged, that neither Greville nor Fenwick were. My proud repulse had stung him, he owned. He begged that they would fend for me down in their names.

They liked not the humour he seemed to be in well enough to comply with his request; and he sent up in his own

But I returned my compliments; I was bufy in writing a land fo I was fo you, my Lucyl I hoped Sir Hargrave and my couling would excuse me. put thim in to foften my refufal.

This will more displeased him. He

This till more displeased him. He besought their pardon; but he would haven me like a ghost. In spite of man and devil, I should be his, he had the presumption to repeat; and went away with a flaming face.

Don't you think, my dear, that my cousin Reeves was a little too mild in his own house; as I am under his guardianship? But perhaps he was the more patient for that very reason; and he is one of the best-natured men in England. And then Socol, a year!

Yet why should a man of my cousin's independent fortune—But grandeur will have it's charms!

Thus did Sir Hargrave confirm all that Sir John Allestree had said of his bad qualities; and I think I am more assaid of him than ever I was of any man before. I remember, that milestrees is one of the bad qualities Sir John attributed to him: and revengenties one is one of the bad qualities Sir John attributed to him: and revengenties another. Should I ever see him again on the same errand, I will be smore explicit, as to my being absolutely disengaged in my affections, if I can be so without giving him hope, less he should do private mishies to some one on my account. Upon my word, I would not, of all the men I have ever seen, be the wife of Sir Haringrave Pollexsen. have ever feen, be the wife of Sir Hargrave Pollexfen.

And so much for this first vist of

his. I wish his pride may be enough piqued to make it the last.

But could you have thought he would have shown himself so from !—Yet, he had paraded so much, before I went down, to my cousins, and so little expected a direct and determined repulse. pected a direct and determined repulse, that a man of his self-consequence might, perhaps, be allowed to be the more easily piqued by it.

Lady Betty has sent us notice, that on Thursday next there will be a ball

cat the Opera House in the Hay Market. My coufins are to chuse what they will be; but she infifts, that my drefs shall be left to her. I am not to know what it is to be, till the day before, or the very day. If I like it not, she will not put me to any ex-

pence about it.
You will eafily imagine, upon fuch
an alternative, I shall approve of it,
be it what it will. I have only requested, that I may not be fo remarkably dreffed, as to attract the eyes of the company : if I am, I thall not be-

have with any tolerable presence of mind. The suffer full traces are the

#### the section can disting the party LETTER XVIII.

MISS BYRON. UN CONTINUATION.

PRIDAY, PER TO. ONE of Mr. Greville's fervants has just been here with his matter's compliments. So the wretch is come to town. I believe I shall foon be able to oblige him: he wishes, you know, to provoke me to fay, I bate him.

Surely, I draw inconveniences upon mytelf, by being so willing to pay civility for efteen. Yet, it is in my nature to do so and I cannot help it.

nature to do fo, and I cannot help it, without committing a kind of violence on my temper. There is no merit, therefore, in my behaviour on fuch occasions. Very pretty self-deception? I study my own ease, and (before I consider) am ready to call myself patient, and good-humoured, and civil, and to attribute to myself I know not how many kind and complaifant things; when I ought, in modelty, to diffurguish between the wirtue and the necef-

I pever was uncivil, as I call it, but to one young gentleman; a man of quality, (you know who I mean;) and that was, because he wanted me to keep fecret his addresses to me, for family considerations. The young woman who engages to keep her lover's secrets in this particular, is often brought into a plot against herself, and oftener still against those to whom she owes unre-derved honour and duty: and is not fuch a conductible an indirect confes-fion, that you know you are engaging in something wrong and unworthy? Mr. Greville's arrival vexes me. I

fuppose it will not be long before Mr. Fenwick comes too. I have a good mind to try to like the modest Mr. Orme the better, in spite.

I SHALL have nothing to trouble you with, I think, but scenes of courthip. Sir Rowland, Sir Hargrave, and Mr. Greville, all met just now at our break-

fore breakfast was ready. After en-

in the fame mind, or not, he defired

in the fame mind, or not; he defired to have the favour of one quarter of an hour's conversation with me alone.

Methinks I have a value for this honest knight. Honesty, my Lucy, is good sense, politeness, amiableness, all in one. An honest man must appear in every light with such advantages, as will make even fingularity agreeable. I went down directly.

He met me; and taking my notwithdrawn hand, and peering in my face, 'Mercy!' faid he; 'the fame weet and obliging countenance! How can this be? But you must be gracious! You will.

You must not urge me, Sir Rowland. You will give me pain if you
lay me under a necessity to repeat—
Repeat what? Don't say a refusal. Dear Madam, don't say a refusal! Will you not save a life? Why, Madam, my poor boy is abfolutely and bona fide broken-hearted. I would have had him come
with me; but, no, he could not
bear to teaze the beloved of his foul! "Why there's an instance of love now! Not for all his hopes, not for his life's fake, could be bear to teaze you! None of your fluttering Jack-a-dan-dies, now, would have faid this? And let not fuch fucceed, where model merit fails!--Mercy! You rcy ! You are firuck with my plea! Don't, don't, God blefs you now, don't harden your heart on my observaday or two: but I will flay in town, were it a month, to see my boy made happy. And, let me tell you, I would not wish him to be happy, unless he could make you so—Come,

I was a little affected. I was filent.
Come, come, be gracious; be merciful. Dear lady; be as good as you
look to be. One word of comfore for my poor boy. I could kneel to you for one word of comfort—Nay, I will kneel; taking hold of my other hand, as he fill held one; and down on his knees dropt the honest knight.

I was furprized. I knew not what to fay, what to do. I had not the cou-

fast-time.

Sir Rowland came first, a little beto see a man of his years, and who
fore breakfast was ready. After enhad given himself a claim to my esteem,
quiries of Mr. Reeves whether I held kreel; and, with glistening eyes look-

ng up to me for mergy, as he called it, in his boy; how was I affected!—
But, at lait, 'Rife, dear Sir Rowland, rife,' faid It! you call out for mercy to me, yet have none upon me.
O how you diffreit me!'
I would have withdrawn my hands much held them faft. I framped in tender passion, [I am fare it was in tender passion] now with one foot, now with the other; 'Dear Sir Rowland, rife, I cannot bear this. I befeech you rife!' [And down I dropt involuntarily on one knee.] 'What can I fay!
Rife, dear Sir; on my knee I bag of Rife, dear Sir; on my knee I beg of you kneel not to me: indeed, Sir, you greatly different met. Pray let go my hands.

you greatly differed me! Pray let go my hands.

Tears ran down his cheeks—! And do I differed you, Madam! And do you woughtaft to kneel to me?—I will not differed you.

It will not differed you.

He arufe, and let go my hands. I swole too, shaffied. He pulled out his handkertchief, and latefung from me to the window, wiper his ayes: then turning to me, 'What a fool I am! What a more child I make of my felf! How can I blame my boy? O Madam, have you not one word of comfort to fend by me to my boy? Say, but, you will fee him. Give him leave to you will fee him. Give him leave to wait on you: yet, poor foul! (wiping his eyes again) the would not be able to fay a word in his own behalf.—Bid me bring him And fo I could, and fo I would,

And fo I could, and fo I would,
Sir Rowland, if no other expeliations were to be formed than those of
civility. But I will go farther, to
shappy in your friendship and
good opinion; let me look upon you
as my father. Let me look upon
Mr. Fowler as my heather, I am not
so happy as to have either father or
brother. And let Mr. Fowler own
me as his sister; and every visit you
make me, you will both, in these
characters, be dearer to me than betore—But, Ol my father! (already fore—Bus, Oi my father!! (already will I call you father!) urge not your daughter to an impossibility!!

Mercy, mercy! what will become of my

febbed. Where are all my purposes irresistible lady!—But must I give up my hopes! Must my boy be told— And yet, do you call me father; and the you plead for my indulgence,

as if you were my daughter?"

Indeed I do; indeed I must. I have told Mr. Fowler, with so much

regard for him, as an honest, as a worthy manWhy, that's the weapon that wounds him, that cuts him to the heart! Your gentleness, your open, and Andaer you determined? Cas \* Mar gentleneis, your open-mels—And are you determined? Car there be no hope?

\* Mr. Founier is my brother, Sir; and you are my father.—Accept me in those characters.

Accept you! mercy! Accept you Forgive me, Madam, (catching of hand, and prefing it with his lips

you do me honour in the appella

tion; but if your mind flould chang

on confideration, and from motive

of pitys. of pity-

cannot change; in a well as my newhy, then, I, as well as my nephew, must acquicte with your
pleasure. But, Madam, you con't pleafure. But, Madam, you wanted to know what a worthy creature he is, I will not, however tease you. But how, but how, findly I fee Mr. Reeves I am aftamed to fee him

with this baby in my face.

And I, Sir Rowland, must retine
before I can appear. Excuse me,
Sir, (withdrawing) but I hope you
will breakfast with us.

will breakfall with us.

I will dvink ten with you, Madam,

if I can make myfelf fit to be feen,
were it but to chaim you for my
laughter, but yell hid much rather
you would be weather remove in
ralation; would to God you would le let it be niece ? ...

I curtiled, as a daughter might do, parting with her real father; and withlike the models

And now, my Lucy, will you not be convinced, that one of the greatest pains, (the loss of dear friends except-ed) that a grateful mind can know, is to be too much beloved by a worthy eart, and not to be able to return his love tong la won fittle ton.

My sheet is ended. With a new He turned from me with his handfew words in the margin—I tell you berthief at his eyes again, and even not, my dear, of the publick entertain-

tainments to which Lady Betty is continually contriving to draw me out. She intends by it to be very obliging, She intends by it to be very obliging, and it so : but my present reluctance to go so very often, must not be overcome, as it possibly would be too easily done, were I to give way to she temptation. If it be, your Harriet may turn gadfly, and never be easy but when the is forming parties, or giving way to them, that may make the home, that hitherto has been the chief scene of her pleasures, undelightful to her. Bad habits are sooner acquired than staken off, as my grandinamma has often told normalist in the races of the engineer

# and road had been been actived out to some LETTER XIX.

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### MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

WHO would have thought that a man of Sir Rowland's time of life, and a woman fo young as I, could have fo much discomposed each other? I obeyed the fummons to breakfast, and entered the room at one door, as he came in at the other. In wain had I made use of the short retirement to conceal any emotion from my confine. They also saw Sir Rowland's by his eyes, and looked at him, at me,

and at each other.

'Mercy!' faid Sir Rowland, in an accent that feemed between crying and laughing, 'You, you, you, Madam, are a furprising lady! I, I, I, never was to affected in my life.' And he drew the back of his hand crofs first

he drew the back of his hand crofs first one eye, then the other.

O Sir Rowland, faid I, 'you are a good man. How affecting are the winble emotions of a manly heart! My cousins fail looked as if furprized, but faid nothing.

O my cousins, faid I, I have found a father in Sir Rowland; and I arknowledge a brother in Mr.
Fowler. Fowler Mi

Best of women! Most excellent of reatures! And do you seem me? He fintched my hand, and kiffed it. What pride do you give me in this open acknowledgment! If it must bot be mice, why then I will endeavour to rejoice in my daughter, I think. But yet, my boy, my poor boy—But you are all goodness: and, with him, I fay, I mult not tease

What you have been faying to each other alone, find Mrs. Reeves, I cannot tell; but I long to know.

Why, Mudain, I will tell you if Why, Madain, I will tell you is know how—You must know, that I, that I, came as an ambassador extraordinary from my forrowful boy. Yet not delired; not sent; I came of my own accord, in hopes of getting one word of comfort, and to bring

matters on, before I fet out for Cate marthen.

The fervant coming in, and a loud rap, rap, rap, on the footman's missional inftrument, the knocker of the door, put a ftop to Sir Rowland door, put a ftop to Sir Rowland's naturative. In apprehension of company, I breathed on my band, and put it to either eye; and Sir Rowland hemmed twice or thrice, and rubbed his, the better to conceal their rednefs, though it made them redder than before. He got up, look'd at the glass; would have lung, Itall, doll—Hem, faid to as if the muscles of his fare were in the power of his voice. Mercy! all the infant Aill in my eye—Toll, doll—Hem! I would fing it away, if I could. could.

Sir Hargrave entered bowing, for apful

Sir Hargrave's filent fatute to this) bowing, and looking at the bare genteel morning dreft, and then own—' Who the deuce is be?' pering to Mr. Retves; who then arred each to the other by name.

The baroner approached me

The baronet approached have, Madam, a thouland to afe.

Not one, far. And most a do I beg

You are forgiven, Sir.

given." Whitpered the I Mr. Recres. I don't like n. A poor boy: no wonder, at this You have not much to far Rowland, (newhalpered my on this gentleman's account.

Thank you, thank you. A tis a fine figure of a man; and again for Rowland; and

withfrand bim—But a word to

the wife, Mr. Reeves !—Hem! I am
a little eafier than I was.

He turned from my confin with fuch
m air, as if, from contrafted pleasure
and pain, he would again have fung
Tell, doll.

The fervant came in with the breakof and we had no fooner far down before, than we were alarmed by nother modern rapping. Mr. Reeves ras called out, and returned, introducing Mr. Greville.

Who the deuce is be? whifpered

me Sir Rowland, as he fat next me,

me Sir Rowland, as he fat next me, before Mr. Reeves could name him.

Mr. Greville profoundly bowed to ne. I alked after the health of all our, riends in Northamptonshire.

'Have you seen Fenwick, Madam?'

'No, Sir.'

'A dog! I thought he had played me a trick. I missed him for three days—But, (in a low voice) 'if you have not seen him, I have stole a march upon bim!—Well, I had rather ask his pardon than he should ask mins. I rejoice to see you well, Madam!' (rating his voice)—'But what!—looking at my eyes.

'Colds are very rife in London, Sir.'

· Colds are very rife in London, Sir. I am glad it is no worfe; for your grandmamma, and all friends in the country, are well.

L have found a papa, Mr. Gre-ville, (referring to Sir Rowland) fince I came to town. This good gentleman gives me leave to call him

No for !—I hope, Sir Rowland, you have no fon, faid Mr. Greville; the relation comes not about that way, I hope. And laughed, as he uled to do, at his own smartness.

fed to do, at his own imartness.

'The very question I was going to put, by my foul!' faid the baronet.

'No, faid the knight; 'but I have a mphesu, gentlemen—a very pretty young fellow! And I have this to say before you all, (I am downright Dunstable) I had much rather call this lady niere, than daughter.' And then the knight forced a laugh, and the the knight forced a laugh, and toked round upon us all.

'OSit Rowland,' replied I, 'I have uncles, more than one—I am a niece a but I have not had for many years till now the happiness of a father.'

And do you own me, Madam, be-

time I beheld you, I remember I called ed you a perfect paragon. Why, Mandam, you are the most excellent of

We are so much convinced of this, Sir Rowland, said the baronet, that I don't know, but Miss Byron's chusing you for a father, instead of an auch, may have faved two or three

And then he laughed. His laught was the more seasonable, as it softened: the shockingness of his expression.

Mr. Greville and the baronet had

been in company twice before in Northamptonshire at the races: but nowand-then looked upon each other with envious eyes; and once or twice were at cross-purposes: but my particular notice of the knight made all pass lightly over.

Sir Rowland went first away. claimed one word with his daughter,

in the character of a father.

I withdrew with him to the farther end of the room.

'Not one word of comfort? not one word, Madam-to my boy?' whif-

pered he.

' My compliments,' (fpeaking low) to my brother, Sir. I wish him as well and as happy as I think he deferves to be.' Well, but-

Only remember, Sir Rowland, that you act in character. I followed you hither, on the strength of your authority, as a father; I beg, Sir, that you will preserve to me that character.

'Why, God in heaven bless my daughter, if only daughter you can be. Too well do I understand you! I will see how my poor nephew will take it. If it can be no otherwise, I will prevail upon him, I think, to go down with me to Caermarthen for a few months—But as to those two fine gentlemen, Madam—it would grieve me ('tis a folly to deny it) to say I have feen the man that is to fupplent

my nephew.'
I will act in character, Sir Rowland; as your daughter, you have a right to know my fentiments on this fubject.—You have not yet feen the man you feem to be afraid of.

man you feem to be afraid of.' You are all goodness, Madammy daughter—and I cannot bear if! He spoke this loud enough to be heard; and Mr. Greville and the baroner both, with fome emotion, rofe, and turned about to us.

Once more, Sir Rowland,' faid I, my compliments to my brother-

Adieu!

God in heaven blefs you, Madam! that's all-Gentlemen, your servant. Mrs. Reeves, your most obedient humble fervant .- Madam, (to me)

you will allow me, and my nephew too, one more vifit, I hope, before I

fet out for Caermarthen.

I curtied, and joined my coufins. Away went the knight, brushing the ground with his hat at his going out. Mr. Reeves waited on him to the outward door.

Bye, bye, to you, Mr. Reeves! with some emotion, as my cousin told me afterwards— A wonderful creature! By mercy, a wonderful creature!—I go away with my heart full; yet am pleased; I know not why, neither, that's the jest of it—Bye,

Mrs. Reeves, I can ftay no longer.'
An odd mortal,' faid the man of the town.— But he feems to know on which fide his bread is butter'd."

A whimfical old fellow! faid the

man of the country— But I rejoice that he has not a form; that's all.

A good many frothy things paffed not worth relating. I wanted them not worth relating. I wanted them both to be gone. They feemed each to think it time; but looked as if nei-ther cared to leave the other behind him.

At last Mr. Greville, who hinted to me, that he knew I loved not too long an intrusion, bowed, and, politely enough, took his leave. And then the baronet began with apologizing for his behaviour at taking leave on his laft vifit.

Some gentlemen, I faid, had one way, fome another, of expressing themfelves on particular occasions: he had thought fit to shew me what was his.

He feemed a little disconcerted. But quickly recovering himfelf, he could not indeed excuse himfelf, he said, for having then called me cruel—Cruel he hoped he should not find me—Prous—I knew not what pride was—Ungrateful—I could not be guilty of ingratitude. He begged me to forgive his perceptoriness—He had hoped (as he had been assured that my affections were absolutely disengaged) that the propo-

fals he had to make, would have been acceptable: and fo positive a refulal, without any one reason assigned, and on his first visit, had indeed hurt his pride, (he owned, he faid, that he had fome pride) and made him forget that he was addressing himself to a woman who deserved and met with the veneration of every one who approached her. He next expressed himself with appre-hensions on Mr. Greville's arrival in town. He spoke flightly of him. Mr. Greville, I doubt not, will freak as flightly of Sir Hargrave. And if I be-lieve them both, I fancy I shall not injure either.

Mr. Greville's arrival, I faid, ought not to concern me. He was to do as he thought fit. I was only defirous to be allowed the fame free-agency that I

was ready to allow others

That could not be, he faid. Every man who faw me, must wish me to be his; and endeavour to obtain his

wishes.

And then making vehement profesfions of love; he offered me large fettlements, and to put it in my power to do all the good that he knew it was in my heart to do—and that I should prescribe to him in every thing as to place of re-sidence, excursions, even to the going abroad to France, to Italy, and whereever I pleased.

To all which I answered as before; and when he infifted upon my reason's for refunng him, I frankly told him, though I owned it was with some reluctance, that I had not the opinion of his morals that I must have of those of the man to whom I gave my hand in

marriage:

'Of my moral, Madam!' (flarting, and his colour went and came) 'My morals, Madam!—' I thought he looked with malice; but I was not intimidated : and yet my coufing looked at me with some little farprize for my plain-

dealing, though not as blaming me.

Be not displetifed, Sir, with my freedom. You call upon me to make objections. I mean not to upleted you; that is not my business; but thus called upon, I must repeat I ftopt.

Proceed, Madam! angrily?
Indeed, Sir Hargrave, you must pardon me on this occasion, if I repeat that I have not that opinion of

your morals-

Very well, Madam !

That I must have of those of the man on whose worthiness I must build my hopes of present happiness, and to whose guidance entrust my future. This, Sir, is a very material consideration with me, though I am not fond of talking upon it, except on proper occasions, and to preper persons: but, Sir, let me add, that I am determined to live longer single. I think it too early to engage in a life of care: and if I do not meet with a man to whom I can give my whole heart, I never will marry at all! [O, how maliciously looked the man!]— You are angry, Sir Hargrave, added I; but you have no right to be so. You address me as one who is her own mistress. And though I would not be thought rude, I value myself on my openness of heart.

He arose from his seat. He walked about the room muttering, ! You have no opinion of my morals ?—By Heaven, Madam!—But I will bear it all—Yet, "No opinion of my mo-"rals!!—I cannot bear that,"

He then clenched his fift, and held it up to his head; and fnatching up his hat, bowing to the ground to us all; his face crimfoned over, (as the time before) he withdrew.

Mr. Reeves attended him to the door—' Not like my morals! faid he.
'I have enemies, Mr. Reeves.— Not like my morals!—Mifs Byron treats politely every body but me, Sir. Her feorn may be repaid—would to God I could fay, with fcorn, Mr. Reeves!
'—Adieu. Excufe my warmth.—'
Adieu.'

And into his chariot he stept, pulling up the glasses with violence; and, as Mr. Reeves told us, rearing up his head to the top of it, as he sat swelling. And away it drove.

His menacing airs, and abrupt departure, terrified me. I did not recover myself in an hour.

A fine husband for your Harriet would this half-madman make!—O Mr. Fowler, Sir Rowland, Mr. Orme, what good men are you to Sir Hargrave! Should I have known half so much as I do of his ill qualities, had I not refused him? Drawn in by his professions of love, and by Scool. a year, I might have married him; and,

when too late, found myfelf miferable, yoked with a tyrant and madman, for the remainder of a life begun with happy prospects, and glorying in every one's love.

## LETTER XX.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

MONDAY, PIR. 13.

I Have received my uncle's long letter; and I thank him for the pains he hath taken with me. He is very good. But my grandmamma and my aunt are equally to; and, in the main, much kinder, in acquitting me of fome charges which he is pleased to make upon his poor Harriet. But, either for caution or reproof, I hope to be the better for his letter.

James is set out for Northamptonshire: pray receive him kindly. He
is honeit; and Sally has given me a
hint, as if a sweetheart is in his head;
if so, his impatience to leave London
may be accounted for. My grandmamma has observed, that young people of small or no fortunes should not
be discouraged from marrying: who
that could be masters or mistresses
would be servants? The honest poor,
as she has often said, are a very valuable part of the creation.
Mr. Reeves has seen several foot-

Mr. Reeves has feen several footmen, but none that he gave me the trouble of speaking to till just now; when a well looking young man, about twenty-six years of age, offered himfelf, and whom, I believe, I shall like. Mrs. Reeves seems mightily taken with him. He is well behaved, has a very sensible look, and seems to merit a better service.

Mr. Reeves has written for a character of him to the last master he lived with; Mr. Bagenhall, a young gentleman in the neighbourhood of Reading: of whom he speaks well in the main; but modefily objected to his hours, and free way of life. The young man came to town but yesterday, and is with a widow laster, who keeps an inn in Smithfield. I have a mind to like him, and this makes me more particular about him.

His name is William Wilson: he alks pretty high wages; but wages to a good fervant are not to be stood

upen

tipon. What fignify forty or fifty thillings a year? An honest servant fhould be enabled to lay up fomething for age and infirmity. "Hire him at once, Mrs. Reeves fays. She will be answerable for his honesty from his looks, and from his answers to the questions asked him.

Sir Hargrave has been here again, Mrs. Reeves, Miss Clements, and I, were in the back room together. We had drank tea; and I excused myself

to his message, as engaged.

He talked a good deal to Mr. Reeves: fometimes high, fometimes humble. He had not intended, he faid, to have renewed his vifits. My disdain had stung him to the heart ; yet he could not keep away. He called himself names. He was determined I should be his; and swore to it. A man of his fortune to be refused by a lady, who had not (and whom he withed not to have) an answerable fortune, and no preferable liking to any other man; [There Sir Hargrave was miltaken; for I like almost every man I know better than him: ] his perfon not contemptible; [And then, my cousin fays, he surveyed himself from head to foot at the glass] was very, very unaccountable!

He asked if Mr. Greville came up

with any hopes.

Mr. Reeves told him that I was offended at his coming, and he was fure he would not be the better for his

He was glad of that, he faid. 'There were two or three free things,' proeeeded he, ' faid to me in conversation by Mr. Greville, which I knew not well what to make of; but they ' fhall pass, if he has no more to boalt of than I. I know Mr. Greville's bluftering character; but I with the carrying of Mifs Byron were to depend upon the fword's point between us. I would not come into fo paltry a compromise with him as Fenwick has done. But still the imputing want of merals to me Ricks with me. Surely I am a better man, in point of morals, than either Gre-ville or Fenwick. What man on earth doth not take liberties with the fex? Hey, you know, Mr. Reeves! Women were made for us; and they like us not the worfe for loving them. Want of morals! - and objected to days numbered!

me by a lady!-Very extraordinary. by my foul !- Is it not better to fow one's wild oats before matrimony, than run riot afterwards ? - What fay you, Mr. Reeves?"

Mr. Reeves was too patient with him. He is a mild man; yet wants not spirit, my cousin says, on oceafion. He gave Sir Hargrave the hearing; who went away, fwearing that I should be his, in spite of man or

es mistil a midgag d

MONDAY NICHT. MR. Greville came in the evening. He begged to be allowed but ten words with me in the next room. I defired to be excused. "You know, Sir,' said I, "that I never complied with a re-" quest of this nature at Selby House." He looked hard at my coulins; and first one, then the other, went out. He then was folicitous to know what were Sir Hargrave's expectations from me. He expressed himself uneasy upon his account. He hoped such a man as that would not be encouraged. Yet his ample fortune—Woman! woman!

—But he was neither a wifer nor a better man than himfelf: and he hoped Mile Byron would not give a preference to fortune, merely against a man who bad been her admirer for so long a time; and who wanted neither will nor power to make her happy.

It was very irksome to me, I anfwered, to be obliged fo often to repeat the fame things to him. I would not be thought affronting to any body, especially to a neighbour with whom my friends were upon good terms: but I did not think myfelf answerable to him, or to any one out of my own family, for my vifitors; or for whom my cousin Reeves's thought fit to receive

Would I give him an affurance, that Sir Hargrave thould have no encou-

ragement ?

No, Sir, I will not. Would not that be to give you, indirectly, a kind of controul over me? Would a not that be to encourage a hope, that I never will encourage to I love not my own foul, Madam, as I love you is I must, and will perfevere: If I thought Sir Hargrave had the least hope, by the great God

of heaven, I thought Sir Hargrave Iz-

I am but too well acquainted with your rathness, Mr. Greville. What your raffiness. Mr. Greville. What formerly passed between you and another gentleman, gave me pain enough. In such an enterprize your own days might be numbered as well as another's. But I enter not into this subject.—Henceforth be to good as not to impute incivility to me, if Indana myself to your vists.

as not to impute incivility to me, if I'dany myfelf to your vilite. I would have withdrawn.

Dear Miss Byron, (ftepping heatween me and the door) leave me not in anger. If matters muft ftand as they were, I hope you can, I hope you will, affure me, that this Sir Fopling—

What right have you, Sir, to any affurance of this nature from me?

Mone, Madam, but from your goodhels—Dear Miss Byron, condeficed to fay, that this Sir Hargraye thall not make any impression on your heart. For his fake fay it,

on your heart. For bis fake fay it, if not for mise. I know you care not what becomes of me; yet, let not this milk faced, and tyger-hearted fop, (for that is his character) abtain favour from you. Let your choice, if it must fall on another man, and not on me, fall on one to whole superior merit, and to whose good fortune, I can subscribe. For your own same's sake, let a man of unquestionable honour be the happy man; and vouchfafe, as to a ghbour, and as to a well-wishing friend only, (I alk it not in the light of

friend only, (I ask it not in the light of a lover) to tell me that Sir Hargrave Pollexsen shall not be the man.'

What, Mr. Greville, let me ask you, is your business in town?'

My chief business, Madam, you may guess at. I had a bint of this man's intentions given me, and that he has the vanity to think he shall succeed. But, at I can be affored that you will not be prevailed upon in favour of a man, whose fortune is so ample—'

o ample You will then return to North

amptonfaire?' Why, Madam, I can't but fay that now I am in town, and that I have befocke a new equipage, andfo-forth-

Nay, Sir, it is nothing to me, what you will or will not do: only be pleased to remember, that as in Northamptonshire your visits were to

my uncle Selby, not to me, they will be here in London to my country Reeves's only.'

'Too well do I know that you can be cruel if you will ; but is it your pleasure that I feturn to the country?"

My pleasure, Sir!—Mr. Greville is furely to do as he pleases. I only with to be allowed the same liberty. You are to very delicate, Milk.

Byron t fo very much afraid of giving the least advantage—

And men are so ready to take ad-Antage - But yet, Mr. Greville, not to delicate as just. I do affure you, that if I were not determined.

Determined !- Yes, yes! You can be fendy, as Mr. Selby calls it! I never know to determined a woman in my life. I own, it was a little inconvenient for me to come to town just now: and fay, that you would will me to leave London; and that e neither this Sir Hargrave, nor that other man, your new father's new phew, (what do you call him? Fore-gad, Madam, I am afraid of these new relations) shall make any imprefion on your heart; and that you and I will fet out next week; and write this very night to let Fenwick forknow how matters frand, and that I am coming down but little the better for my journey: and this may fave you feeing your other tormentor, as your conin Lucy fays you once call-ed that poor devil, and the still poorer devil before you.

You are fo rath a man, Mr. Grewille, (and other men may be as raft as you) that I cannot fay but it would fave me fome pain.

O take care, take care, Mifs Byron,

that you express yourfelf so cantious!

that you express yourfelf so cantious!

ty, as to give no advantage to a poor dog, who would be glad fortake a journey to the farther part of the globe to bolige you. But what fay you about this Sir Hargave, and shout your new brither?—Let me tell you, Maddon Janes dam, I am fo much afraid of those whining, infiniating, creeping dogs, attacking you on the late of your compaffion, and be don'd to them, (Orme for that) that I mail have a declaration. And now, Madam, can't you give it with your usual contion? Can't you give it, as I put it, as to a neighbour, as to a quellwell-rolfber, and fo forth; not as to

Well, then, Mr. Greville, as a neighbour, as a well-avisher; and fince you own it was inconvenient to your affairs to come up-I advise

you to go down again.'
The devil! how have you hit it!
Your delicacy ought to thank me
for the loop-hole. The condition, Madam, the condition, if I take

your neighbourly advice?

Why, Mr. Greville, I do most sincerely declare to you, as to a neighbour and well-wisher, that I never yet have seen the man to whom I can think of giving my hand."

Yes, you have! By Heaven you have! (fnatching my hand:) you shall give it to me!—And the strange wretch prefled it so hard to his mouth. that he made prints upon it with his teeth-

Oh!' cried I, withdrawing my hand, furprized, and my face, as I

could feel, all in a glow.

And, Ob P faid he, mimicking (and fnatching my other hand, as I would have run from him) and patting it, fpeaking through his closed teeth, You may be glad you have a hand left. By my foul, I could eat you!"...

This was your disconsolate, fallen-spirited Greville, Lucy!

I rushed into the company in the next room. He followed me with an air altogether, unconcerned, and begged to look at my hand; whispering to Mrs. Reeves; By Jupiter, faid he, I had like to have eaten up your lovely coufin! I was beginning with f her hand.

I was more offended with this infrance of his affurance and unconcern, than with the freedom itself; because that had the appearance of his usual gaiety with it. I thought it best, however, not to be too ferious upon it. But next time he gets me by himfelf, he shall car up both my hands. At taking leave, he hoped his mad slight had not discomposed ma. See,

Mifa Byron, faid he, what you get by making an honell fellow delse perate!—But you infift upon my leaving the town? As a neighbour, as a will-wilber, you advise it, Madam it. Come, come, don't be afmid of freeking of the afinid of fpeaking after me, when I

endeavour to hit your cue,

A I do advife you!

Conditions, remember!know what you have declared Angel of a woman! faid he again through his fhut teeth.

I left him, and went up flairs; glad I had got rid of him.
He has fince feen Mr. Reeves, and told him he will make me one visit more before he leaves London. And pray tell her, faid he, that I have actually written to my brather-tor-" mentor, Fenwick, that I am return-

ing to Northamptonshire. with me when Sir Hargrave came laft. I like her every time I fee her better than before. She has a fine underflanding; and if languages, according to my grandfather's observation, need not be deemed an indiffer fable part of learning, the may be looked upon as learned.

She has engaged me to breakfalt with her to-morrow morning; when fhe is to shew me her books, needle-works, and other curioficies. Shall I not fancy myself in my Lucy's clafet? How continually, amid all this fluttering feene, do I think of my dear friends in Northamptonshire ! Express for me love, duty, gratitude, every

HARRIET BYROS.

#### LETTER XXI.

-daym execting

ANALONG MARKET NO

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

TUESDAT MORN: PER EGA Have passed an agreeable two hour with Miss Clements, and am jo returned. She is extremely ingeni and perfectly unaffected. I am told that the writes finely; and is a Madame de Sevigne to her correspondents.

I hope to be one of them. But she has not, I find, suffered her pen to run away with her needle; nor her read. ing to interfere with that houlewifry which the best judges hold so indifpenfable in the character of a good

. I revere her for this, as her example may be produced as one, in answer to fuch as object (I am afraid forestimes too justly, but I hope too generally) against learning in women. Methinks, however, I would not have learning the principal distinction of the woman I love. And yet, where talents are either uncultivated or unacknowledged! Surely, Lucy, we may pronounce, that where no duty is neglected for the acquirement; where modesty, delicacy, and a teachable spirit, are preserved, as characteristicks of the sex, it need not be thought a diffrace to be fuppofed to know fomething.

Mifs Clements is happy, as well as your Harriet, in an aunt that loves her: She has a mother living, who is too great a felf-lover, to regard any body elfe as the ought. She lives as far off as York, and was fo unnatural a parent to this good child, that her aunt was not easy till the got her from her. Mrs. Wimburn looks upon her as her daughter, and intends to leave

her all she is worth.

The old lady was not very well; but the obliged us with her agreeable company for half an hour.

Mis Clements and I agreed to fall in occasionally upon each other with-

out ceremony.

I should have told you, that the last master of the young man, William Wilson, having given him in writing a very good character, I have enter-tained him; and his first service was attending on me to Mils Clements.

Lady Betty called here in my absence. She is, it feems, very full of the dreffes, and mine in particular: but I must know nothing about it as yet. We are to go to her house to drefs, and to proceed from thence in chairs. She is to take care of every thing. You shall know, my Lucy, what figure I am to make, when I know it myself.

The baronet also called at my coufins while I was out. He faw only Mr. Reeves: he flaid about a quarter of an hour. He was very moody and tulten, it feems. Quite another man, Mr. Reeves faid, than he had ever feen him before. Not one laugh; not one fmile: all that fell from his lips was Yes, or No; or, by way of invective against the sex, it was 'The devil of a sex.' It was a cursed thing, he faid, that a man could neither be happy with them, nor without them. Devil's baits was another of

his compliments to us. He hardly mentioned my name.

Mr. Reeves at last began to railly him upon his moodiness; and plainly faw, that to avoid showing more of his petulance (when he had not a right to thew any) to a man of Mr. Reeves's confideration, and in his own house, he went away the sooner. His scot-man and cosehman, he believed, had an ill time of it; for, without reason, he curied them, swore at them, and threstened them.

What does the man haunt us for? Why brings he fuch odious humours to Mr. Reeves's?

But no more of fuch a man, nor of any thing elfe, till my next. Only, adieu, my Lucy.

#### LETTER XXII.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

WEDNESDAY MORN. PEB. 15. MR. Greville took leave of us yesterday evening, in order to fet out this morning, on his return home. He would fain have engaged me for half an hour alone; but I would

not oblige him.

He left London, he faid, with some regret, because of the fluttering Sir Hargrave, and the creeping Mr. Fowler; but depended upon my declaration, that I had not in either of them feen the man I could encourage. Either of them were the words he chose to use for, in compliment to himself, he would not repeat my very words, that I had not yet seen any man to whom I could give my hand. Sh II I give you a few particulars of what passed between me and this very whimfical man?-I will.

He had been enquiring, he faid, into the character and pretentions of my brother Fowler; and intended, if he could bring Orme and him together, to make a match between them, who thould out-whine the other.

Heroes, I told him, ought not to

make a jest of those who, on comparison, gave them all their advantages.

He bowed, and called himself my servant—And, with an affected laugh, Yet, Madam, yet, Madam, I am not afraid of these piping men: though you have compassion for such avairy

hended fellows, yet you have only compaffion.

Respectful love, Mr. Greville, is not always the indication either of a weak head, or a faint heart; any more than the contrary is of a true

Perhaps fo, Madam. But yet I am not afraid of these two men.

You have no reason to be afraid of any body, on my account, Mr. Greville.

I hope not."

You will find, Sir, at last, that you had better take my meaning : it is obvious enough.

But I have no mind to hang, drawn, or pittol myfelf.'
Mr. Greville ftill!—Yet it would

be well if there were not many Mr.

Grevilles.

I take your meaning, Madam. You have explained it heretofore. It is, that I am a libertine; that we have all one dialect; and that I can fay nothing new, or that is worthy of your attention-There, Madam! may I not be always fure of your meaning, when I construe it against myself?

I wish, Sir, that my neighbour would give me leave to behave to

him as my neighbour. —

And could you, Madam, supposing love out of the question, (which it cannot be) could you, in that case,

regard me as your neighbour?'
'Why not, Sir?'
'Because I believe you hate me; and I only want you to tell me that

' I hope, Sir, I shall never have reafon given me to hate any man.

But if you hate any one man more than another, is it pot me?' [I was filent.] 'Strange, Mrs. Reeves, turn-ing to her, 'that Mis Byron is not 'fusceptible either of love or hatred!'

She is too good to hate any body; and as for love, her time feems not

to be yet come.

When it is come; it will come with a vengeance, I hope.

'Uncharitable man!' said I, finil-

Don't finile; I can't bear to fee you fmile : why don't you be angry at me? - Angel of a creature!' with at me? - Angel of a creature!' with his teeth again closed, don't fmile: I cannot bear your bewitching fimiles!"

The man is out of his right mind, Mrs. Reeves. I don't chuse to stay

in his company.

I would have withdrawn. He befought me to stay; and stood between

me and the door. I was angry.
He whimfically flainped Obliging creature! - I befought you to forbear smiling-You frown-Do; God for ever bless you, my dear Mils Byron, let me be favoured with another frown!

· Strange man! and bold as strange!
I would have pressed to the door; but
he set his back against it.

These are the airs, you know, Lucy, for which I nied to thun him.

'Pifh!' faid I, vexed to be hindered

from withdrawing.

Another, another such a frown, faid the confident man, and I am happy!-The last has left no trace upon your features : it candhed before I could well behold it. Another

frown, I befeech you; another pish.'
I was really angry. 'Bear withness,' [looking around him] 'bear witness! once did Miss Byron endeavour to frown: and, to oblige whom ?-Her Greville!

' Mr. Greville, you had better-'. I stapt. I was vexed. I knew not

what I was going to fay.
How better, Madam! Am I not desperate? - But bad I better? Say, repeat that again—bad I better?—

The man's mad .- O my counting let me never again be called to this man.

' Mad!-and fo I am. Mad for you. I care not who knows it. Why don't you hate me?' He fnatched at my hand, but I started back. 'You own that you never yet loved the man who loved you. Such is your gra-titude!—Say you hate me.' I was filent, and turned from him

pecvishly.

'Why, then, (as if I had faid I did not bate him) 'fay you love me; and I will look down with contempt

upon the greatest prince on earth."
We should have had more of thisbut the rap of consequence gave notice of the visit of a person of consideration, It was the baronet.

' The devil pick his bones!' faid the shocking Greville. 'I shall not be · He

He is not jour guest, Mr. Grefronting might pass between two irits so unmanageable; the one in an amour so whimsical, the other very likely to be moody.

True, true, replied he. I will

· be all filence and observation .- But I hope you will not now be for re-

'It would be too particular,' thought 'if I am:' yet I should have been ad to de id. or have been

The basomet paid his respects to every one in a very set and formal manner, por distinguished me.

Silly, as vain! chought I! hand-fome foot to imagine thy displeature

of confequence to me.' Mr. Greville, faid Sir Hargrave, the town I understand is going to lose

You. The town, Sir Hargrave, cannot be faid to have found me.

· How can a man of your gallantry and fortune find himfelf employment in the country, in the winter, I wonder ?

eVery early, when he has used him-felf to it, Sir Hargrave, and has seen abroad, in greater perfection than you can have them here; the kind of diversions you all run after with fo

keen an appetite.

Its greater perfection! I question that, Mr. Greville: and I have been abroad; though too early, I own, to unke critical observations,

\* You may question it, Sir Hargrave; but I don't.

Have we not from Italy the most famous fingers, Mr. Greville; and from thence, and from France, for our money, the most famous dancers in the world?

No, Sir; they fet too great a value in Italy, let me tell you, upon their finest voices, and upon their finest composers too, to let them turn trollers.

Strellers do you call them? Ha, ha, ha, hah! Princely strollers, as seward them! And as to compo-

There you fay fomething, Sir Hargrave, But you have but one Handel in England; they have feveral In Italy."

de it possible!' faid every one. Let me die, faid the baronet, with a forced laugh, 'if I am not ready to think that Mr. Greville has run into the fault of people of lefs genius than himself. He has got such a taste for foreign performers, that he cannot think tolerably of those of his own country, be they ever fo excellent." Handel, fir Hargrave, is not an Englishman: but I must say, that, of every person present, I least expected from Sir Hargrave Pollexfert this observation.'

[He then returned the baronet's faugh, and not without an air of

mingled anger and contempt.]

Nor I this take for foreign performances and compositions from
Mr. Greville; for so long time as thon haft been a downright country figentlemans are a supplement

'Indeed,' thought I to myfelf, 'you m both to have changed characters. But I know how it comes about : let one advance what he will, in the present humour of both, the ot will contradict it. Mr. Greville knows nothing of mulick: what he faid was from hearfay; and Sir Hargrave is no better grounded in it.']

A downright country gentleman? repeated Mr. Greville, measuring Sir Hargrave with his eye, and putting up

his lip.
'Why, pr'ythee now, Greville, thou
what thall Leall thee? thou art not offended, I hope, that we are not all of one mind; ha, ha, ha, ha, haht'
I am offended at nothing you fay,

Sir Hargtave. Nor I as any thing you look, my

dear. Ha, ha, ha, hah!'
Yet his looks thewed as much contempt for Mr. Greville as Mr. Gre-ville's did for him. How easily might these combustible spirits have blown each other up! Mr. Reeves was once a little apprehensive of consequences from the airs of both.

Mr. Greville turned from Sir Har-grave to me: Well, Mife Byron, laid he; but as to what we were talk-ing about— This he feemed to fay on purpose, as I thought by his air, to alarm the

baronet.

"I beg pardon," flid Sir Hargrave, turning with a fliff air to me: "I beg pardon, Mile Byron, if I have i

We were talking of indifferent things,

things, Sir Hargrave, answered I : mere matters of pleafantry

'I was more in earnest than in jest,
'Miss Byron,' replied Mr. Greville.
'We all, I believe, thought you very whimfical, Mr. Greville, resturned I.

What was sport to you, Madam,

s is death to me

Poor Greville! ha, ha, ha, hah!' (affectedly laughed the baronet:) but I know you are a joker. You are a man of wit. [This a little foftened Mr. Greville, who had begun to look grave upon Sir Hargrave] Come, prythee, man, give thyself up to me for this night; and I will carry thee to a private concert, where none but choice spirits are admitted; and let us see if musick will not divert thefe gloony airs, that fit fo ill upon the face of one of the liveliest men in

the kingdom.'
'Munck! Aye, if Mile Byron will give us a long, and accompany it with the harplichord, I will despite

all other harmony.

Every one joined in his request; and was not backward to oblige them, as I thought the conversation bore a little too rough a cast, and was not likely to take a smoother turn.

Mr. Greville, who always enjoys any jest that tends to reflect on our fex, begged me to fing that whimsical fex, begged me to ling that whillied fong fet by Galliard, which once my uncle made me fing at Selby House, in Mr. Greville's hearing. You were not there, Lucy, that day, and perhaps may not have the book, as Galliard is not a favourite with you.

Chine, by all the pow'rs above,

To Damon vow'd eternal love

- A role adorn'd her sweeter breast,
  She on a leaf the vow imprest;
  - & But Zephyr, by her fide at play,
  - Love, vow, and haf, blew quite away."

The gentlemen were very lively on the occasion, and encored it: but I told them, that as they must be better pleased with the jest on our sex contained in it, than they could be with the musick, I would not, for the sake

of their own politeness, oblige them,
You will favour us, however,
with your Discreet Lover, Miss
Byron, laid Mr. Greville, That

is a fong written entirely upon your own principles.'

Well, then, I will give you, faid fet by the fame hand-

O THE DISCREET LOVER.

" Ye fair, that would be bleft in love,

Take your pride a little lower;
Let the fwain whom you approve, " Rather like you; than adore.

" Love, that rifes into passion, " Soon will end in hate or ftrife :

But from tender inclination
to Flow the lossing joys of life."

These two light pieces put the gen tlemen into good humour, and a deal of filly ftuff was faid to me, by way of compliment, on the occasion, by Sir Hargrave and Mr. Greville: not one word of which I believed.

The baronet went away first, to go to his concert. He was very cold in his behaviour to me at taking leave, as

he had been all the time.

Mr. Greville foon after left us, intending to fet out this morning.

He inatched my hand at going. was afraid of a fecond favage freedom, and would have withdrawn it .one figh over it; but one figh. Oh-1 faid he, an Oh, half a yard long-and preffed it with his lips— But remember, Madam, you are watched: I have half a dozen spies upon you; and the moment you find the man you can favour, up comes your Greville, cuts a throat, and flies his

He stopt at the parlour door-' One letter, Mis Byron-receive but one

k letter from me

No, Mr. Greville, but I wish you well.

Wishes! that, like a bishop's blesfing, cost you nothing. I was going to fay no for you; but you were too quick. It had been some pleasure to have denied myself, and prevented the mortification of a denial from

He went away; every one wishing him a good journey, and speaking fa-vourably of the odd creature. Mrs. Reeves, in particular, thought fit to fay, that he was the most of all my lovers: but if so, what is it they call entertaining? And what are those Soft not a direct when in his perthose others whom they call my lo-

yers?
The man, faid I, is an immoral man; and had he not got above blushes, and above being hurt by love,
blushes, and above being hurt by love,
he could not have been so gay, and so
ententaining, as you call it.
Miss Byron said true, said Mr.
Reeves. I never knew a man who

could make a jesting matter of the passion in the presence of the object, so very deeply in love, as to be surt by a disappointment. There sits my saucebox. Did I ever make a jest of my love to you.

' No, indeed, Sir: had I not thought

you most deplorably in earnest, you had not had any of my pity.'
'Why look you there, now! That's a declaration in point. Either Mr. Orme, or Mr. Fowler, must be the happy man, Mins Byron.'
Indeed, neither.'

But why? They have both good eftates. They both adore you. Sir. Hargrave I see you cannot have. Mr.

Greville dies not for you, though he would be glad to live with you. Mr. Fenwick is a still less eligible man, I think. Where can you be better than with one of the two I have

named?

You speak seriously, cousin; I will not answer lightly; but neither of those gentlemen can be the man: yet I esteem them both because they

are good men.'
Well, but don't you pity them?'
I don't know what to fay to that. You hold, that pity is but one remove from love: and to fay I pity a man who professes to love me, because I cannot confent to be his, earries with it, I think, an air of arrogance, and looks as if I believed he must be unhappy without me, when possibly there may be hundreds of women, with any one of whom he might be

more truly happy.
Well, this is in character from
you, Mifs Byron: but may I alk
you new, Which of the two gentlemen, Mr. Orme, or Mr. Fowler, were you obliged to have one of them, would you chuse?

Mr. Orme, I frankly answer.
Have I not told Mr. Fowler fo?

Well, then, what are your objections, may I alk, to Mr. Orme He is not a disagrecable man in his per-

fon. You own that you think him a good man. His fifter loves you; and you love her. What is your objection to Mr. Orme?'
I don't know what to fay. I hope

I should perform my duty to the man to whom I shall give my vows, be he who he will: but I am not in haste to marry. If a fingle woman thouse her own happiness, she will find that the time from eighteen to twenty-four is the happiest part of her life.

If she stay till she is twenty four, she has time to look about her, and if he has more lovers than one, is enabled to chuse without having reason,
on looking back, to repreach herself
for hastiness. Her fluttering, her
romantick age, (we all know something of it, I doubt) is over by
twenty-four, or it will hold too long, and the is then fit to take her refolutions, and to fettle. I have more than once hinted, that I should be afraid to engage with one who thinks too bigbly of me beforehand. Nothing violent can be lafting, and I could not bear, when I had given a man my heart with my hand, (and they never should be separated) that he should behave to me with less affection than he shewed to me before
I was his. As I wish not now to be
made an idol of, I may the more reafonably expect the conflancy due to friendship, and not to be affronted with his indifference after I have given him my whole felf. In other words, I could not bear to have my love flighted; or to be despited for it, instead of being encouraged to fhew it. And how shall extravagant passion warrant hopes of this nature -if the man be not a man of gratitude, of principle, and a man whose love is founded in reason, and whose object is mind, rather than person? 'But Mr. Orme,' replied Mr. Reeves, e is all this. Such, I believe, is his

Be it to. But if I cannot love him so well as to wish to be his, (a man, I have heard my uncle, as well as Sir Hargrave, say, is bit out; a woman is a man's;) if I cannot take delight in the thought of bearing my part of the yoke with him; in the be-lief that, in case of a contrariety of sentiments, I cannot give up my judgment, in points indifferent, from

the good opinion I have of bir; what but a fonducts for the state, and an irksomeness in my present fituation, could bias me in favour of any man? Indeed, my coufin, I must-love the man to whom I would give my hand, well enough to be able, on cool deliberation, to wife to be his wife; and for his fake (with my whole heart) chuse to quit the single state, in which I am very happy. And you are sure that your midst-

ference to Mr. Orme is not, either directly or indirectly, owing to his ob-sequious love of you; and to the milkiness of his nature, as Shakespeare calls it?

Very fure! All the leaning towards him that I have, in preference, as I think, to every other man who has beheld me with partiality, is, on the contrary, owing to the grateful fense I have of his respect to me, and to the gentleness of his nature. Does onot my behaviour to Mr. Greville, to Mr. Fenwick, to Sir Hargrave, compared with my treatment of Mr. Orme and Mr. Fowler, confirm what

'Then you are, as indeed I have always' thought' you, a nonfuch of a woman,

Not for your own lady, whom you first brought to pity you, as I have heard you fay, is an instance that I am not."

Well, that's true: but is she not, at the same time, an example, that pity melts the foul to love?"

'I have no doubt,' faid Mrs. Reeves, 'but Miss Byron may be brought to love the man she can pity.' But, Madam, faid I, did you not let pity grow into love, before you married Mr. Reeves?

I believe I did!' finiling. Well, then, I promise you, Mr. Reeves, when that comes to be the case with me, I will not give pain to a man I can like to marry.

' Very well,' replied Mr. Reeves: and I dare fay, that at last Mr. Orme will be the man. And yet how you will get off with Sir Hargrave, I cannot tell. For Lady Betty Williams, this very day, told me, that he declared to her, he was refolved you should be his. And she has promiled him all her interest with you,

" and with us: and is aftonished that you can refuse a man of his fortune and address, and who has many, very many, admirers, among people of the first rank.'

The baronet is at the door. I fuppose he will expect to see me.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON SIR Hargrave is just gone. He defired to talk with me alone. I thought I might very well decline obliging him, as he had never scrupled to say to me all he had a mind to say before my cou-sins; and as he had thought himself of consequence enough to behave moodily, and even made this request rather with an air of expectation, than of respect; and I accordingly defired to be excused. He stalked about. My counins, first one, then the other, withdrew. His behaviour had not been so agreeable, as to deferve this compliance: I was vexed they did.

He offered, as foon as they were gone, to take my hand.

I withdrew it.

' Madam,' faid he, very imperti-nently angry, 'you would not do thus to Mr. Greville: you would not do thus to any man but me.'

' Indeed, Sir, I would, were I left alone with him.'

'You see, Madam, that I cannot forbear visiting you. My heart and foul are devoted to you. I own I have pride. Forgive me; it is piqued. I did not believe I should have been rejected by any lady, who had no diflike to a change of condition, and was difengaged. You declare that you are so; and I am willing, I am desirous to believe you-And yet that Greville-

There he stopt, as expecting me to

fpeak.
To what purpose, Sir Hargrave,
do you expect an answer to what you hint about Mr. Greville? It is not my way to behave with incivility to any man who professes a regard for

' Except to me, Madam-

Self-partiality, Sir, and nothing elfe, could cause you to make this exception.

Well, Madam, but as to Mr. Grewille-

· Pray, Sir Hargrave-

4 And

And pray, Mile Byron I have never yet feen the man who is to be my hutband.

By G-, faid the wretch, fiercely, (almost in the language of Mr. Greville on the like occasion) but you have-And if you are not engaged. in your affections, the man is before

you.

If this, Sir Hargrave, is all you wanted to fay to me, and would not be denied faying it, it might have been faid before my coufins. I was

for leaving him.
You shall not go. I beg, Madam—' Putting himself between me and the door.

What farther would Sir Hargrave fay?' [Standing still, and angry.] What farther would Sir Hargrave

' Have you, Madam, a dislike to

matrimony

What right have you, Sir, to ask me this question?"

Do you ever intend to enter into

Rerhaps I may, if I meet with a man to whom I can give my whole

And cannot that man be I?-Let me implore you, Madam. I will kneel to you.' [And down he dropt on his knees.] I cannot live with-out you. For God's fake, Madam! Your pity, your mercy, your grati-tude, your love! I could not do this before any body, unless affured of favour. I implore your favour. Foolish man! It was plain, that this eneeling supplication was premedi-

O Sir, what undue humility !-Could I have received your address. none of this had been necessary.

Your pity, Madam, once more; f love!

Pray, Sir, rife. He fwore by his God, that he would not, till I had given him hope.

No hope can I give you, Sir. It would be cheating, it would be deluding you, it would not be honest, to give you hope. You objected to my morals, Ma-

dam : have you any other objection ?'

· Need there any other? But I can clear myfelf.

To God, and to your conscience,

then, do it, Sir. I want you not to clear yourfelf to me."

But, Madam, the clearing myfel?

to you, would be clearing myself to God and my conscience.

What language is this, Sir? But you can be nothing to me: indeed you can be nothing to me—Rife, Sir; "rife, or I leave you."

I made an effort to go. He eaught my hand, and arose—Then kissed it, and held it between both his.

For God's sake, Madam—

Pray, Sir Hargrave knowing your objections. My per fon, Madam-Forgive me, I am not used to boat - My perfon, Madam-

Peay, Sir Hargrave.

God bless you, Sir, with your for-

-Is not inconsiderable. My mo-

Pray, Sir Hargrave! Why this

-Are as unexceptionable as those of most young men of fashion in the

present age."

[\* I am forry if this betrue, thought

I to myfelf.]

You have reason, I hope, Sir, to be glad of that.

My descent—

'Is honourable, Sir, no doubt.'
My temper is not bad. I am thought to be a man of vivacity, and of chearfulness.—I have courage, Ma-dam—And this should have been feen, had I found reason to dread a competitor in your favour.

I thought you were enumerating your good qualities, Sir Hargrave."

'Courage, Madam, magnanimity

Are great qualities, Sir; courage in a right cause, I mean. Magnai nimity, you know, Sir, is greatness

And fo it is; and I hope-

And I, Sir Hargrave, hope you have great reason to be satisfied with your-telf: but it would be very grie-vous to me, if I had not the liberty to to act, to to govern myfelf, in els fential points; as should leave me as well fatisfied with my-felf."

This, I hope, may be the cafe ' Madam, if you encourage my paffion: and let me assure you, that no man breathing ever loved a woman as I love you. My person, my fortune, my morals, my descent, my semper, (a man in such a case as this may be allowed to do himself justice) all unexceptionable; let me die if I can account for your—your refusal of me in so peremptory, in so unceremonious a manner, slap-dash, unceremonious a manner, flap-dash, as I may fay, and not one objection to make, or which you will condefeend to make!

You fay, Sir, that you love me above all women? Would you, can you, be so little nice, as to wish to marry a woman who does not prefer you to all men?—If you are, let me tell you, Sir, that you have affigned a reason against yourself, which I think I ought to look upon as con-

I make no doubt, Madam, that my behaviour to you after marriage will induce you, in gratitude as well as

justice, to prefer me to all men! Your behaviour after marriage, Sir! - Never will I truft to that,

" Where what, Madam?"

No need of entering into particulars, Sir. You see that we cannot be of the same mind. You, Sir Hargrave, have no doubt of your

I know, Madam, that I should make it the bufinefs, as well as pleafure of my life, to deferve you.

You value yourfelf upon your

Only as it gives me power to make

Riches never yet, of themselves, made any body happy. I have al-

ready as great a fortune as I wish for.
You think yourself polite—'
Polite, Madam!—And I hope—' The whole of what I mean, Sir Hargrave, is this; you have a very high opinion of yourfelf: you may have reason for it; since you must know yourself, and your own heart, better than I can pretend to do. But would you, let me alk you, make choice of a woman for a wife, who frankly owns, that the cannot think fo highly, as you imagine the ought to think of you? In justice to your-

By my foul, Madam, haughtilt you are the only woman who could

Well, Sir, perhaps I am. But will not this fingularity convince you that I can never make you happy, noryou me? You tell me that you think'
highly of me; but if I cannot think'
fo highly of you, pray, Sir, let me
be intitled to the same freedom in my refusal that governs you in your

He walked about the room; and gave himself airs that shewed greater inward than even outward emotion

I had a mind to leave him; yet was not willing to withdraw abruptly, intending, and hoping, to put an end to all his expectations for the future. I therefore, in a manner, asked for leave to withdraw.

'I prefume, Sir, that nothing re-mains to be faid but what may be faid before my coulins.' And, curt-

feying, was going.

He told me, with a passionate air, that he was half distracted; and complained of the use I made of the power I had over him. And as I had near opened the door, he threw himself on his knees to me against it, and undefignedly hurt my finger with the lock. He was grieved. I made light of it,

though in pain, that he might not have an opportunity to flourth upon it, and to shew a tenderness which, I doubt, is

not very natural to him.

How little was I affected with bis kneeling, to what I was with the fame posture in Sir Rowland! Sir Hargrave fupplicated me as before. I was forced, in answer, to repeat some of the same things that I had said before,

I would fain have parted civilly. He would not permit me to do fo. Though he was on his knees, he mingled passion, and even indirect menaces, with his fupplications. I was forced to declare, that I never more would receive his vifits.

This declaration he vowed would make him desperate, and he cared not what became of him.

I often begged him to rife, but to no surpose; till I declared that I would flay no longer with him : and then he arofe, rapped out an oath or two; again called me proud and ungrateful; and followed me into the other room to my

the walked two or three turns out the room: at laft, ' Forgive the foom: at lat, Prigree, e. Mr. Reover, ford he, bowing to them; se fiffy to me— 'And you forbid by future vifts, Madam,' faid he, the face of malice.

I do, Sir, and that for both our fakes. You have greatly discom-

Next time, Madam, I have the honour of attending you, it will be, I hope. '{He flopped a moment, but fill looking fiercely} 'to a happier parpole.' And away he went.

Aur. Reeves was offended with him,

and discouraged me not in my resolu-tion to avoid receiving his future visits. You will now, therefore, hear very little further in my letters of this Sir Harweste Pollandon.

Hargrave Pollession.

And yet I wish I do not see him very soon. But it will be in company enough, if I do: at the masquerade I mean, to morrow night; for he never miles going to fuch emertainments.

Our dieffer are ready. Mr. Reeves ody Burry, a lady abbass; but I by means like mure, because of it's united; the very thing I was afraid

They call it the dress of an Apradian rinces: but it falls not in with any of my notions of the passons dress of Ar-

A white Paris not fast of cap, glic-tering with spangles, and encircled by a chaplet of artificial flowers, with a Earle white feather perking from the left ear, is to be my frond dress.

My male is Venetian.

Me hair is to be complimented with n appearance, because of it's natural inglete, as they call my surle, and to inde my neck.

Fusion and ruffles, bland less

Inde my neck.

Their and ruffles, bland lace.

My fhape is also said to be consulted in this dreis. A kind of wastener, of idue fattin trimmed with silver Point d'Espagne, the skiete edged with silver fringe, is made to fit close to my vaist by double clusse, a small silver tallel at the ends of each clusse, all set off with langles and spangles, which make a lister alitter. But a an to be allowed a kind of

f of white Persian filk; which,

gathered at the top, is to be faltened to

Bracelets on my arms.

They would have given me a crook, but I would not submit to that. It would give me, I said, an air of confidence to aim to manage it with any tolerable freedom; and I was apprehensive, that I should not be thought to want that from the dress itself. A large Indian san was not improper for the expected warmth of the place; and that contented me.

My petticoat is of blue sattin, trimmed and fringed as my waittent. I am not to have a hoop that is perceivable. They wore not hoops in Arcadia.

What a sparkling figure shall I make! Had the ball been what they call a subscription-ball, at which people dees with more glare than at a common one, this dress would have

been more tolerable.

But they all fay, that I shall be kept in countenance by malts as extravagant, and even more ridiculous.

Be that as it may, I wish the night were over. I dare fay it will be the last diversion of this kind I ever shall be at, for I never had any notion of

masquerades,
Expect particulars of all in my
next. I reckon you will be impatient for them. But pray, my Lucy, be fanciful, as I formetimes am, and let me know how you think every thing will be beforehand; and how many pretty fellows you imagine, in this drafe, will be flain by your

HARRIET BYRON.

#### LETTER XXIII.

MR. REEVES, TO GRORGE SELBY, ESQ

DE AB MR. BELEY)

of them Plyes,

PRIDAY, FEB. 17. NO one, at present, but yourself, must see the contents of what I

am going to write.
You must not be too much surprized.
But how shall I tell you the news;
the dreadful news!—My wife has been
ever since three this morning in violent hyftericks upon it.

You must not-But how shall I fay,

ou must not be too much affected, en we are unable to support our-

O my coulin Selby! we know not what is become of our dearest Miss

Byron.

I will be as particular as my grief and furprise will allow. There is a mill find. and surprise will allow. There is a necessity for it, as you will find. Mr. Greville, as I apprehend—But

to particulars first.

We were last night at the ball in the Hay Market.

The chairmen who carried the dear creature, and who, as well as our chairmen, were engaged for the night, were inveigled away to drink formewhere. They promifed Wilson, my cousin's fervant, to return in half an hour.

It was then but little more than

twelve

Wilson waited near two hours, and they not returning, he hired a chair to

fupply their place.

een two and three, we all agreed to go home. The dear creature was fatigued with the notice every body took of her. Every body admired her. She wanted to go before; but Lady Betty prevailed on her to stay a little longe

I waited on her to her chair, and wher in it before I attended Lady

Betty and my wife to theirs.

I faw that neither the chair I faw that neither the chair, nor the chairmen, were those who brought her. I asked the meaning; and received the

She hurried into it because of her dress, and being warm, and no less than four gentlemen following her to the very chair.

It was then near three.

I ordered Wilson to bid the chairmen stop, when they had got out of th

crowd, till Lady Betty's chair, and mine, and my wife's, joined them.

I faw her chair move, and Wilson, with his lighted flambeaus, before it; and the four masks, who followed her to the chair, return into the house.

When our fervants could not find that her chair had flopped, we fupposed that, in the hurry, the fellow heard not my orders; and directed our chairmen to proceed, not doubting but we should find her got home before us.

We had before agreed to be carried rectly home; declining Lady Betty's

invitation to refume our own dreffes at her house, where we dreffed for the

We were very much furprized a finding her not arrived: but concluding that, by mistake, she was carried to Lady Betty's, and was there exp ing us, we fent thither immediately

But, good God! what was our con-flernation, when the fervants brought us word back, that Lady Betty had not either feen or heard of her?

Mr. Greville, as I apprehend.

But let me give you all the lights on hich I ground my furnifes.

Last night Lady Betty Williams had a hint given her, as she informed me at the masquerade, that Mr. Greville, who took leave of my cousin on Tues day evening in order to fet out for Nor-thamptonfaire the next morning, was neither gone, nor intended to go; being, on the contrary, refolved to con-tinue in town perdue, in order towatch my confin's vifiters.

He had indeed told her, that fire would have half a dozen fpies up hery and threw out fome hints of rea-

Sir Hargrave Polleufen, in a Harle-quin drefs, was at the ball; he foon discovered our lovely cousin, and, not-withfunding his former Ill-nature on being rejected by her, addressed her with the politeness of a man secus-tomed to publish alarge.

tomed to publick places.

He found me out at the fide-board a little before we were off; and afted me, if I had not from Mr. Greville

there; I faid, ' No."

He asked me, if I had not observed a mask distinguished by a broad-brimmed, half-slouched hat, with a high slat crown, a short black cloak, a dark-lanthorn in his hand, holding it up to every one's mask; and who, he said, was faluted by every body as Guido Vanxe, that person, he said, was Mr. Greville. Greville.

Greville.

I did, indeed, observe this person; but recollected not, that he had the air of Mr. Greville; but thought him a much more bulky man. But that, as he intended to have it supposed he had left the town, might be easily managed.

Mr. Greville, you know, is a man.

of enterprise.

He came to town, having professono other material business but to g obstruction to my coufus's viliters. He faw the had two new ones. He talked at first of staying in town, and partaking of it's diversions, and even of

bespeaking a new equipage.

But all of a sudden, though expecting Mr. Fenwick would come up, he presended to leave the town, and to set out directly for Northamptonshire, without having obtained any concession from my coufin in his favour.

Laying all these circumstances together, I think it is hardly to be doubted, but Mr. Greville is at the bottom of this black affair.

You will, therefore, take fuch ftep on these lights as your prudence will suggest to you. If Mr. Greville is not come down—If Mr. Fenwick—What would I say?

The less noise, however, the affair makes till we can come at certainty,

How I dread what that certainty may be !- Dear creature !

But I am fine you will think it ad-viscable to keep this dreadful affair from her poor grandmother—and I hope your good lady—yet ber prudent advice may be necessary.

I have fix people out at different parts of the town, who are to make enquiries

among chairmen, coachmen, &c. Her new fervant cannot be a villain What can one fay?-What can one think?

We have fent to his fifter, who Recps an inn in Smithfield. She has

ard nothing of him.

I have fent after the chairmen who carried her to this curfed masquerade. dy Betty's chairmen, who had provided the chairs, know them and their number. They were traced with a fare from White's to Berkeley Square.

Something may be discovered by means of those fellows, if they were tampered with. They are afraid, I suppose, to come to demand their but half-earned money. Woe be to them

if they come out to be rafcals!

I had half a fuspicion of Sir Hargrave, as well from the character given us of him by a friend of mine, as because of his unpolite behaviour to the dear creature on her rejecting him : and fent to his house in Cavendish Square, to know if he were at home; and if he were, at what time he returned from

Answer was brought that he was in

bed, and they supposed would not be stirring till dinner-time, when he ex pected company: and that he returned not from the ball till between four and five this morning. We fent to Mr. Greville's lodgings.

He has actually discharged them; and the people think, (as he told them so) that he is let out for the country. But he is master of contrivances enough to manage this. There can be no thought that he would give out otherwise to them, than he did to us. Happy, had we found him not gone.

Mr. Greville muft be the man!

You will be so good as to dispatch the bearer instantly with what information can be got about Mr. Greville. Ever, ever yours!

ARCHIBALD REEVES.

#### LETTER XXIV.

MR. SELBY, TO ARCHIBALD REEVES, ESQ.

IN ANSWER TO THE PRECEDING.

SATURDAY, PER. 18. Mr. Reeves !- Dear fweet child! Flower of the world!

But how could I keep fuch dreadful tidings within my own breaft?

How could I conceal my confernation?-My wife faw it. She would know the cause of it.

I could not tell her the fatal news-

fatal news, indeed! It will be immediate death to her poor grandmother—
We must keep it from her as long as we can that keep it from her!

And is the dearest creature spirited.

Masquerades, I have generally heard faid, were more filly than wicked : but they are now, I am convinced, the

most profligate of all diversions.

Almost distracted, confin! — You may well be so; we shall all be quite distracted—Dear, dear creature! what may the not have fuffered by this

Why parted we with such a jewel

out of our light!

You would not be denied: you swould have her to that curfed town

Some damn'd villain, to be fure!

Greville was feen, late last night, alighting at his own house from a postchaise. He had nobody with him.

chaife. He had nobody with him.

In half an hour, late as it was, he feat his compliments to us, to let us know that he had left the dear child well, and (in his ufual file) happier than she would make him. He knows that our lives are bound up in hers.

Find out where the is: and find her the and well; or we will never forgive those who were the cause of her going to London.

Dear foul! the was over perfuaded!

-he was not fond of going !

The fweetest, obliging creature!— What it now become of her!—What, by this time, may she not have suffered!—

Search every where—But you will, no doubt!—Sufpect every body—This Lady Betty Williams—Such a plot must have a woman in it. Was she not Sir Hargrave's friend?—This Sir Hargrave—Greville it could not be. Had we not the proof I mentioned, Greville, bad as he is, could not be such a villain.

The first moment you have any tidings, bad or good, spare no expense-

GREVILLE was this moment here.
We could not fee him. We did not let him know the matter.

He is gone away, in great furprize, on the fervants telling him that we had received fome bad news, which made us unfit to fee any body. The fervants could not tell him what; yet they all guess by your livery, and by our grief, that something has befallen their beloved young lady. They are all in tears—And they look at us, when they attend us, with such inquisitive, yet filent grief!—We are speechiefs before them; and tell them our wills by motions, and not by words.

Good God!—After so many happy years!—Happy in ourselves! to be at haft, in so short a time, made the most miserable of wretches!

But this had not been, if—But no more—Good God of Heaven, what will become of my poor aunt Shirley!—Lucy, Nancy, will go distracted—But no more—Hasten your next—And forgive this distracted letter. I know

not what I have written t but I am

16 Lymbar Grorge Sauby.

# LETTER XXV.

MR. REEVES, TO SHORGE SELEY,

IN CONTINUATION OF LETTER SEHIS

ADY Betty's chairmen have found out the first chairmen.

or desid and post in door de

The fellows were made almost deads drunk. They are fure fomething was put into their liquor. They have been hunting after the footmen, who conticed them, and drank them down. They describe their livery to be brown, trimmed and turned up with yellow, and are in the service of a merchant's relict, who lives either in Mark Land or Mineing Lane, they forgot which a but have not yet been able to find them, out. Their lady, they said, was at the masquerade. They were very officious to scrape acquaintance with them. We know not any body who gives this livery: so no lights can be obtained by this part of the information. A cursed, deep-laid villainy — The fellows are resolved, they say, to find out these stoomen, if aboveground; and the chairmen who were hired on their failure.

Every hour we have one messenger or other returning with something to say; but hitherto with nothing to the purpose. This has kept me within. O. Mr. Selby, I know not what to direct! I know not what to do! I send them out again as fast as they return a yet rather show my despair than my hope.

Surely this villainy must be Mr. Greville's. Though I have but just dispatched away my servant to you. I amampatient for his return.

I will write every hour as any thing offers, that I may have a letter ready to fend you by another man the moment we hear any thing. And yet I expect not to hear any thing material, but from you.

We begin to suspect the servant (that Wilson) whom my cousin so lately hired. Were be clear of the matter, either he, or the chairmen he hired.

bired, must have been heard of ... Her ther my brother's life may be in donwould have returned. They could not all three be either murdered or fe-

These cursed masquerades ! - Never

will I-

O Mr. Selby! Her fervant is, must be a villain! — Sarah, my dear cou-fin's fervant, (my poor wife can think of nothing; she is extremely ill:) Sarah took it into her head, to have the rah took it into her head, to have the specious rascal's trunk broke open. It selt light; and he had talked, but the night before, of his stock of cloaths and linen to the other servants. There was nothing of value found in it; not of sixpence value. The most specious villain, if a villain. Every body liked him. The dear treature herself was pleased with him. He knew every thing, and every body.—Cursed be he for his adroitness and knowledge! We had made too many enquiries after a had made too many enquiries after a fervant for her. they twee was

ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

I AM just returned from Smithfield; from the villain's fifter. He comes out to be a villain—This Wilson I

-A practifed villain!

The woman shook her head at the enquiry which I made, half out of breath, after what was become of him. She was afraid, she said, that all was not right: but was fure her brother had not robbed.

He had been guilty, I faid, of a villainy that was a thousand times

worse than robbery.

She was inquisitive about it; and I

hinted to her what it was.

Her brother, she said, was a young man of parts and understanding, and would be glad, she was sure, of getting a livelihood by honest services. It was a fad thing that there should be such masters in the world as would put

fervants upon bad practices.

I asked after the character of that Bagenhall, whose service her brother aft lived in; and, imprudently, I threatened her brother

Ah, Sir!' was all the answer she

made, shaking her head.

I repeated my question, Who was that Bagenhall? Excuse me, Sir, 'said she, 'I will

give no other answer till I hear whe-

ger or not.' She abhorred, the faid, all afe practices as much as any body ould do; and the was forry for the ady, and for me.

I then offered to be the making of her brother, were it possible to engage him before any violence was done to the lady. I asked, if she knew where to fend to him.

Indeed, she did not. She dared to fay, she should not hear of him for one while. Whenever he had been drawn in to affift in any out-of-the-way pranks, [See, Mr. Selby, a prac-tifed villain!] he kept away from her till all was blown over. Those who would take such steps, she feared, would by this time have done the mischief.

How I raved!

I offered her money, a handsome knew of that Bagenhall, or of any of her brother's employers: but she re-fused to say one word more, till she knew whether her brother's life were likely to be affected or not.

I left her, and haltened home, to enquire after what might have happened in my absence: but will soon see her again, in hopes she may be wrought; upon to drop some hints, by which something may be discovered—But all this time, what may be the fate of the dear sufferer !- I cannot bear my own

thoughts!

Lady Betty is inexpressibly grieved.
I have dispatched a man and horse (God knows to what purpose!) to a friend I have at Reading, to get him to enquire after the character of this Bagenhall. There is such a man, and he is a man of pleasure, as Sir John Allestree informs me.—Accursed vil-lain, this Wilson! He could not bear with his mafter's constant bad hours, and profligate course of life, as he told our servants, and Mrs. Sarah!—Specious impostor!

ONE O'CLOCK LADY Betty's chairmen have found out, and they brought with them one of the fellows whom that vile Wilson hired. The other was afraid to come. I have fecured this fellow: yet, he feems to be ingenuous; and I have promifed, that if he prove innocent, he shall be rewarded instead of punished;

and the two chairmen, on this promife, are gone to try to prevail upon his partner to come, were it but to re-leafe the other, as both infifted upon their innocence.

And now will you be impatient to know what account this fellow gives. O Mr. Selby! the dear, dear crea-ture!—But, before I can proceed, I

must recover my eyes.

TWO O'CLOCK.

This fellow's name is Macpherson. His partner's, M'Dermot. Macpherson's account of the matter.

Wilson hired them to carry his young lady to Paddington-To Paddington!

A vile dog!—
They objected diffance and danger; the latter, as Macpherson owns, to heighten the value of the service.

As to the danger, Wilson told him, they would be met by three others of his fellow-fervants, armed, at the first fields: and as to the distance, they would be richly rewarded; and he gave them a crown a piece earnest, and treated them besides with brandy.

To prevent their curiofity, and entirely to remove their difficulties, the villain told them, that his young lady was an heires, and had agreed to go off from the masquerade with her lover: but that the gentleman would not ap-pear to them till she came to the very house to which she was conveyed.

' She thinks,' faid the hellish villain, ' that she is to be carried to May Fair Chapel, and to be married di-rectly; and that the minister (unsea-fonable as the hour is) will be there in readiness. But the gentleman, who is a man of the utmost honour, intends first to try whether he cannot obtain her friends consent. So when the finds her way lengthened, pro-ceeded the vile wretch, the will per-haps be frightened, and will ask me questions. I would not for the world disoblige her; but here she must be cheated for her own fake; and when all is over, will value me the more for the innocent imposture. But, whatever orders she may give you, observe none but mine, and follow me. You shall be richly rewarded, repeated the miscreant. Should she even ery out, mind it not: the is full of fears; and hardly holds in one mind for an hour together.

He farther cautioned them not to answer any questions which might posfibly be asked of them by the person who should conduct his young lady to her chair; but refer to himself: and in case any other chairs were to go in company with hers, he bid them fall behind, and follow his slambeaux.

Macpherson fays, that she drew the curtains close (because of her dress, no

doubt) the moment I had left her, after feeing her in the chair.

The fellows, thus prepoffessed and instructed, speeded away, without stopping for our chairs. Yet the dear creature must have heard me give that

They had carried her a great way before the called out: and then the call-ed three times before they would hear her: at the third time they stopt, and her fervant asked her commands. ' Where am I, William?' faid the, ' Just at home, Madam,' answered her Surely you have taken a strange round-about way? — We are come about," said the rascal, on purpose to avoid the crowd of chairs and coaches."

They proceeded onwards, and were joined by three men, as Wilson had told them they would; but they fan-cied one of them to be a gentleman; for he was muffled up in a cloak, and had a filver-hilted fword in his hand a but he spake not. He gave no direc-tions; and all three kept aloof, that they might not be feen by her.

At Marybone, the again called out.
William, William! faid the, with vehemence: 'the Lord have mercy upon me! Where are you going to chairmen! Set me down! - Wil-· liam !- Call my fervant, chairmen !

Dear foul! Her fervant! Her devil!
The chairmen called him. They
lifted up the head. The fide-curtains
were ftill undrawn; and M'Dermot
ftood fo close, that she could not see far before her. 'Did you not tell me,' faid the villain to them, ' that it was not far about?—See how you have frighted my lady!—Madam, we are now almost at home.

They proceeded with her, faying they had, indeed, miltaken their way; but they were just there; and hurried

She then undrew the fide-curtain. Good God of heaven protect me!

they heard her fay I am in the midit of fields 1' They were then at

They heard her pray! and Mac-pherfor faid, he began then to con-elude that the saly was too amount frightened, and too pions, to be in a

But, nevertheless, beckuned by their will amous guide, they hurried on a and then she screened out and harmening then she screamed out; and happening to see one of the three men, she beg-ged his help, for God's sake.

The fellow blustered at the chair-

men, and bid them flop. She asked for Grosvenor Street: She was to be carried, the faid, to Grofvenor Street.

She was just those, that fellow faid.

It ican't be, Sir! bit can't be!

Don't I fee fields all about me!

um in the midst of fields, Sir!

Grofvenor Square, Madam, re-plied that villain; the trees and gar-den of Grofvenor Square.
What a frange way have you come about! cried her miscreant;

and then trod out his flambeau; while another fellow took the chairm antem from them; and they had only little glimmering far light to guide

She then, poor dear foul I foreamed to difinally, that Macpherson said, it went to his heart to hear her. But they following Wilfon, who told them they were just landed, that was his word, he led them up a long gardenwalk by a back way. One of the three men having got before, opened the garden-door, and held it in his hand; and by the time they got to the house to which the garden seemed to belong, the dear creature crassed screaming.

They too well faw the cause when they fropt with her. She was in a fit.

Two women, by the affishance of the perion in the cloak, helped her out, with great feeming tenderness. They faid fomething in praise of her beauty, and expressed themselves concerned for her, as if they were afraid the was put recovery: which apparently frartled the man in the cloak

Wilson entered the house with those who carried in the dear creature; but foon came out to the chairmen. They w the man in the cloak (who hung about the villain, and hugged him, an in joy) give the vafeal mendy who chen put a guines into each of their hands; and conveyed them through the garden again, to the door at which they entered; but refused them light, even so much as that of their own candle and lantern. However, he fent over rough and dirty bye-ways into a path that pointed London-ward; but plainly fo much about, with design to make it difficult for them to find out the place again.

The other fellow is brought hither :

he tells exactly the fame flory.

I affect of both, what fort of a man he in the cloak was: but he fo carefully muffled himfelf up, and fo little ap-peared to them, either walking after them, or at the house, that I could

gain no light from their description.

On their promise to be forth-coming, I have suffered them to go with Lady Betty's chairmen, to try if they can trace out their own footsteps, and find the place.

How many hopeless things must a man do, in an exigence, who knows not what is right to be done!

I have enquired of Ludy Betty, who it was that told her Mr. Greville was not gone out of town, but intended to lie perdue; and the named her informant. I asked how the discourse came in. She owned, a little aukwardly. I asked, whether that lady knew Mr. Greville. She could not fay whether the did or not.

I went to that lady; Mrs. Preston, in New Bond Street. She had her intelligence, she told me, from Sir Har-grave Pollexsen; who had hinted to ber, that he should take such notice of Mr. Greville, as might be attended with consequences; and she was the readier to intimate this to Lady Betty, in order to prevent mischief.

Now, Mr. Selby, as the intimation that the dark-lantern figure at the masquerade was Mr. Greville, came from Sir Hargrave, and nobody else, and we saw nothing of him ourselves a bow do we know—And yet Mr. Greville intended that we should believe im to be out of town-Yet even that ministron came from Sir Hargrave-And furthermore, was it not likely that he would take as much care to conceal himfelf from Sir Hargrave, as from us ?- I will go infrantly to Sir

Hargrave's

Hargrave's house: he was to dine at home, and with company. If I cannot see him—if he should be absent—But no more till I return.

O. Mr. Selby! I believe I have wronged Mr. Greville. The dear foul, I am afraid, is fallen into even worse

ds than his. I went to Sir Hargrave's house, He was not at home. He was at home. He had company with him. He was not to be spoken with. These were the different answers given me by his porter, with as much confusion as I had impatience; and yet it was evident to me, that he had his lesson given him. In short, I have reason to think, that Sir Hargrave came not homesall night. The man in the cloak, I doubt, was he. Now, does all that Sir John Allestree said of the malicious wick-edness of this devilish man, and his arrogant behaviour to our dear Miss Byron, on her rejecting him, come fresh into my memory. And is she, can she be, fallen into the power of such a man?—Rather, much rather, may my first surmises prove true. Greville is, furely, (exceptionable as he is) a better man, at least a better-natured man, than this; and he can have

The four chairmen are just returned. They think they have found the place; but having gained some intelligence, (intelligence which distracts me!) they

no thoughts less honourable than mar-riage: but this villain, if he be the villain—I cannot, I dare not, pursue

hurried back for directions.

They had asked a neighbouring alehouse keeper, if there were not a long garden, (belonging to the house they su-spected) and a back-door out of it to a dirty lane and fields. He answered in the affirmative. The front of this

house faces the road.

the thought.

They called for fome hot liquors, and asked the landlord after the owners. He knew nothing of harm of them, he said. They had lived there near a twelvementh in reputation. The family confided of a widow, whose name is Awberry, her fon and two daughters. The fon (a man of about thirty years of age) has a place in the Cuftom House, and only came down on Saturday, and went up on Monday,

But an odd circumstance, he said, had alarmed him that very morning.

He was at first a little shy of telling what it was. He loved, he said, to mind his own business; what other people did, was nothing to him: but at last he told them, that about fix o'clock in the morning he was waked by the trampling of horses; and looking out of his window, saw a chariot and fix, and three or four men on horseback, at the widow Awberry's horseback, at the widow Awberry door. He got up. The footmen and coachmen were very buft, not calling for a drop of liquor, though his doors were open: a rare instance, he faid, where there were so many men-servants together, and a coachman one of them. This, he faid, could not but give a greater edge to his curiofity.

About seven o'clock, one of the widow's daughters came to the door, with a lighted candle in her hand, and directed the chariot to drive up close to the house. The alchouse-keeper then flipt into an arbour-like porch, next door to the widow's; where he had not been three minutes, before he faw two persons come to the door; the one a tall gentleman in laced cloaths, who had his arms about the other, a person of middling stature, wrapt up in a scar-let cloak; and resisting, as one in great distress, the other's violence, and begging not to be put into the chariot, in voice and accent that evidently shewed

it was a woman.

The gentleman made vehement protestations of honour; but lifted the telfations of honour; but lifted the lady into the chariot. She firuggled, and feemed to be in agonies of grief; and on being lifted in, and the gentleman going in after her, the fcreamed out for help; and he observed, in the ftruggling, that she had on, under her cloak, a filver-laced habit; [The masquerade habit, no doubt!] her fcreams ing grew fainter and fainter, and her voice founded to him as if her mouth were stopped; and the gentleman feem-ed to speak high, as if he threatened

Away drove the chariot. The fervants rode after it.

In about half an hour, a coach and four came to the widow's door; the widow and her two daughters went into it, and took the fame road.

The alchouse-keeper had afterwards the curiosity to ask the maid-servant.

in ignorant country wench, whither her miftrefies went fo early in the morning? She answered, they were gone to Windfor, or that way, and would not return, the believed, in a

O this damned Sir Hargrave! He as a house upon the forest. I have no oubt but he is the villain. Who knows what injuries the dear creature might have fultained before the was forced into the chariot?—God give me patience! Dear foul! her prayers! her firuggling! her crying out for help! her mouth stopt! O the villain!

I have ordered as many men and

horses as two of my friends can furnish me with, to be added to two of my own, (we shall be nine in all) to get ready with all speed. I will pursue the villain to the world's end, but I will find him.

Our first course shall be to his house at Windfer. If we find him not there; we will proceed to that Bagenhall's, near Reading: It would be but long time, were I

to go now to Paddington: and when the vile widow and her daughters are gone from home, and only an ignorant each left, what can we learn of her mere than is already told to us?

I have, however, accepted Lady Betty's offer of her fleward's going with the two chairmen, to get what farther intelligence he can from Pad-

dington, against my return.

1 shall take what I have written with me, to form from it a letter less burrying, less alarming, for your pe-rufal, than th's that I have written at fuch fnatches of time, and under fuch . dreadful uncertainties, would be to you, were I to fend it; that is to fay, if I have time, and if I am able to write with any certainty-O that dreaded certainty!

At four in the morning the fix men I borrow, and myfelf, and two of my fervants, well armed, are to rendezgrievous that another night must pass. But fo many people cannot be got to-gether as two or three might.

My poor wife has made me promise where the affiftance of peace-officers, wherever I find either the villain, or the suffering angel.

Where the road parts, we shall divide, and enquire at every turnpike;

and thall agree upon our places of

I am haraffed to death; but my mind is the greatest fufferer.

O, my dear Mr. Selby! we bave fid-ings—God be praired, we have tid-ings!—not fo happy, indeed, as were to be wished: yet the dear creature is living, and in honourable hands—God be praised!

Read the inclosed letter, directed

to me.

SIR.

activities.

MISS Byron is in fafe and ho-nourable hands.

The first moment she could give any account of herself, she befought me to quiet your heart, and your lady's, with this information.

' She has been cruelly treated. Particulars, at prefent, the cannot

She was many hours speechles.

But don't fright yourselves: her

fits, though not less frequent, are

weaker and weaker. . The bearer will acquaint you who

my brother is; to whom you owe the preservation and safety of the loveliest woman in England: and he will direct you to a house where you will be welcome, with your lady, (for Miss Byron cannot be removed) to convince yourfelves that all possible care is taken of her, by, Sir, your bumble fervant,

CHARLOTTE GRANDISON.

FRIDAY, FEB. 37.

In fits!—Has been cruelly treated!— Many bours speechless!—Cannot be re-moved! Her solicitude, though hardly herfelf, for our eafe !- Dearest, dear creature !- But you will rejoice with me, my coufins, that the is in fuch honourable hands.

What I have written must now go. I have no time to transcribe.

I have fent to my two friends, to let them know, that I shall not have

She is at a nobleman's house, the

Earl of L. near Colnebrook.

My wife, haraffed and fatigued in mind as the has been on this occasion,

and poorly in health, wanted to go with me: but it is best first for me to See how the dear creature is.

I shall set out before day, on horse-back. My servant shall carry with him a portmanteau of things, ordered by my wife. My cousin must have made a strange appearance, in her masquerade dress, to her deliverer.

The honest man who brought the letter, [He looks remarkably so; but had he a less agreeable countenages.

had he a lefs agreeable countenance, he would have been received by us as an angel, for his happy tidings] was but just returned from Windsor, whither he had been fent early in the morning, to transact some business, when he was dispatched away to us with the welcome letter. He could not, therefore, he so particular as we wished him. What he gathered was from the house-keeper; the men-servants, who were in the fray, [A fray there was 1] being gone to town with their master. But what we learnt from

him, is, briefly, as follows. His mafter is Sir Charles Grandison; gentleman who has not been long in England. I have often heard mention of his father, Sir Thomas, who died not long ago. This honest man knew not when to stop in his master's praise. He gives his young lady also an excel-

lent character.

Sir Charles was going to town in his chariot and fix when he met (most happily met!) our distressed cousin.

Sir Hargrave is the villain.

I am heartily forry for fulpecting

Mr. Greville.

Sir Charles had earnest business in town; and he proceeded thither, after he had refcued the dear creature, and committed her to the care of his fifter. God for ever blefs him!

The vile Sir Hargrave, as the fervant understood, was wounded. Sir Charles, it seems, was also hurt. Thank God it was so slightly, as not to hinder him from pursuing his jour-

ney to town after the glorious act.

I would have given the honest man a handsome gratuity: but he so earnestly belought me to excuse him, declaring that he was under an obligation to the most generous of masters to decline all gifts, that I was obliged to with-draw my hand.

I will speed this away by Richard Fennel. I will soon send you farther

farther particulars by the post a not una

happy ones, I hope, is the man is amife. in a letter, the greatest part of which was written in such a dreadful uncer! tainty, and believe, that I will be ever yours,

ARCHIBALD REEVES!

#### LETTER XXVI.

Could the someous house.

MR. REEVES, TO GEORGE SELBY, the it would be \$50 to med it would

DOLLY CHEEK OF DECEMBER. DEARSIR, SAT. FEB. 18. Am just returned from visiting my beloved coufin. You will be glad of every minute particular, as I can give it to you, relating to this shock? ing affair; and to her protector and his lifter. There are not such another brother and fifter in England.

I got to the hospitable manhon by nine this morning. I enquired after Miss Byron's health: and, on giving in my name, was shewn into a hand-some parlour, elegantly furnished.

Immediately camedown to me a ver greeable young lady; Miss Grandi? fon. I gave her a thousand thanks for the honour of her letter, and the joyful information it had given me of the fafety of one so deservedly dear to us.

She must be an excellent young lady, answered the. I have just left her-you must not see her yet-

Ah, Madam! faid I, and looked furprized and grieved, I believe Don't affright yourfelf, Sire Mift Byron will do very well but the

must be kept quiet. She has had a

happy deliverance—She—'
O Madam,' interrupted I, 'your'
generous, your nable brother—'
Is the best of men, Mr. Reeves!

his delight is in doing good.—And, as to this adventure, it has made him;

But is my coulin, Madam, fo ill; that I cannot be allowed to fee her for

wind he we She is but just come out of a fit; She fell into it in the relation the would have made of her flury, on mentioning the villain's name by whom the has fuffered. She could give only broken and imperfect accounts of herfelf all day yestenlaw.

or you had heard from me fooner. en you fee her, you must be ve when you lee her, you must be very cautious of what you fay to her. We have a skilful physician, by whose advice we proceed.
God for ever bless you, Madam!
He has not long left her. He advices quiet. She has had a very bad wifes quiet. She has had a very bad wifes quiet.

night. Could the compose herself, could she get a little natural rest, the cure is performed. Have you breakfasted, Sir?'

Breakfasted, Madam !- My Impatience to fee my coufin allowed me not to think of breakfaft.

You must breakfast with me, Sir. And when that is over, if the is to-lerable, we will acquaint her with your arrival, and go up together. I read your impatience, Sir: we will make but a very thort breakfasting.

I was just going to breakfast?

She rang. It was brought in.
I longed, I faid, as we fat at tea, to be acquainted with the particulars of the happy deliverance.

We avoid asking any questions that may affect her.

that may affect her. I know very little of the particulars myself. My brother was in haste to get to town. The fervants that were with him at the time, hardly difmounted: he doubted not but the lady (to whom he referred me for the gratifying my curiofity) would be able to tell me every thing. But the fell into fits; and, as I told you, was fo ill, on the recollection of what the had fuf-

Good God!' faid I, what muft the dear creature have fuffered!

That we thought fit to reftrain our curiosity, and so must you, till we see Sir Charles. I expect him 4 before noon,

'I am told, Madam, that there was a skirmish. I hope sir Charles—'I hope so too, Mr. Reeves, interrupted she. 'I long to see my brother as much as you can do to fee your coufin—But, on my apprehentions, he affiued me, upon his honour, that he was but very flightly hurt. Sir Charles is no qualifier, Sir, when he ftakes his honour, be the occasion either light or ferious. I faid, I doubted not but she was try much surprized at a lady's being rought in by Sir Charles, and in a trefs to fantatick.

chamber; but haftened down at the first word, to receive and welcome the stranger. My maid, out of breath, burst into my room—" Sir Charles, Madam, besteches you "Charles, Madam, beferches you this moment to come down. He this moment to come down. He has faved a lady from robbers;" (that was her report) "a very fine lady! and is come back with her. He begs that you will come down this inflant."

'I was too much furprized at my brother's unexpected return, and too much affected with the lady's visible much affected with the lady's visible mine affected with the lady's visible mine affected with the lady's visible mine.

much affected with the lady's visible grief and terror, to attend to her drafs, when I first went down. She was fitting, dreadfully trembling, and Sir Charles next her, in a very tender manner, assuring her of his, and of his fister's kindest protection.

I faluted her, continued the lady, Welcome, welcome! thrice welcome; to this house and to me!—"

She threw herfelf on one knee to me. Diftrefs had too much humbled her. Sir Charles and I raised her to her feat. "You fee before you, " Madam," faid the, "a ftrange creature," and looked at her drefs;
ture, hope you will believe I am an
innocent one. This vile appearance was not my choice. Fie upon
me! I must be thus dreffed out for a me! I must be thus dressed out for a masquerade; hated diversion! I newer had a notion of it.—Think noe hardly, Sir, "turning to Sir Charles, her hands classed and held up, "of her whom you have so generously delivered.—Think not hardly of me, "I am not a bad creature. That vile, vile man!—"She could say no more.
"Charlotte," said my brother, you will make it your first care to raise the spirits of this injured beauty; your next, to take her direct tions, and inform her friends of her tions, and inform her triends of tafety. Such an admirable young lady as this cannot be miffed an hour, without exciting the fears of all her friends for her. I repeat, Madam, that you are in honor " hands. My fifter will have pleafure in obliging you."

She wished to be convoyed to town; but looking at her dress, I

offered her cloaths of mine; and my brother faid, if the were very earnest and thought herfelf able to go, h

would take horfe, and leave the cha-

riot, and he was fure that I would at-tend her thither.

Bus before the could declare her acceptance of this offer, as the feem-ed joyfully ready to do, her fpirits failed her, and the fails down at my

Sir Charles just staid to see her come to herself; and then—"Sister," faid he, "the lady cannot be removed. Let Dr. Holmes be sent for instantly. I know you will give ther your best attendance. I will be her your best attendance. I will be with you before noon to-morrow? The lady is too low, and too weak, to be troubled with questions now. Johnson will be back from Windsor. Let him take her commands to any of her friends.—Adieu, dear Madam [=="" [ Your cousin, Sir, seemed likely to faint again.] "Support yourself." Repeating, "You are in Jase and honourable hands; bowing to her, as she bowed in set turn, but spokenor.—"Adieu, Charlotte!" And away went the best of " lotte!" And away went the best of

And "God Almighty blefs him,"

dis Grandison then told me, that the house I was in belonged to the Barl of L. who had lately married her elder fifter. About three months ago, they fet out, the faid, to pay a visit to my lord's estate and relations in Scotland, for the first time, and to settle fome affairs there. They were ex-pected back in a week or fortnights, the came down but last Tuelday, and that in order to give directions for every thing to be prepared for their reception.

It was happy for your count, faid the, that I obtained the favour of my brother's company; and that he was obliged to be in town this morning.

He intended to come back to carry me to town this evening. We are a family of love, Mr. Reeves. We are a true brothers and fifters—But why trouble I you with these things now? We shall be better at: quainted, I am charmed with Mil ron trains

Byron.

She was fo good as to hurry the breakfast; and when it was over conducted me up stairs. She bid me stay at the door, and stepped gently to the lied-side, and opening the curtain, I heard the voice of our count.

Dear Madam, what trouble do I

give! were her words.

\* Srill talk of trouble, Mifs Byron? answered Miss Grandison, with an amiable familiarity ( 'you will not forbear—Will you promise me not to be supprised at the arrival of your cousin Reeves?

I do promife I shall rejoice to see him.

Miss Grandson called to me. I approached; and catching my cousin's held-out hand, 'Thank God, thank God, best beloved of a hundred hearts! faid I, that once more I behold you! that once more I fee you in fafe and honourable hands!—
I will not tell you what we have all fuffered.

" No, don't, faid the You need not But, O my coufin! I have fallen into the company of angels?

Forbear, gently patting her hand, forbear these high dights, said the kind lady, for I shall beat my charming patient. I shall not think you in a way to be quite well, till you de-

She whileered me, that the doctor were not kept quiet. Then railing her voice, Your coulin's gratitude, Mr. Reeves, is excellive. You must allow me, fimiling, to beat her. When the is well, the thalf talk of angels, and of what the pleafest?

But, my dear Mr. Selby, we who know how her heart overflows with fentiments of gratitude, on every mon obligation, and even on but fitten-tional ones, can easily account for the high fense the must have of those the lies under for such a deliverance from the brother, and of fuch kind treat-

the brother, and of fucit kind treatment from the fifter, both ablolive firangers, till her diffresses threw her into their protection.

'I will only ask my dear Miss By, ron one question, faid I, (forgetting the caution given me below by Miss Grandison) whether this villain, by his violence—'['meant marriage,' I was going to say] But interrupting me. You shall not, Mr. Reeves,' faid Miss Grandison, smiling, ask half a question, that may revive different able remembrances. Is she not alive, and here, and in a way to be well? Have patience, till she is able to tell you all.'

My cousin was going to speak. My dear,' faid the lady, 'you shall not answer Mr. Reeves's question, if it be a question that will induce you to look backward. At present, you must look only forward. And are you not in my care, and in Sir Charles Grandilon's protection? 'I have done, Madam,' faid I, owing—' the defire of taking ven-

' Hush, Mr. Reeves !- Surely !fmiling, and holding her finger to her

f It is a patient's duty, faid my coufin, to submit to the prescriptions of her kind physician; but were I ever to forgive the author of my diffresses, it must be for his being the occasion of bringing me into the knowledge of such a lady; and yet, to lie under the weight of obli tions that I never can return-' Here

fhe stopped.

I took this as a happy indication that the last violence was not offered; if it had, the would not have mention-

ed forgiving the author of her diffress.

As to what you say of obligation, Miss Byron, returned Miss Grandi-fon, elet your heart answer for mine, had you and I changed fituation. And if, on such a supposition, you can think that your humanity would have been so extraordinary a matter, then shall you be at liberty, when you are recovered, to fay a thousand fine things: till when, pray be filent on this subject.

Then turning to me, 'See how much afraid your coulin Byron is of lying under obligations. I am afraid the has a proud heart; has the not a very proud heart, Mr. Reeves?'

'She has a very grateful one, Madam,' replied I.
She turned to my coufin. 'Will you, Miss Byron, be easy under the obligations you talk of, or will you

I fubmit to your superiority, Madam, in every thing, replied my coulin, bowing her head.
She then asked me, if I had let her

friends in the country know of this hocking affair.

I had suspected Mr. Greville, I said, and had written in confidence to her ancle Selby, of the property of

elde af his lit passion what have "

Lug nov list or \*

o my poor grandmamma—O my good aunt Selby, and my Lucy—I

Miss Grandison interposed, humourously interrupting—I will have nothing said that begins with O. Indeed, Miss Byron, Mr. Reeves,

I will not trust you together—Cannot you have patience—
We both asked her pardon. My
cousin desired leave to rife— But these odious cloaths-' faid fhe.

'If you are well enough, child,' replied Miss Grandison, 'you shall rife, and have no need to see those odious cloaths, as you call them.' I told them Mrs. Reeves had fent her fome of her cloaths. The portmanteau was ordered to be brought up.

Then Mifs Grandison, fitting down on the bed by my couin, took her hand; and, feeling her pulse, Are you sure, my patient, that you shall not suffer if you are permitted to rise? Will you be calm, ferene, eafy? Will you banish curiosity Will you endeavour to avoid recollection?

" I will do my endeavour, answered

my coulin.

Miss Grandison then rung, and a maid-fervant coming up, Jenny, faid the, 'pray give your best assistance to my lovely patient. But be fure don't let her hurry her spirits. I will lead Mr. Reeves into my dreffing room. And when you are dreffed, my dear, we will either return to you here, or expect you to join us there at your pleasure. And then she obligingly conducted

me into her drefling-room, and excufed herfelf for refusing to let us talk of interefting subjects. 'I am rejoiced,' faid the, to find her more fedate and composed than hitherto she has been.
Her head has been greatly in danger.
Her talk, for some hours, when she
did talk, was so wild and incoherent, and the was to full of terror, on every one's coming in her fight, that I would not suffer any body to attend her but myself.

I left her not, continued Miss Grandison, 'till eleven; and the house-keeper, and my maid, sat up in her room all the rest of the night:

. I arofe before my usual time to attend her. I flept not well myfelf.

Augustine voment our course

I was an all governo has a fil did

I did nothing but dream of robbers, refcues, and murders; fuch an im-

young lady made on my mind. 'They made me a poor report,' proceeded she, 'of the night she had passed. And, as I told you, she fainted away this morning, a little before you came, on her endeavouring to give me some account of her

affecting story.
Let me tell you, Mr. Reeves, I am as curious as you can be, to know the whole of what has befallen her; but her heart is tender and delicate; her spirits are low; and we must not . pull down with one hand, what we anild up with the other. My brother also will expect a good account

of my charge.

I bleffed her for her goodness. And finding her defirous of knowing all that I could tell her, of our coufin's character, family, and lovers, I gave her a brief history, which extremely pleased her. 'Good God!' said she,
what a happiness is it, that such a
lady, in such distress, should meet
with a man as excellent, and as much admired, as herfelf! My brother, Mr. Reeves; can never marry but he must break half a score hearts. Forgive me that I bring bim in, when ever any good person, or thing, or action, is spoken of. Every body, I believe, who is strongly possessed of a subject, makes every thing seen, heard, or read of, that bears the least resemblance, then into and seen. refemblance, turn into and ferve to

But here I will conclude this letter, in order to fend it by the post. Be-fides, I have been so much fatigued in body and mind, and my wife has also been so much disturbed in ber mind, that I must give way to a call of rest. I will pursue the subject, the now

agreeable subject, in the morning; and perhaps shall dispatch what I shall farther write, as you must be impatient for it, by an especial messenger,

Sir Rowland was here twice yesterday, and once to-day. My wife caused him to be told, that Mis Byron, by a fudden call, has been obliged. to go a little way out of town for two or three days.

He proposes to set out for Caermar-

hoped he should not be denied taking his corporal leave of her.

If our cousin has a good day to-morrow, and no return of her fits, the proposes to be in town on Monday. I am to wait on her, and Sir Charles and his fifter, at breakfast on Monday morning, and to attend her home; where there will be joy indeed, on her arrival.

Pray receive for yourfelf, and make for me to your lady, and all friends, my compliments of congratulation. I have not had either leifure or incli-

nation, to enquire after the villain who has given us all this difturbance. Ever, ever yours! I wanted and sade

ARCHIBALD REEVES ...

SATURDAY NIGHT - IN A PIN A PAR HOLD Combine ad king your at ..

or Filester

#### year angular delighted and c LETTER XXVII.

FROM MR. REEVES, TO GEORGE SELBY, ESQ. IN CONTINUAand the con TION.

will provide a supported An Ales Grandison went to my cousin, to see how she bore

rifing, supposing her near dressed.

She foon returned to me. The most charming woman, I think, faid the, 'I ever faw! But she trembles fo, that I have persuaded her to lie down. I answered for you, that

you would ftay dinner.

'I must beg excuse, Madam. I have an excellent wife. She loves Miss Byron as her life; she will be impatient to know—'

'Well, well, well! say no more,

Mr. Reeves: my brother has redeemed one prisoner, and his fifter, has taken another; and glad you may be, that it is no worfe.

I bowed, and looked filly, I be-

lieve. 'You may look, and beg, and pray, Mr. Reeves. When you know me better, you'll find me a very whimfical creature: but you must stay to see Sir Charles. Would you go home to your wife with half your errand? She won't thank for that, I can tell you, let her be. as good a woman as the best. But, to comfort you, we give not into M 2

earlier

sire than most people of our condition. My brother, though in the main, above singularity, will, new sercheless, in things be thinks right, be governed by his own rules, which are the laws of reason and conveptions and the laws of reason and conveptions. You are on horseback; and, were I you, such good news as I should nave to case, confidering what are the have happened, would give me wings, and make me five through the arrange in Come, come, I will have no denial, interrupted the; I shall have a double pleasure, if you are present when Sir Charles comes, on hearing his account of what happened. You are a good man, and have a reasonable quantity of wonder and gratitude, to heighten a common case into the manuellous. So fit down, and be quiet.

fit down, and be quiet."

int down, and be quiet.

I was equally delighted and furprized as her humourous raillers, but
could not answer a single word. If

it be midnight before you will suffer
me to depart, thought I, I will
not make another objection.

While this amiable lady was thus

While this amiable lady was thus entertaining me, we heard the trampaling of hories—' My brother!' laid the, ' I hope!—He comes! Pardon the fondnels of a fifter who speaks from feasible effects—A father and a brother in one!'

Sir Charles entered the room. He addressed himself to me is a most police mahner. 'Mr. Reeves!' faid he, as I understand from below.'—Then turning to his fifter. Excuse me, Charlotte, I heard this worthy gentieman was with you; and I was impatient to know how my fair guest—

patient to knew how my fair guest—

Mis Byron is in a good way, I hope, interrupted the, but very weak and low, furited. She arose and dressed; but I have prevailed on her to lie down again;

Then turning to me, with a noble ir, he both welcomed and and in the poth welcomed and in the patients.

air, he both welcomed and congratulated me

lated me.

Sir Charles Grandison is, indeed, a fine figure. He is in the bloom of youth. I don't know that I have ever seen a handlomer or genteeler man. Well might his fifter say, that if he married he would break half a score hearts. O this vile Pollexten! thought I, at the moment; could he draw upon, has he hurt, such a man as this ? has he hurt, such a man as this ?

iring out my acknowledg.

had received.

A very trifle!—My coat only was hurt, Mr. Reeves. The ikin of my left shoulder raked a little, putting his hand upon it.

Thank God! faid I! Thank God! faid Mis Grandison. But fo near!—O the villain! what might lit have been!

Sin Hargrave, pent up in a char

Sir Hargrave, pent up in a chariot, had great difadvantage. My reflections on the event of yellerday, yield me the more pleafure, as I have, on enquiry, understood that he will do well again, if he will be ruled. I would not, on any account, have had his instant death to answer for had his faite of the lath. I left her in a very bad way.—You had advice to had way.—You had advice to health. I left her in a very bad way.—You had advice to hear account of all that had been done; and of every thing that had passed fines he went away; as also of the character and excellences of the lady whom he had referred.

I consisted what she said in my coufin's savour; and he very gratefully thanked his lifter for her care, as a man would do for one the nearest and dearest to him.

We then belought him to give an account of the glorious action, which had reflored to all that knew her the darling of our hearts.

durling of our hearts.

I will relate all he faid, in the first person; as nearly in his own words as possible; and will try to hit the coolness with which he told the agreeable story.

You know, fister, faid he, the call I had to town. It was happy that I yielded to your importunity to attend you hither.

About two miles on the

About two miles on this fide Hounflow, I faw a chariot and fix driving
at a great rate. I also had ordered
Jerry to drive pretty fait.

The coachman feemed inclined to

dispute the way with mine. This detailed a few moments stop to both. I ordered my coaching to break the way. I don't love to stand upon trifles. My horses were fresh. I had not come far.

The curtain of the chariot we m

was pulled down. I faw not who was in it; but, on turning out of the way, I knew, by the arms, it was Sir Hargraye Pollexfen's.

There was in it a gentleman, who immediately pulled up the canvas.

I faw, however, before he drew it up, another perfon, wrapt up in a man's fearlet cloak.

For God's fake! help, help!" cried out the perfon; "for God's fake, help!"

Totdered my coachman to flop.

Drive on!" faid the gentleman; curring his coachman; drive on, when I bid you!"

curing his coachman. "drive on, curing his coachman." drive on, when I bid you."

"Help!" again cried she; but with a voice as if her mouth was half stopt. I called to my servants on horteback, to shop the possition of the other chariot; and I bid Sir Hargase's coachman proceed at his peril.

"Sir Hargase' called out on the contrary side of the chariot (his canvas being still up on that next me) with vehement execrations, to drive on!

"I asighted, and went round to the other side of the chariot.

"Again the lady endeavoured to cry out. I saw Sir Hargrave struggle to pull over her mouth a handkerchief, which was tied round her head. "He swore outrageously."

"The moment she behald me, she spread out both her hands—" For God's sake!"—"

"Sir Hargrave Pollexsen," said I, by the arms.—You are engaged, I doubt, in a very bad affair.

"I am Sir Hargrave Pollexsen," and I, by the arms.—You are engaged, I doubt, in a very bad affair.

"I am Sir Hargrave Pollexsen," and I, by the arms.—You are engaged, I doubt, in a very bad affair.

"Yes, by G—" faid he; and she was going to clope from me at a same same same mandurade—See!" drawing saide the cloak, detected in the way sind the cloak, detected in the wery dress!"

"You are impertinent, said the lady, "Proceed, coachman!" said he; and cursed and swore.

"Let me ask the sady a question, "Sir Hargrave!"—"

"You are impertinent, Sir! Who the devil are you!"

"You are impertinent, Sir! Who the devil are you!"

"You are impertinent, Sir! Who the devil are you?"
"Are you, Madam, Lady Politate fen?" faid I,

or O no! no! no!"-was all the could fay.

I wo of my fervants came about me; a third held the head of the height on which the polition fat. I have of Sir Hargrave's approached on their hories; but feemed as it afraid to come too peh, and parleyed together.

If have an eye to those fellows faid I. "Some base work is on foot. You'll presently be aided by pollengers.—Sirah!" faid I to the coachman, (for he lasted the hories on) "proceed at your peril."

Sir Hargrave then, with violent curies and threatenines, ordered him to drive over every one that opposed him.

him.

Conchman, proceed at your perial: faid I. "Madam, will you—

O Sh, Sir, Sir, relieve? help me for God's fake! I am in a villain's hands! Trick'd, vilely trick'd, into a villain's hands. Help heip! for God's fake!

Do you, faid I to Frederick, cut the traces, if you cannot otherwise for God's fake!

Do you, faid I to Frederick, cut the traces, if you cannot otherwise for God's fake!

The language of the charior. Hid Jerry cut the reins, and then faize as many of those fellows as you cannot otherwise from the fair of the fai

upon his fervants to fire at all that opposed his progress.

My servants, Sir Hargrave, hase fire arms, as well as yours. They will not dispute my orders. Don't will not dispute my orders. Don't provoke me to give the word.

Then addressing the lady. Will you, Madam, put yourfelf into my protection?

O yes, yes, yes, with my whole heart—Dear, good Sir, protect me?

I opened the charact door. Sir Hargrave made a pass at me. Take that, and be damned to you, for your infolence, scoundtel? faid the.

I was aware of this thrust, and put it by; but his sword a little raked my shoulder.

My sword was in my hand, but

undrawn.

The chariot-door remaining open, (I was not to ceremonious, as to let down the foot-fiep to take the gen-tleman out) I feized him by the col-

lar before he could recover himself, from the pass he had made at me; and with a jerk, and a kind of twist, laid him under the hind-wheel of his. chariot.

chariot.

I wrenched his fword from him, and inapped it, and flung the two pieces over my head.

His coachman cried out for his maîter. Mine threatened bis if he flirred. The postition was a boy. My fervant had made him difinount, before he joined the other two, whom I had ordered aloud to endeavour to feize (but my view was only to terrify) wretches, who, knowing the badness of their cause, were before terrified.

Sir Haggraye's mouth and face

Sir Hargrave's mouth and face were very bloody. I believe I might hurt him with the pottmel of my.

one of his legs, in his fprawling, had got between the spokes of his chariot-wheel. I thought that was a fortunate circumstance for preventing farther mischief; and charged his coachman not to stir with the chariot, for his master's sake.

He cried out, curied, and fwore.

The cried out, curied, and fwore.

The cried out, curied with the fall. The jerk was violent. So little able to support an offence, Sir. Hargrave, upon his own principles, should not have been so ready to give.

it.

I had not drawn my fword: I hope I never shall be provoked to do it in a private quarrel. I should not, however, have serupled to draw it, on such an occasion as this, had there been an absolute necessity for it.

The lady, though greatly terrified, that distengaged herself from the man's cloak. I had not leisure to consider, her drefs; but I was struck with her figure, and more with her terror. I offered my hand. I thought not now of the foot-step, any more than,

now of the foot-step, any more than, I did before: she not of any thing, as it seemed, but her deliverance.

Have you not read, Mr. Reeves, (Pliny, I think, gives the relation) of a frighted bird, that, purfued by a hawk, flew for protection into the bosom of a man passing by?

In like manner your lovely coufin, the moment I returned to the charlot, door, instead of accepting of my offered hand, threw herfelf into my

arms. -" O fave me! fave me!"

sams. — O fave me! fave me!"
She was ready to faint. She could not, I believe, have stood.

'I carried the lovely creature round
Sir Hargrave's horses, and seated her in my chariot.—" Be affured, Madam," faid I, "that you are in honourable hands. I will convey you sto my lifter, who is a young

you to my fifter, who is a young lady of honour and virtue."

'She looked out at one window, then at the other, in visible terror, as if fearing still Sir Hargrave. Fear nothing," faid I: "I will attend you in a moment." I shut the characterdoor.

chariot-door.

I then went backward a few paces, (keeping, however, the lady in my eye) to fee what had become of my fervants.

It feems, that at their first coming up pretty near with Sir Hargrave's horfemen, they presented their pistols.
"What shall we do, Wilkins," (or willing, or some such name, said one

of Sir Hargrave's men to another, all three of them on their defence?".
"Fly for it," answered the fellow.
We may fwing for this. I see our. matter down. There may be mur-

der. Their consciences put them to

flight.

My fervants purfued them a little. way; but were returning to support their master just as I had put the lady into my chariot.

on his legs, fupported by his coach as man. He limped; leaned his wholes weight upon his fervant; and feemed to be in agonies

I bid one of my fervants tell him.

who I was.
'He curled me, and threatened venerate geance. He curled my fervant; and fill more outrage outly his own fcoundrels, as he called them.

I then flept back to my chariot.

'Miss Byron had, through terror, funk down at the botton of it; where the lay panting, and could only fay, on my approach, a Save me! Save. me!

I're-affured her. I lifted her on. the feat, and brought her to my fifter—and what followed, I suppose, Charlotte, bowing to her, you have told Mr. Reeves.

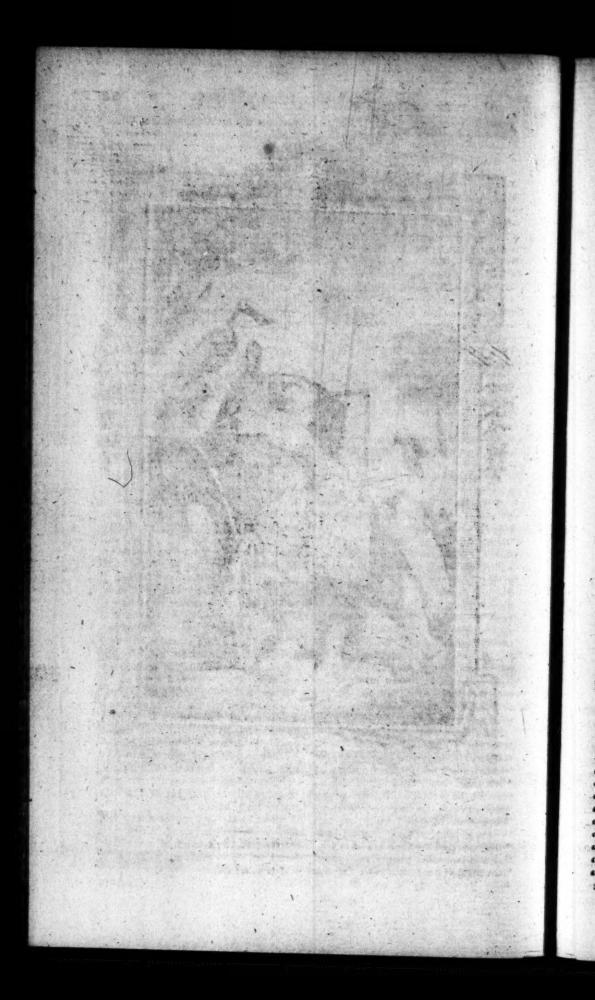
Plat

We were both about to break out in grateful



Plate V.

Published as the Act directs, by Harrison & C. Nov. 30, 1780.



grateful applauses; but Sir Charles, as if defigning to hinder us, preceded.

You see, Mr. Reeves what an easy conquest this was. You see what a seff conquest this was. You see what a seff finall degree of merit falls to my seem around him. The confeience of the seem around him. The confeiences of fhare. The violator's contenece was against him. The consciences of his fellows were on my side. My own servants are honest, worthy men. They love their master. In a good cause I would fet any three of them against six who were engaged in a bad one. Vice is the greatest coward in the world, when it knows it will have foliately opposed. And what be resolutely opposed. And what have good men, engaged in a right

cause, to fear?'
What an admirable man is Sir
Charles Grandison—thus thinking!—

thus acting t I explained to Sir Charles who this Wilson was, whom the others consulted, and were directed by; and what an implement in this black transaction.

To what other man's protection in the world, Mr. Selby, could our kinf-woman have been obliged, and so little mischief followed?

Sir Hargrave, it feems, returned back to town.

What a recreant figure, my dear Mr. Selby, must be make, even to himself!—a villain!

' Sir Charles fays, that the turnpikemen at Smallbury Green told his fervants, on their attending him to town after the happy refeue, a formidable fory of a robbery, committed a little beyond Hounflow, by half a dozen villains on horseback, upon a gentleman in a chariot and fix, which had passed through that turnpike but half an hour before he was attacked; and that the gentleman, about an hour and half before Sir Charles went through, returned to town, wounded, for advice; and they heard him groan as he passed through the turnpike.

I should add one circumstance,

faid Sir Charles: do you know, Charlotte, that you have a rake for your brother!—A man on horseback, it feems, came to the turnpike-gate, whilft the turnpike-men were telling my fervants this flory. "Nothing in the world," faid he, "but two young rakes in their chariots-and-"It's, one robbing the other of a lady.
"I and two other paffengers," added the man, " stood aloof to see the issue

of the affair. We expected mischief; and some there was. One of the by-standers was the better for the fray; for he took up a filver-hilted fword, broken in two pieces, and rode off with it."

foul off with it.

Sir Hargrave, faid Sir Charles, fimiling, might well give out that be was robbed, to lose such a prize as Miss Byron, and his fword besides.

I asked Sir Charles, if it were not adviseable to take measures with the

He thought best, he said, to take as little notice of the affair as possible, unless the aggressor stirred in it. Masquerades, added he, are not cre-ditable places for young ladies to be known to be infulted at them. They are diversions that fall not in with the genius of the English commonal-Scandal will have fomething to fay from that circumstance, how causeles. But Mis Byron's Rory, told by herfelf, will enable you to resolve upon your future measures. So, Sir Charles seems not to be a

So, Sir Charles leed friend to malquerades.

I think, were I to live a hundred years, I never would go to another. Had it not been for Lady Betty—the has, indeed, too gay a turn for a woman of forty, and a mother of children. Miss Byron, I dare say, will be afraid of giving the lead to her for the future. But, excepting my wife and self, nobody in town has suffered more than Lady Betty on this occasion. more than Lady Betty on this occasion. Indeed the is, I must fay, an obliging well-meaning woman: and the also declares, (so much has the been affect-ed with Miss Byron's danger, of which the takes herself to be the innocent cause) that the will never again go to

a malquerade.

I long to have Mifs Byron's account of this horrid affair.—God grant, that it may not be fuch a one, as will lay us under a necessity—But as our cousin has a great notion of female delicacy—Linear not what I would fay—We I know not what I would fay

must have patience a little while longer.
Miss Grandison's eyes shone with
pleasure all the time her brother was

giving his relation.

I can only fay, my brother, faile fhe, when he had done, that you have rescued an angel of a wom and you have made me as happy by 'it ze yourfelfia.

Reeves, faid Sir Charles
Till I Enew my brother, Mr.
Reeves, faid Sir Charles
Till I Enew my brother, Mr.
Reeves, as I now know him, I was an inconfiderate, unreflecting girl. Good and evil, which immediately affected not myself, were almost alike indifferent to me. But he has awakened in me a capacity to enjoy the true pleasure that arries from a benevolent action,

Depreciate not, my Charlotte, your own worth. Abitnee, Mr. Reeves, endears. I have been long abroad; not much above a year returned. But when you know us better, you will find I have a partial fifter.

Mr. Reeves will not then think me fo. But I will go and see how my fair patient does.

She went accordingly to my coulin.

O, Sir Charles! faid I, what radmarable woman is Mils Grandison!

rn admirable woman is Mils Grandilon!

My litter Charlotte, Mr. Reeves, is, indeed, an excellent woman. I think mylels happy in her: but I tell her fometimes that I have still a more excellent sister; and it is no small instance of Charlotte's greatness of mind, that she hersels will allow me to say to.

Just then came in the ladies: the two charming creatures entered together, Mils Grandison supporting my strembling coulin. But she had first ecquainted her; that she would find Sir charles in her drelling-room.

She looked, indeed, lovely, though wan, at her first entrance; but a fine tow overlpread her cheeks, at the light of her deliverer.

Sir Charles approached her, with an air of calmness and serenity for fear giving her emotion. She cast her yes upon him, with a look of the most respectful grantitude.

I will not oppress my fair guest with many words: but permit me to

I will not oppress my fair guest with many words: but permit me to congratulate you, as I hope I may, on your recovered spirits—Allow me,

And he took her almost motionless and, and conducted her to an easy hair that had been fet for her. She it down, and would have faid fome-aing; but only bowed to Sir Charles, Mili Grandilon, and me; and reclined her head against the cheek of the

Mila Grandison held her falts to

Mills Grandison held her salts to her.

She took them into her own hands, and smelling to them, raised her head a little: 'Forgive me, Madam—Pardon me, Sir!—O my cousin,' to me—How can I—Sooppressed with obligations!—Such goodness—No words!—My gratitude!—My full heart!—'And then she again reclined her head, as giving up hopelessly the effort she made to express her gratitude.

You must not, Madam, 'said Sir' Charles, fitting down by her, 'overrate a common benefit—Dear Misser' rate a common benefit—De duces not more worthy women. Let me henceforth boaff that I have three : and shall I not, then, have reason to rejoice in the event that has made for lovely an addition to my family?

Then taking her passive hand with the tenderness of a truly affectionate brother, consoling a fifter in calamity, and taking his fifter a, and joining both; Shall I not, Madam, present my Charlotte to a fifter? And will you not permit the to claim as a brown and permit the to claim as a brown as you not permit me to claim as a bro-ther under that relation?—Our Mife Byron schriftian name, Mr. Reeves?

Harriet, Sie. My fifter Harriet, receive and ac-acknowledge your Charlotte. My Charlotte

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Mils Grandison arose and saluted my cousin, who looked at Sir Charles with reverence, as well as gratifude; at Mils Grandison with delight; and at me with eyes litted up: and after a little ftruggle for speech; How half I bear this goodness! faid the This, indeed, is bringing good out of evil !- Did I not fay, my coul that I was fallen into the com of angels?

I was afraid the would have fainted.
We must endeavour, Mr. Reever,
faid Sir Charles to me, to lessen the

fende our Miss Byron has of her past danger, in order to bring down to rea-fonable limits, the notion she has of her obligation for a common relief.

Miss Grandison ordered a few drops Miles Grandison ordered a few drops on fugar.— You must be orderly, my issue Harriet, faid she. Am I not your elder fister? My elder lister makes me do what she pleases.
Oh, Madam i' faid my cousse.
Call me not Madam; call me your Charlotte. My brother has given me and hunself a fister.—Will you not own me?

How can a heart bowed down by obligation, and goodness never to be returned, rise to that lovely familiarity, by which the obligers so generously difting wish themselves? My lips and my heart, I will be so bold as to say, ever went together. how—And yet to foreetly invited.

My—my—my Charlotte,' (withdrawing her hand from Sir Charles,
and clasping both her arms round Mile Grandison's neck, the two worthick coloms of the fex joining as one) take your Harriet, person and mind!
-May I be found worthy, on proof, of all this goodness!

LABY Betty has just left us. I read to her what I have written fince my wifit to Colnebrook. She shall not, she fays, recover her eyes for a week

The women, Mr. Selby, are ever looking forward on certain occasions. Lady Betty and my wifeextended their wifnes to far, as that they might be able to call Miss Grandison and our Miss Byron sisters; but by a claim that should exclude Sir Charles as a brother to one of them.

Should Sir Charles-But no more on this subject. Yet one word more: when the ladies had mentioned it, I could not help thinking that this graceful and truly fine gentleman feems to be the only man, whom our coufin has yet feen, that would meet with no great difficulty from her on fuch an application.

But Sir Charles has a great effate, and full greater expectations from my Lord W. His futer fays, he would break half a fcore hearts, were he to marry-So for that matter would our

in the first main

Man 4

Miss Byren. But once more - Not another word, however, on this sub-

Istaid to dine with this amiable brother and fifter. My cousin exerted herfelf to go down, and fat at table for one half hour: but changing countenance, once or twice, as he fat, Misa Grandison would attend her up, and make her lie down. I took leave of her, at her quitting the table.

On Monday I hope to see her once more among us.

If our dear Mils Byron cannot write. you will perhaps have one letter more, my dear Mr. Selby, from your everaffectionate

ARCHIBALD REEVES.

My fervant is this moment returned with your letter. Indeed, my dear Mr. Selby, there are two or three passages in it, that would have cut me to the heart, had not the dear creature been so happily restored to our hopes,

#### LETTER XXVIII.

por concluding, as well as

MR. REEVES. IN CONTINUATION.

MONDAY NIGHT, FIE. 20.

I Will write one more letter, my dear comin Selby, and then I will give up my pen to our beloved coufin.

I gut to Colnebrook by nine this morning. I had the pleafure to find our Mils Byron recovered beyond my hopes. She had a very good night on Saturday; and all Sunday, the faid, was a cordial day to her from morning till night; and her night was quiet and happy.

happy.
Miss Grandison staid at home yester-Mais Granditon stand at home yester-day to keep my cousin company. Six Charles passed the greatest part of the day in the library. The two ladies were hardly ever separated. My cousin expresses herself in raptures, whenever she speaks of this brother and six-ever she speaks of this brother and six-ever she speaks of this brother and six-ever she speaks of this brother and six-every one must see it) is one of the frankest and most communicative of women. Six Charles and cative of women. Sir Charles appears to be one of the most unreserved of men, as well as one of the most po-lite. He makes not his guests uneasy

with his civilities: but you fee freedom and ease in his whole deportment; and the stranger cannot doubt but Sir Charles will be equally pleased with freedom and ease, in return. I had an encouraging proof of the justness of this observation this morning from him, as we sat at breakfast. I had expressed myself, occasionally, in such a manner, as shewed more respect than freedom. My dear Mr. Reeves, said he, kindred minds will be intimate at first sight. Receive me early into the list of your friends; I have already numbered you among mine. I should think amiss of myself, if so good a man, as I am assured Mr. Reeves is, should, by his distance, shew a distindence of me, that would not permit his mind to mingle with mine.

Miss Grandison, my cousin says, put her on relating to her, her whole history; and the histories of the several persons and families to whom she is related.

Miss Byron concluding, as well as I, that Sir Charles would rather take his place in the coach, than go on horse-back to town; and being so happily recovered, as not to give us apprehension about her bearing tolerably the little journey; I kept my horse in our return, and Sir Charles went in the coach. This motion coming from Miss Byron, I rallied her upon it when I got her home: but she won't forgive me, if she knows that I told you whose the motion was. And yet the dear creature's eyes sparkled with pleasure when she had carried her point.

I was at home near half an hour before the coach arrived; and was a wel-

come guest.

My dear Mrs. Reeves told me, she had expected our arrival before dinner, and hoped Sir Charles and his sister would dine with us. I hoped so too, I told her.

I found there Lady Betty and Miss Clements, a favourite of us all, both impatiently waiting to fee my coulin.

impatiently waiting to fee my coufin.
Don't be jealous, Mr. Reeves,
faid my wife, if after what I have
heard of Sir Charles Grandison, and
what he has done for us, I run to
him with open arms.

I give you leave, my dear, to love him, replied I; and to express your love in what manner you please.

that I shall break my heart, if Sir Charles takes not very particular notice of me.

He shall have my prayers, as well as my praises, faid Miss Clements. She is acquainted with the whole

shocking affair.

When the coach stopped, and the bell rung, the servants contended who should first run to the door. I welcomed them at the coach. Sir Charles handed out Miss Byron, I Miss Grandison. 'Sally,' said my cousin, to her raptured maid, 'take care of Mrs. Jenny.'

Sir Charles was received by Mrs. Reeves, as I expected. She was almost speechless with joy. He faluted her: but I think, as I tell her, the first motion was hers. He was then obliged to go round; and my cousin, I do affure you, looked as if she would not wish to have been neglected.

not wish to have been neglected.

As soon as the ladies could speak, they poured out their bleffings and thanks to him, and to Miss Grandison; whom, with a most engaging air, he presented to each lady; and she, as engagingly, saluted her fifter Harriet by that tender relation, and congratulated them, and Miss Byron, and herself, upon it; kindly bespeaking a family relation for herself through her dear Miss Byron, were her words.

When we were feated, my wife and Lady Betty wanted to enter into the particulars of the happy deliverance, in praife of the deliverer; but Sir Charles interrupting them, 'My dear Mrs.' Reeves,' faid he, 'you cannot be too careful of this jewel. Every thing may be trufted to her own diferetion; but how can we well blame the man 'who would turn thief for fo rich a treafure?—I do affure you, my fifter 'Harriet, (Do you know, Mrs. Reeves, 'that I have found my third fifter? Was she not stolen from us in her cradle?) that if Sir Hargrave will repent, I will forgive him for the fake of the temptation.'

Mrs. Reeves was pleased with this address, and has talked of it since.

I never can forgive him, Sir, faid

Miss Byron, 'were it but-

\* That he has laid you under fuch an obligation, faid Mils Grandison, patting her hand with her fan, as the lat over-against her. But hush, child! child! you faid that before! And then turning to Mrs. Reeves, 'Has not our new-found fifter a very proud

heart, Mrs. Reeves?'
And, dearest Miss Grandison,'
replied my smiling, delighted cousin,
did you not ask that question be-

'I did, child, I did; but not of Mrs. Reeves.—A compromise however.—Do you talk no more of obligation, and I'll talk no more of pride.

' Charlotte justly chides her Harriet,' faid Sir Charles. 'What must the man have been that had declined his aid in a distress so alarming? Not one word more therefore upon this fubject.

We were all disappointed, that this amiable brother and fifter excused themselves from dining with us. All, I mean, of our own family; for LadyBet-ty and Miss Clements, not being able

to ftay, were glad they did not.

They took leave, amidst a thousand grateful bleffings and acknowledg-ments; Mifs Grandison promiting to fee her fister Harriet very foon again; and kindly renewing her withes of in-

When they went away, There goes your heart, Miss Byron, said

Mrs. Reeves.

True, answered Miss Byron; if my heart have no place in it for any thing but gratitude, as I believe it has not.

'Mils Grandison,' added the, ' is the most agreeable of women

And Sir Charles,' rejoined Mrs. Reeves, archiy, 'is the most dif-agreeable of men,

Forbear, coulin! replied Miss Byron, and blushed. Well, well, faid Lady Betty, you need not, my dear, be ashamed,

if it be fo.

Indeed you need not,' joined in Mis Clements: 1 I never faw a finer

man in my life. Such a lover, if one might have him—

'If, if—' replied Miss Byron—

But till if is out of the question,

should there not be such a thing as

difference, Miss Clements?

No doubt of it, returned that young lady; and if it be to be shown by any woman on each where the by any woman on earth, where there is such a man as this in the question,

and in fuch circumstances, it must

be by Miss Byron.'
Miss Byron was not so thoroughly
ecovered, but that her spirits began to recovered, but that her spirits began to flag. We made her retire, and at her request, excused her coming down to dinner.

I told you I had accepted of the offer made by Lady Betty, when we were in dreadful uncertainty, that her fleward should make farther enquiries about the people at Paddington. No-thing worth mentioning has occurred from those enquiries; except confirming, that the widow and her daughters are not people of bad characters. In all likelihood, they thought they should intitle themselves to the thanks of all Mils Byron's friends, when the mar-riage was compleated with a man of

Sir Hargrave's fortune.
The mellenger that I fent to enquire after that Bagenhall's character, has informed us, that it is a very profligate one; and that he is an intimate of Sir Hargrave: but no more is necessary now, God be praised, to be faid of

The vile wretch himself, I hear, keeps his room; and it is whifpered, that he is more than half-crazed; infomuch that his very attendants are afraid to go near him. We know not the nature of his hurt; but hurt he is, though in a fair way of recovery. He threatens, it feems, destruction to Sir Charles, the moment he is able to go abroad. God preferve one of the worthieft and best of men!

Sir Hargrave has turned off all the fervants, we are told, that attended him on his shocking, but happily dif-

appointed, enterprize.

Miss Byron intends to write to her Lucy, by to-morrow's post, (if she continued mending) an ample account of all that the fuffered from the date of her last letter, to the hour of her happy deliverance. I am to give her mi-nutes, to the best of my recollection, of what I have written to you; that fo the account may be as compleat as possible, and that she may write no more than is confiftent with the feries, which she is required to preserve. She begins this evening, she bids me tell you, that you may be as little a while in suspense about her as possible; but if the cannot finish by to-morrow night, she will have an opportunity to N2

dispatch her letter on Wednesday by a dispatch her letter on Wednesday by a fervant of Mr. Greville's, whom he left in town with fome commissions, and who promises to call for any thing we may have to fend to Selby House. Sir Rowland—But let my cousin write to you upon that and other matters. She knows what to fay on that subject better than I do.

HAME WAS THE 36.5

Mean-time I heartily congratulate return and fafety of the darling of fo many hearts; and temain, dear Mr. Selby, your most faithful and obedient forwant,

ARCHIBADD REEVES.

intitle theory iven to the thank

## LETTER XXIX.

MISS BYRON, TO MISS SELRY.

MONDAY, FEE. 20. S it again given me to write to you, my Lucy and in you to all my re-tered friends! To write with chearfulnest! To call apon you all to rejoice

with me! God be praised! What dangers have I escaped! How have my head and my heart been af-

Receded 1 dare not, as yet, think of the anguish you all endured for me.

With what wretched levity did 1 conclude my last letter! Giddy creature, that I was, vain and foolish!

But let me begin my fad story.

Your impatience all this while must be too painful. Only let me premile, that gaily as I boalted, when I wrote to you fo conceitedly, as it might feem of my drefs, and of conquents, and I know not what nonfenfe, I fook

and I knew not what nonfense, I took no pleasure at the place, in the shoals of sools that swam after me. I despited myself and them. Despited: I was shocked at both.

Two Lucifers were among them; but the worst, the very worst Lucifer of all, appeared in a Harlequin dress. He hopped, and skipped, and played the sool about me; and at last told me, he knew Miss Byron; and that he was, as he called himself, the despited, the rejected, Sir Hargrave Pollexsen.

He behaved, however, with com-plaifance; and I had no apprehension of what I was to fuffer from his villainy.

distolling ....

Mr. Reeves has told you, that he faw me into the chair, provided for me by my vile new fervant: O my Lucy! One branch of my vanity is entirely lopt off. I must pretend to fome fort of skill in phyliognomy! Never more will I, for this fellow's fake profume to depend on my lide. fake, prefume to depend on my judg-ment of people's hearts framed from their countenances.

Mr. Reeves has told you every thing bout the chair and the chairmen. How can I describe the misgivings of my heart when I first began to suspect treathery! But when I undrew the curtains, and found myself farther deluded by another falls heart, whose help I implored, and in the midst of fields, and foon after the lights put out, I pierced the night air with my fereams, till I could feream no more. I was taken out in fits; and when I came a little to my fenses, I found my felf on a bed, three women about me; one at my head holding a bottle to my note, my notirils fore with harthorn, and a ftrong finell of burnt feathers;

but no man near me.

Where am I?—Who are you, Madam?—And who are you?—Where ' am I?' were the questions I first

The women were, a mother and two daughters. The mother answered,

You are not in bad hands.

God grant you fay truth! faid I.
No harm is intended you; only
to make you one of the happiest of
women. We would not be concerned in a bad action.

in a bad action.

I hope not; I hope not: Let me engage your pity, Madain. You feem to be a mother: these young gentlewomen, I presume, are your daughters. Save me from rain, I beseech you; Madain: save me from ruin, as you would youl daughters.

These young women are not dealer.

These young women are my daughters. They are sober and modest women. No rain is intended you. One of the richest and noblest men One of the richest and noblest men in England is your admirer; he dies for you; he assures me, that he intends honourable marriage to you. You are not engaged, he says; and you must, and you shall be his. You may say muster, Madam, if you confent. He resolves to be the death of any lover whom you encourage. This must be the vile contrivance of Sir Hargrave Pollexfen, immediate ly cried I out: 'Is it not? Is it not?
Tell me; I beg of you to tell me?'
I arole, and fat on the bed-fide; and

at that moment in came the vile, vile

Sir Hargrave.

I screamed out. He threw himself at my feet. I reclined my head on the bosom of the elderly person, and by hartshorn and water they had much ado to keep me out of a fit. Had he not withdrawn; had he kept in my light I should certainly have fainted. But holding up my head, and seeing only the women, I revived; and began to pray, to beg, to offer rewards, if they would facilitate my escape, or procure my fafety; but then came in gain the hated man.

I beg of you, Mis Byron, faid he, with an air of greater haughtimess than before, to make yourfelf easy, and hear what I have to say. It is in your own choice, in your own power, to be what you please, and to make me what you pleafe. Do not,
therefore, needlessly terrify yourself.
You see I am a determined man.

Ladies, you may withdraw-'
Not and leave me here!'-And as they went out, I pushed by the mother, and between the daughters, and followed the foremost into the parlour; and then funk down on my knees, wrapping my arms about her: O fave me! fave me! faid I.

The vile wretch entered. I left her, and kneeled to him. I knew not what I did. I remember I faid, wringing my hands, 'If you have mercy; if you have compassion; let me now, now, I beseech you, Sir, this moment, experience your mercy.' He gave them some motion, I sup-

pofe, to withdraw, (for by that time the widow and the other daughter were in the parlour;) and they all three re-

'I have befought you, Madam, and on my knees too, to shew me mercy; but one would you flew me, inexorable Mils Byron! Kneel, if you will; in your turn kneel, fupplicate, pray;
you cannot be more in earnest, than
I was. Now are the tables turned, Barbarous man! faid I, rising from my knees. My fpirit was raised; but it as inflantly subfided. I befeech you, Sir Hargrave, in a quite fran-

tick way, wringing my hands, and coming near film, and then running to the window, and then to the door, (without meaning to go out at either, had the been open; for whither could I go?) and then again to him; Be not, I be leech you, Sir Hargrave, et ael to me. I never was cruel to any body. You know I was civil to you; I was very

Yes, yes, and very determined.
You called me no names. I call you none, Mils Byron. You were civil. Hitherto I have not been in-civil. But remember, Madam—But, fweet and ever-adorable creature, and he classed his arms about me, your very terror is beautiful! I can enjoy your terror, Madam. - And the favage would have kiffed me. My averted head frustrated his intention; and at his feet I befought him not

treat the poor creature, whom he had fo vilely betrayed, with indignity.

'I don't bit your fancy, Madam!'

'Can you be a malicious man, Sir

" Hargrave ?"

You don't like my morals, Madam! And is this the way, Sir Hargrave, are these the means you take, to convince me that I ought to like them! Well, Madam, you shall prove the mercy in me, you would not thew. You shall see that I cannot be a ma licious man; a revengeful man; and yet you have raifed my pride. You hall find me a moral man.

Then, Sir Hargrave, will I bless you from the bottom of my heart! But you know what will justify me, in every eye, for the steps I have taken. Be mine, Madam: be legally mine. I offer you my honest hand. Consent to be Lady Policyfen-No punishment, I hope-Or,

take the consequence. What, Sir! justify by so poor, so very poor, a compliance, steps that you have so basely taken!—Take my life, Sir! But my hand and my heart are my own; they never shall be separated.

I arole from my knees, trembling,

and threw myself upon the window-feat, and wept bitterly.

He came to me. I looked on this fide, and on that, withing to avoid

You tamot fly, Madam. You f are fecurely mine; and mine ftill more securely you shall be. Don't provoke mea don's make me def-perate. By all that's good and

He cast his eyes at my feet; then at my face; then threw himself at my feet, and embraced my knees with his

I was terrified. I screamed. In ran one of the daughters—' Good Sir!
' Pray, Sir!—Did you not fay you
' would be honourable?'

Her mother followed her in—' Sir,

Sir! in my house—'
'Thank God,' thought I, 'the people here are better than I had reafon to apprehend they were. But, O my Lucy, they feemed to believe, that marriage would make amends for every

Here let me conclude this letter. I

have a great deal more to fay.

### LETTER XXX.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

WHAT a plague, faid the wretch to the women, do you come in for ? I thought you knew your own fex better than to mind a woman's fqualling. They are always ready, faid the odious fellow, to put us in mind of the occasion we ought to give them for crying out. I have not offered the least rudenefs.

I hope not, Sir. I hope my house

So fweet a creature—
Dear, bleffed, bleffed woman! (frantick with terror, and mingled joy, to find myfelf in better hands than I expected-Standing up, and then fitting down, I believe at every fentence.) Protect me! Save me! Be my advo-cate! Indeed I have not deserved this treacherous treatment. Indeed I am
a good fort of body: (I scarce knew
what I said.) All my friends love me; they will break their hearts if any mifhap befal me; they are all good people; you would love them dearly if you knew them; Sir Hargrave may have better and richer wives than I: pray prevail upon him to spare me to my friends, for their fake. I will for-

Nay, dear Lady, if Sir Hargrave

Hist spice bug

will make you his lawful and true wife, there can be no harm done, furely.

'I will, I will, Mrs. Awberry,' faid he; 'I have promifed, and I will 'perform. But if the stand in her own 'light—She expects nothing from my 'mor als—If the stand in her own light;' and looked fiercely-

'God protect me;' faid I; 'God protect me!'

The gentleman is without, Sir,' faid the woman. O how my heart, at that moment, seemed to be at my throat!
What gentleman, thought I! Some
one come to fave me!—O no!—

And inflantly entered the most horrible-looking clergyman that I ever be-

This, as near as I can recollect, is his description—A vast tall, big-boned, splay-footed man. A shabby gown; as shabby a wig; a huge red pimply face; and a nose that hid half of it, when he looked on one fide, and he feldom looked fore-right when I faw him. He had a dog's-ear'd common-prayer book in his hand, which once had been gilt; opened, horrid fight! at the page of matrimony!

Yet I was so intent upon making a friend, when a man, a clergyman, appeared, that I heeded not, at his en trance, his frightful vifage, as I did afterwards. I pushed by Sir Hargrave, turning him half round with my vehemence, and made Mrs. Awberry totter; and throwing myself at the clergyman's feet, 'Man of God,' said I, my hands classed, and held up; 'Man of God! Gentleman! Worthy man!—A good clergyman must be all this!—If ever you had children! fave a poor creature! fave a poor creature! basely tricked away from all her friends! innocent! thinking no harm to any body! I would not hurt a worm! I love every body! - Save me from violence! Give not your aid to fanctify a bale action.'

The man fnuffled his answer through his nose. When he opened his pouched mouth, the tobacco hung about his great yellow teeth. He squinted upon me, and took my classed hands, which were buried in his huge hand: 'Rise,' Madam! Kneel not to me! No harm is intended you. One question, only Who is that gentleman before me, the list fraggard, in a golde fran

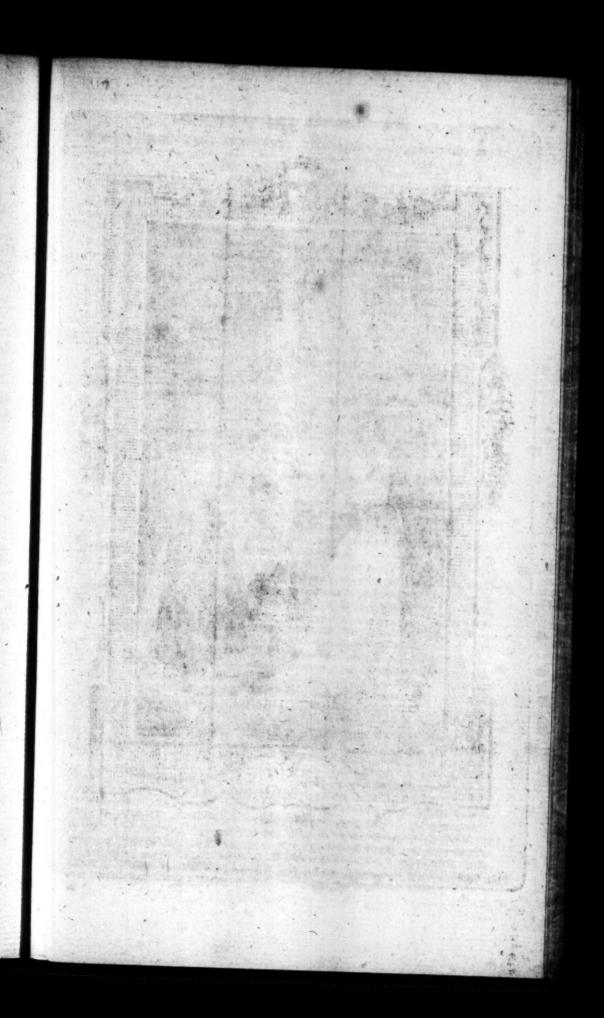




Plate XIII. Published as the Act directs, by Harrison & C. Feb. 1,1783.

in filver-laced cloaths? What is his name?"

He is Sir Hargrave Pollexfen, Sir;

a wicked, a very wicked man, for all he looks fo?

The vile wretch flood finiling, and enjoying my diffres.

O Madam f A very hon-our-able man! bowing, like a fycophant, to Sir Hargrave.

Sir Hargrave.

And who, pray, Madam, are you?

What is your name?

Harriet Byron, Sir; a poor innocent creature; (looking at my drefs)

though I make fuch a vile appearance—Good Sir, your pity! And I
funk down again at his feet.

Of Northamptonshire, Madam?

You area single woman! Your uncle's

Is Selby, Sir. A very good man-I will reward you, Sir, as the most

grateful heart-

All is fair; all is above-board; all is as it was represented. I am above bribes, Madam. You will be the happiest of women before day-break.
Good people!—The three women advanced

Then I saw what an ugly wretch he

was!

Sir Hargrave advanced. The two horrid creatures raifed me between them. Sir Hargrave took my ftrug-gling hand; and then I faw another fill-looking man enter the room, who, I soppose, was to give me to the hated

' Dearly beloved,' began to read the fauffling monster.

ache for your Harriet! Mine has feemed to turn over and over, round and round, I don't know how, at the recital.-It was ready to choak me at the time.

I must break off for a few minutes,

#### LETTER XXXI.

MISS BYRON, IN CONTINUATION.

I Was again like one frantick. 'Read 'no more!' faid I; and, in my frenzy, dashed the book out of the minister's hand, if a minister he was. Was again like one frantick. 'Read I beg your pardon, Sir, faid I; but you must read no farther. I am

bafely betrayed hither. I cannot, I

will not, be his."

Proceed, proceed, faid Sir Hargrave, taking my hand by force; 'virago as the is, I will own her for
my wife—Are you the gentle, the
civil Mits Byron, Madam' looking
fneeringly in my face.

Alas! my Lucy, I was no virago;
I was in a perfect frenzy; but it was
not an unhappy frenzy; fince, in all
probability, it kept me from falling
into fits; and fits, the villain had faid,
thould not fave me.

Dearly beloved, again souffled
the wretch. O my Lucy, I fnall never love these words. How may
odious circumstances invert the force \* Proceed, proceed, faid Sir Har-

dious circumstances invert the force of the kindest words! Sir Hargrays

fill detained my struggling hand.

I stamped, and threw myself to the length of my arm, as he held my hand,

No dearly beloved it, faid I. I was just beside myself. What to say, what

to do, I knew not.

The cruel wretch laughed at me;
No dearly beloved it repeated he.
Very comical, 'faith,' and laughed again; 'but proceed, proceed, doctor.'
We are gathered together here in the fight of God,' read he on.
This affected me ftill more. 'I ad-

jure you, Sir, to the minifer, by that God in whose fight you read we are gathered together, that you proceed no farther.—I adjure you, Sir Hargave, in the same tremendous name, that you dop farther proceed-ings. My life take; with all my heart, take thy life; but my hand never, never, will I join with yours?
Proceed, doctor thoctor, pray proceed! faid the vile Sir Hargrave.
When the day dawns, the will be

glad to own her marriage.'
Proceed at your peril, Sir,' faid I.
If you are really and truly a minister of that God, whose presence what you have read supposes, do not proceed; do not make me desperate.—Madam, turning to the widow, you are a mother, and have given me room to hope you are a good woman; I look upon me as if I were one of those daughters, whom I see before f me: could you fee one of them thus treated !- Dear young women, 'turning to each, 'can you unconcernedly look on, and fee a poor creature

tricked, betrayed, and thus violently; basely, treated, and not make my case your own? Speak for me! plead for me! be my advocates! Each of you, if ye are women, plead for me! you, if ye are women, plead for me, as you would yourselves with to be pleaded for, in my circumstances, and were thus harbarously used!

The young women wept. The mo-

I wonder I kept my head. My brain was on fire. Sull, fill, the unmoved Sir Hargrave cried out, ' Proceed, proceed, doctor: to morrow, before mon, all will be as it should be.' The man who stood aloof, (the sliest; fodden faced creature I ever faw) came tearer. To the question, doctor, and to my part, if you please.—Am not I her father!—To the question, doctor, if you please!—The gentle-women will prepare her for what is to follow.'

O then man! of heart the me obdurate and vile! And will he obdurate and vile! And will he, soking at every person, one hand held up, (for still the vile man griped the ther quite becumbed hand in his iron aw) and adjuring each, will ye see this violence done to a poor young creature?—A soul, gentlewomen, you may have to answer for. I can die, Never, never, will I be his. Let us women talk to the lady by ounselves, Sir Hargrave. Pray, your honour, let us talk to her by ourselves.

Ay, ay, ay, faid the parson, by another, Sir. She may be brought to confider.

He let go my hand. The widow ook it; and was leading me out of he soom—' Not up stars, I hope, Madam,' faid I.

You han't, then,' faid the. 'Come, Sally - corne, Deb - let us women go out together.'

They led me into a little room adneing to the parlour; and then, m spirits subsiding, I thought I should have fainted away. I had more hartf-

hom and water pouned down my throat.
When they had brought me a little to myfelf, they pleaded with me Sir Hargran's great effate. What are riches to me? Dirt, dirt, dirt! I hate them. They cannot purchase peace of mind: I want not riches? in They pleaded his honomable fove

I, my invincible aversion.

He was a handsome man. The most odious, in my eyes, of the human species. Never, never should my confent be had to fundify such a base-

My danger! and that they hould not be able to fave me from worfe

treatment—

How!—not able!—Ladies, Madam, is not this your own honfe!
Cannot you raife a neighbourhood!
Have you no neighbours? A thou!
Ind pounds will I order to be paid ante your hands for a prefent before the week is out; I pledge my holenour for the payment; if you will hut fave me from a violence, that no worthy woman can fee offered to a diffressed young creature!—A thou-fand pounds!—Dear ladies! only to fave me, and see me fase to my friends!

The wretches in the next your

The wretches in the next room, no doubt, heard all that palled. In at a moment came Sir Hargrave. Mrs. Awberry, faid he, with a vifage swelled with malice, 'young ladies, Pray retire to your own reft: leave f man. She is mine.

' Pray, Sir Hargrave-' faid Mrs. Awberry.

Awberry.

'Leave her to me, I (ay: — Mile Byron, you shall be mine. Your Grevilles, Madam, your Fenwicks, your Ormes, when they know the pains and the expence I have been at, to fecure you, shall confess me their superior—shall confess—
'In wickedness, in cruelty, Sir, you are every man's superior.

'You talk of cruelty, Mile Byron to triumphing over scores of prostrate

Yas talk of cruelty, Mifs Byron!
triumphing over fcores of proftrase
lovers, Madam! You remember your treatment of me, Madam! kneeling, like an abject wretch, at your feet! kneeling for pity I But no pity could touch your heart, Madam! — Ungrateful, proud girl! — Yet am I not humbling you; take notice of that,
I am not humbling you; I am propoing to exalt you, Madam.
Vile, wile, debafement! faid I.

Pollexien! And yet, if you hold anot out your hand to me.

He would have finatched my hand. I put it belied me. He would have finatched the other; I put that behind me too; and the vile wretch would then have kiffed my undefended neck; but, with both my hands, I puthed his audacious forehead from the. ' Charining creature! he called me, with passion in his look and accent : then, passion in his look and accent: then, Cruel, proud, ungrateful! and swore by his Maker, that if I would not give my hand instantly, instead of exating me, he would humble me. Ladies, pray withdraw, faid he. Leave her to me: either Lady Pollexsen, or what I please; rearing himself proudly up! She may be happy if she will Leave her to me. will. Leave her to me.'

' Pray, Sir!' faid the youngest of

the two daughters; and wept for me.
Greatly hurt, indeed! to be the
wife of a man of my fortune and
confequence! But leave her to me, I fay—I will foon bring down her pride: what a devil am I, to creep, beg, pray, and entreat, and only for a "wife!—But, Madam," faid the infolent wretch, 'you will be mine upon eafer terms, perhaps. 'Gid the

' Madam, pray, Madam,' faid the widow to me, 'confider what you are about, and whom you refuse. Can you have a handsomer man? you have a man of a greater fortune? Sir Hargrave means nothing but what is honourable. You are in his

power. In bis power, Madam!' returned of this house. I claim the protection of it. Have you not neigh-bours? Your protection I put my-felf under. Then classing my arms about her, Lock me from him till you can have help to fecure to you the privilege of your own house; and deliver me safe to my friends, and I will share my fortune with

your two daughters.

The wicked man took the mother and youngest daughter each by her hand, after he had disengaged the former from my clasping arms, and led them to the door. The elder fol-lowed them of her own accord. They none of them struggled against going. I begged, prayed, befought them not to go; and when they did, would have thrust myself out with them; but the wretch, in fautting them out, fqueezed me dreadfully, as I was half in, half out; and my nofe gushed out with blood.

I screamed : he scemed frighted; but instantly recovering myself- So, so, you have done your worst! - You have killed me, I hope. I was out of breath; my stomach was very much pressed, and one of my arms was bruif-ed. I have the marks still; for he clapt to the door with violence, not knowing, to do him justice, that I was

fo forward in the door-way. I talked half wildly, I remember. I threw myfelf in a chair—'So, fo, you have 'killed me, I hope—Well, now I hope, now I hope, you are satisfied. Now may you moan over the poor " creature you have destroyed!" for he expressed great tenderness and consternation; and I, for my part, felt fuch pains in my bofom, that, having never felt such before, I really thought I was bruised to death: repeating my foolish 'So, so-but I forgive you,' faid I—' only, Sir, call to the gentle-women, Sir — Retire Sir. Let me-have my own fex only about me.' My head fwam; my eyes failed me; and I fainted quite away.

# LETTER XXXII.

the miner had make a ber

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

Understood afterwards, that he was in the most dreadful consternation. He had fastened the door upon me and hinfelf; and for a few moments was not enough present to himself to open it. Yet crying out upon his God to have mercy upon him, and running about the room, the women haftily rapped at the door. Then he ran to it, opened it, curfed himfelf, and befought them to recover me if possible.

They faid I had death in my face; they lamented over me; my nose had done bleeding. But, careful of his own fafety, in the midst of his terror, he took my bloody handkerchief; if I did not recover, he faid, that thould not appear against him; and he hasted into the next room, and thrust it into the fire; by which were fitting, it-

over fome burnt brandy.

O gentlemen! cried the wretch, o nothing nothing can be done to night. Take this: '(and gave them money.)' The lady is in a fit. I with you well

home."

The younger daughter reported this to me afterwards, and what follows. They had defired the maid, it seems, to bring them more firing, and a jug off ale; and they would fit in the chimney-corner, they said, till peep of day: but the same young woman who was taken off from her errand to assist me, finding me, as they all thought, not likely to recover, ran in to them, and declared, that the lady was dead, certainly dead; 'And what,' faid she, will become of us all.' This terrified the two men. They said it was then time for them to be gone. Accordingly, taking each of them another dram, they snatched up their hats and sticks, and away they hurried; hoping, the doctor said, that, as they were innocent, and only meant to serve The younger daughter reported this were innocene, and only meant to ferve the gentleman, their names, whatever happened, would not be called in quef-tion.

When I came a little to myfelf, I found the three women only with me.
I was in a cold sweat, all over shivering. There was no fire in that room.
They led me into the parlour, which
the two men had quitted, and fat me down in an elbow, chair; for I could hardly stand, or support myself; and chafed my temples with Hungary-

Wretched creatures, men of this east, my Lucy, thus to sport with the healths and happiness of poor creatures whom they pretend to love! I am afraid I never shall be what I was. At times I am very fentible at my flomach of this violent fqueeze. The mother and elder lifter left me

foon after, and went to Sir Hargrave. I can only guess at the refult of their

deliberations by what followed.

The younger fifter, with compaffionate frankness, answered all my questions, and let me know all the above particulars. Yet she wondered that I could refuse so handsome and

So rich a man as Sir Hargrave.
She boafted much of their reputation. Her mother would not do an ill thing, the faid, for the world: and the had a brother, who had a place in the Cuftom-house, and was as honest a man, though the faid it, as any in it,

She owned that the knew my new sile fervant; and praised his fidelity to the masters he had served, in such high terms, as if she thought all duties were comprized in that one, of obeying his principals, right or wrong. Mr. William, the faid, was a pretty man, a genteel man, and the believed he was worth money; and she was sure would make an excellent husband. I foon found that the fimple girl was in love with this vile, this specious fellow. She could not hear to hear me hint any thing in his disfavour, as, by, way of warning to her, I would have, done. But she was sure Mr. William was a downwicks head man and was a downright honest man; and was a downright honest man; and that if he were guilty of any bad thing, it was by command of those to whom he owed duty: 'and they are to be, 'answerable for that, you know, Madam.'

We were broke in upon, as I was intending to ask more questions, (for, I find this Wilson was the prime agent in all this mischies) when the elder sifter called out the younger; and instantly came in Sir Hargrave.

He took a chair, and sat down by

He took a chair, and fat down by me, one leg thrown over the knee of the other; his elbow upon that knee, and his hands fupporting his bowed.

down head; biting his lips; looking at me, then from me, then at me again, five or fix times, as in malice.

'Ill-natured, pitteful, moody wretch!' thought I, trembling at his firange, filence after fuch hart as he had done

filence, after such hurt as he had done

filence, after such hart as he had done me, and what I had endured, and still-felt in my stomach and arm;) 'what 'an odious creature thou art!'
At last I broke silence. I thought I would be as mild as I could, and not provoke him to do me farther mischief, 'Well have you done, Sir 'Hargrave, (have you not?) to commit such a violence upon a poor 'young creature, that never did nor 'thought you evil?'
I paused. He was silent

I paused. He was filent.

What distraction have you given to my poor cousin Reeves's! How my heart bleeds for them!

I ftopt. He was full filent.

I sope, Sir, you are forty for the mischief you have done me; and for the pain you have given to my friends!
- 'I hope, Sir—'
- Curfed!' faid he.

Curied! faid he.
I floot, thinking he would go on;

hat he faid no more; only changing his posture; and then resuming it.

These people, Sir, seem to be honest people. I hope you designed only to terrify me. Your bringing me into no worse company, is an assurance to me that you meant betaffurance to me that you meant bet-

Devils all !' interrupted he.

I thought he was going on; but he inned, thook his head, and then rinned, again reclined it upon his hand.

I forgive you, Sir, the pain you have given me—But my friends—As foon as day breaks, (and I hope that is not far off) I will get the wo men to let my coufin Reeves—'
Then up he started—' Mile Byron

faid he, 'you are a awaman; a true woman, —And held up his hand, clenched. I knew not what to think

of his intention.

'Mil's Byron,' proceeded he, after a paule, 'you are the most consummate hypocrite that I ever knew in my life: and yet I thought that the best of you all could fall into his best of you all could fall into his best of you all could fall into his

md fwoonings whenever you pleafed.

I was now hient. I trembled.

Damn'd fool! afs! blockhead!

nooman's fool!—I ought to be d—n'd

for my credulous folly!—I tell you,

Miss Byron—'Then he looked at me as if he were crazy; and walked two br three times about the room.

To be dying one half-hour, and the next to look to provoking!

I was fill filent.

I could curfe myself for sending away the parson. I thought I had known something of women's tricks. But yet your arts, your hypocrify, shall not serve you, Madam. What I failed in bere, shall be done elsewhere. By the great God of heaven, it shall?

I wept. I could not then speak.

'Can't you go into fits again?

Can't you?' faid the barbarian, with an air of a piece with his words; and uling other words of the lowest re-

proach.

God deliver me, prayed I to myfelf, from the hands of this mad-

I arose; and, as the candle stood near the glass, I saw in it my vile figure, in the abominable habit; to hich, till then, I had paid little at-ation. O how I formed mylell! ntion.

Pray, Sir Hargrave, faid I, let me beg that you will not terrify me farther. I will forgive you for all you have hitherto done; and place it you have attherto done; and place it to my own account, as a proper punishment for consenting to be thus marked for a vain and foolish creature. Your abuse, Sir, give me leave to say, is low and uhmanly but, in the light of a punishment, I will own it to be all deserved; and let here my punishment end, and I will thank you; and forgive you will thank you; and forgive you with my whole heart.

Your fate is determined, Mils By-

fult then came in a fervant-maid with a capuchin, who whilpered fome-thing to him; to which he answered, That I well!

He took the capuchin; the maid withdrew; and approached me with it. I started, trembled, and was ready to faint. I caught hold of the back of the elbow-chair.

'Your fate is determined, Madam;' repeated the savage—'Here, put this on—Now fall into fits again—Put this on!

this on!

Pray, Sir Hargrave—
And pray, Mils Byron; what has not been compleated here, shall be compleated in a safer place; and that in my own way,—Put this on, I tell you.—Your compliance may yet be-friend you.
Where are the gentlewomen?—

Where are-

Gone to reft, Madam. - John !-

In came two men-fervants. Pray, Sir Hargrave!-Lord pro-tect me!-Pray, Sir Hargrave!-Where are the gentlewomen?-Lord protect me!

Then running to the door, against which one of the men foodstand out of the way!' faid I. But

he did not: he only bowed.

I cried out, 'Mrs. \_\_\_, I forget'
' your name \_ Miss\_\_\_, and t'other'
' Miss\_\_\_; I forget your names\_\_ ' If you are good creatures, as I hoped you were

I called as loud as my fears would

At last came in the elder fifer 9 Madam! good young gentlewoman!
I am glad you are come!' fluid I.
And fo am I,' faid the wicked

0 1

man .- ' Pray, Mifs Sally, put on this

lady's eapuchin."
Lord bless me, for why! for what! I have no capuchin!

I would not permit her to put it on,

as the would have done.

The favage then wrapt his arms about mine, and made me so very sensible, by his force, of the pain I had had by the squeeze of the door, that I could not help crying out. The young woman put on the capuchin, whether I would or not.

Now, Miss Byron, faid he, make yourfelf easy: or command a fit, it is all one; my end will be better ferved by the latter—Miss Sally, give orders.

Sheran out with the candle, 'Frank, e give me the cloak,' faid Sir Har-

The fellow had a red cloak on his arm. His barbarous master took it from him. 'To your posts,' faid he. The two men withdrew in haste. Now, my dearest life, faid he, with an air of infult, as I thought, you command your fate, if you are easy." He threw the cloak about me.

I begged, prayed, would have kneeled to him; but all was in vain: the typer-hearted man, as Mr. Greville had truly called him, muffled me up in it; and by force carried me through a long entry to the fore-door. There was ready a chariot and fix; and that Sally was at the door with a lighted candle.

I called out to her. I called out for her mother; for the other fifter. I befought him to let me fay but fix words

to the widow.

But no widow was to appear; no younger lifter; the was, perhaps, more tender hearted than the elder; and, in fpite of all my struggles, prayers, refistance, he lifted me into the chariot.

Men on horseback were about it. I thought that Wilson was one of them; and so it proved. Sir Hargrave said to that fellow, 'You know what tale to tell, if you meet with impertinents,

And in he came himself.

I fcreamed. 'Scream on, my dear,' upbraidingly, faid he; and barbaroufly mocked me; imitating, low wretch! the bleating of a sheep. [Could you not have killed him for this, my Lucy?] Then rearing himself up, ' Now am I lord of Mils Byron!' exulted he.

Still I fereamed for help; and he put his hand before my mouth, though vowing honour, and such fort of stuff; and, with his unmanly roughness, made me bite my lip. And away lashed the coachman with your poor Harriet,

# LETTER XXXIIL

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

A S the chariot drove by houses, I cried out for help once or twice, at fetting out. But, under pretence of preventing my taking cold, he tied a handkerchief over my face, head and mouth, having first mussled me up in the cloak; preffing against my arm with his whole weight, so that I had not my hands at liberty. And when he had done, he leized them, and held them both in his left hand, while his right-arm, thrown round me, kept me fall on the feate and except that now and then my firuggling head gave me a little opening, I was blinded

But at one place on the road, just after I had screamed, and made another effort to get my hands free, I heard voices; and immediately the chariot stopt. Then how my heart was filled with hope! But, alas! it was momentary. I heard one of his men say, (that Wilson, I believe) The best of husbands, I assure you, Sir; and the is the world of wives. and the is the worst of wives.

I foreamed again. Aye, fcream and be d-n'd, I heard faid in a afranger's voice, if that be the cufe. Poor gentleman, I pity him with all my h art. And immediately the

coachman drove on again.

The vile wretch laughed; 'That's you, my dear ! and hugged me round. · You are the d-n'd wife. And again he laughed: 'by my foul, I am a 'charming contriver! Greville, Fen'wick, Onne, where are you now?— By my foul, this will be a pretty ftory to tell when all your fears are over, my Byron!

I was ready to faint several times. I begged for air: and when we were in an open road, and I suppose there was nobody in light, he vouchfafed to pull down the blinding handkerchief, but kept it over my mouth; fo that, ex-cept now and then, that I struggled it afide with my head, (and my neck

fill, my dear, very stiff with my efforts to free my face) I could only make a murmuring kind of noise.

The curtain of the fore-glass was pulled down, and generally the canvas on both fides drawn up. But I was fure to be made acquainted when we came near houses, by his care again to

blind and stille me up.

A little before we were met by my deliverer, I had, by getting one hand free, unmuffled myfelf fo far as to fee, (as I had gueffed once or twice before, by the ftone pavements) that we were going through a town; and then I again vehemently foreamed: but he had the cruelty to thruft a handkerchief into my mouth, fo that I was almost firangled; and my mouth was hurt, and as still fore, with that and his former violence of the like nature.

Indeed, he now and then made apologies for the cruelty, to which, he faid, he was compelled, by my invincible obitinacy, to have recourse. I was forely hurt, he said, to be the wife of a man of his consideration! But I should be that, or worse. He was in for it, (he said more than once) and must proceed. I might see that all my resistance was in vain. He had me in his net; and, d—n him, if he were not revenged for all the trouble I had given him. You keep no terms with me, my Byron, said he once; and d—n me, if I keep any with you!

I doubted not his malice: his love had no tenderness in it; but how could I think of being consenting, as I may say, to such harbarous usage, and by a man so truly odious to me? What a slave had I been in spirit, could I have qualified on such villainous treatment as I had met with? or had I been able

to defert myfelf!

At one place the chariot drove out of the road, over rough ways, and little hillocks, as I thought, by it's rocking; and then, it stopping, he let go my hands, and endeavoured to soothe me. He begged I would be pacified, and offered, if I would forbear crying out for help, to leave my eyes unmuffled all the rest of the way. But I would not, I told him, give such a fanction to his barbarous violence.

On the chariot's stopping, one of his men came up, and put a handkerchief into his master's hands, it which were

fome cakes and sweetmeats; and gave him also a bottle of sack, with a glass. Sir Hargrave was very urgent with me to take some of the sweetmeats, and to drink a glass of the wine: but I had neither stomach nor will to touch either.

He eat himself very cordially. God forgive me! I wished in my heart there were pins and needles in every bit he

put into his mouth.

He drank two glasses of the wine. Again he urged me. I faid, I hoped I had eat and drank my last.

'You have no dependence upon my honour, Madam,' faid the villain; 'fo cannot be disappointed much, do what I will.' Ungrateful, proud, vain, obstinate, he called me.
'What fignifies,' said he, 'shewing

What fignifies, 'faid he, 'fhewing' politeness to a woman who has shewn' none to me, though she was civil to every other man? Ha, ha, ha, hah! What, my sweet Byron, I don't hit 'your fancy! You don't like my morals!' laughing again. 'My lovely fly,' faid the insulting wretch, hugging me round in the cloak, 'how prettily have I wrapt

you about in my web!

Such a provoking, low wretch!—I ftruggled to free myfelf; and unhooked the curtain of the fore-glafs; but he wrapt me about the closer, and faid he would give me his garter for my girdle, if I would not fit still and be orderly. Ah, my charming Byron! faid he, your opportunity is over—All your ftruggles will not avail you—will not avail you—will not avail you, it hat's a word of your own, you know. I will, however, forgive you, if you promite to love me now. But if you stay till I get you to the allotted place, then, Madam, take what follows."

I faw that I was upon a large, wild, heath-like place, between two roads, as it feemed. I asked nothing about my journey's end. All I had to hope for as to an escape, (though then I began to despair of it) was upon the road, or in some town. My journey's end, I knew, must be the beginning of new trials; for I was resolved to suffer death rather than to marry him. What I now was most apprehensive about, was, of falling into fits; and I answered to his berbarous insults as little as possible, that I might not be provoked beyond the little strength I had left me.

Three or four times he offered to

kils me; and curfed my pride for re-fifting him: making him class a cloud, was his speech, (aiming at wit) instead of his Juno; calling the cloak a cloud.

of his Juno; calling the cloak a cloud.

And now, my dear Byron, faid he, if you will not come to compromife with me, I must drefs you again for the journey. We will stop at a town a little farther, (beckoning to one of his men, and, on his approaching, whispering to him, his whole body but of the chariot) and there you fall alight; and a very worthy woman, to whom I shall introduce you, will persuade you, perhaps, to take refreshment, though I cannot.

You are a very barbarous man, Sir Hargrave. I have the misfortune to be in your power. You may dear-ly repent the usage I have already received from you. You have made my life of no estimation with me. I

will not contend.

And tears ran down my cheeks. In-Beed, I thought my heart was broke. He wrapt me up close, and tied the handkerchief about my mouth and head,

I was quite passive.

The chariot had not many minutes got into the great road again, over the like rough, and fometimes plashy ground; when it stopt on a dispute between the coachman, and the coachman of another charlot and fix, as it

Sir Hargrave had but just drawn my handkerchief closer to my eyes, when this happened. Hinder not my tears from flowing, faid I; struggling to keep my eyes free, the cloak enough mustling me, and the handkerchief being ever my mouth; so that my voice could be but just heard by him, as I imagine. He looked out of his chariot, to fee

the occasion of this stop; and then I found means to difengage one hand.

I heard a gentleman's voice directing

his own coachman to give way.

I then pushed up the handkerchief with my disengaged hand, from my mouth, and pulled it down from over my eyes, and cried out for help: Help, for God's fake!

A man's voice (it was my deliverer's, ss it happily proved) bid Sir Har-grave's coachman proceed at his peril.

Sir Hargrave, with terrible oaths and curies, ordered him to proceed, and to drive though all opposition,

The gentleman called Sir Hargrave by his name; and charged him with being upon a bad defign. The vile wretch faid, he had only

fecured a run-away wife, eloped to, and intending to elope from, a mal-querade, to her adulterer: [Horrid!] He put afide the cloak, and appealed to

my dress.

I cried out, 'No, no, no!' five or fix times repeated; but could fay no more at that instant, holding up then both my disengaged hands for pro-

The wicked man endeavoured to muffle me up again, and to force the handkerchief, which I had then got under my chin, over my mouth; and

brutally curfed me.

The gentleman would not be faus-fied with Sir Hargrave's story. He would speak to me. Sir Hargrave called him impertinent, and other names; and asked who the devil he was, with rage, and contempt.—The gentleman, how-ever, asked me, and with an air that

Promised deliverance, if I were Sir Hargrave's wife.

No, no, no, no!—I could only fay.

For my own part, I could have no scruple, distressed as I was, and made desperate, to throw myself into the protection, and even into the stress of my deliverer, though a very fine young gentleman. It would have been very hard, had I fallen from bad to bad; had the facred name of protector been abused by another Sir Hargrave, who would have had the additional crime of betraying a confidence to answer for, But, however this had proved, an escape from the present evil was all I had in my head at the time.

But you may better conceive, than I can express, the terror I was in, when Sir Hargrave drew his fword and puffied at the gentleman, with fuch words as denoted (for I could not look that way) he had done him mischief. But when I found my oppressor, my low-meaning; and soon after low-laid op-pressor, pulled out of the chariot by the brave, the gallant man, (which was done with such force, as made the chariot rock) and my proved the chariot rock) and my protector fafe; I was as near fainting with joy, as before I had been with terror. I had thaken off the cloak, and untied the handkerchief.

Me carried me in his arms (I could not walk) to his own chariot.

I heard Sir Hargrave curfe, fwear,

I heard Sir Hargrave curse, swear, and threaten. I was glad, however, he was not dead.

'Mind him not, Madam; fear him, 'not?' faid Sir Charles, Grandison.
[You know his noble name, my Lucy.] 'Coachman, drive not over your master: take care of your master!' or some such words he said, as he listed me into his own chariot. He came not in, but shut the chariot-door, as soon as he had seated me.

He just surveyed, as it were, the spot, and bid a servant let Sir Hargrave laiow who he was; and then came

back to me.

Partly through terror, partly through weakness, I had funk to the bottom of the chariot. He opened the door, entered, and with all the tenderness of a brother, foothed me, and lifted me on the feat once more. He ordered his coachman to drive back to Colnebrook. In accents of kindness, he told me, that he had there at present the most virtuous and prudent of listers, to whose care he would commit me, and then proceed on his journes to town.

proceed on his journey to town.

How irrefiftibly welcome to me was his supporting arm, thrown round me, as we flew back, compared to that of the vile Sir Hargrave!

Mr. Reeves has given you an account from the angelick fifter—O my Lucy, they are a pair of angels!

I have written a long, long letter, or rather five letters in one, of my diftreffes, of my deliverance; and, when my heart is stronger, I will say more of the persons, as well as minds, of this excellent brother and sister.

But what shall I do with my gratitude! O my dear, I am overwhelmed
with my gratitude: I can only express
it in silence before them. Every look,
if it be honest to my heart, however,
tells it: reverence mingles with my
gratitude—Yet there is so much ease, so
much sweetness, in the behaviour of both
—O my Lucy! did I not find that my
veneration of both is equal; did I not,
on examination, find, that the amiable
fifter is as dear to me, from her experienced tenderness, as her brother from
his remembered bravery, (which must
needs mingle awe with my estrem;)

in short, that I love the fifter, and revere the brother; I should be affaid of my gratitude.

I have over-written myself. I am tired. O my grandmamma, you have never yet, while, I have been in London, sent me your ever-valued blessing under your own hands yet, I am sure I had it; and your blessings, my dear uncle and aunt Selby; and your prayers, my Lucy, my Nancy, and all my loves; else my deliverance had not perhaps followed my presumptuous folly, in going dressed out, like the fantastick wretch I appeared to be, at a vile, a foolish masquerade — How often, throughout the several stages of my distress, and even in my deliverance, did I turn my eye to myself, and from myself, with the disgust that made a part, and that not a light one, of my punishment!

And so much, my Lucy, for masquerades, and masquerade dresses, for ever!

Pray, let not any body unnecessarily, be acquainted with this shocking at fair: particularly, neither Mr. Greaville nor Mr. Fenwick. It is very probable, that they (especially Mr. Greville) would be for challenging Sir. Hargrave, were it only on a supposition that it would give him an interest in me in the eye of the sworld. Your know that Mr. Greville watches for all opportunities to give himself confequence with me.

Were any farther mitchief to happen, to any body, I should be grieved be youd measure. Hitherto I have reaction to think, that a transaction for shocking is not very unhappily concluded. May the vile man it himselfs down fatisfied, and I shall be willing to do so too, provided I never more behold his face.

Mr. Reeves will fend you, with the above packet, a letter from Sir Charles Grandison, inclosing one from that vile Wilson. I can write no more just now, and they will sufficiently explain a themselves.

Adieu, my dearest Lucy. I need not say how much I am, and ever will be, your faithful and offectionate.

HARRIET BYRON.

## ke sas evol LETTER XXXIV.

SIR CHARLES GRANDISON, TO AR-CHIBALD REEVES, ESQ.

DEAR SIR,

THE inclosed long letter is just now brought to me. I pretend not to judge of the writer's penitence. Yet his confessions feem ingenuous; and he was not under any obligation to

put them on paper.

As I prefume that you will not think it adviseable to make the ineffectual attempt upon Miss Byron publick by a profecution, perhaps your condescending to let the man's lifter know that er brother, if in earnest, may securely purfue the honest purposes he mentions, may fave the poor wretch from taking fuch courses as might be fatal, not only to himself, but to innocent persons, who otherwise may suffer by

The man, as you will fee by his let-ter, if you had not a still fronger proof, has abilities to do mischief. He has been in had hands, as he tells us, from his youth upwards, or he might have been an ufeful member of fociety. He is a young man; and if yet he could be made fo, his reformation will take from the number of the profligate, and add to that of the hopeful; and who knows how wide the circle of his acquaintance is, and how many of them may be influenced by his example either way? If he marry the not-dishonest young woman, to whom he feems to be contracted, may not your lenity be a means of fecuring a whole future family on the fide of moral honesty!

His crime, as the attempt was fruftrated, is not capital: and, not to mention the fervice of fuch an evidence as this, should Sir Hargrave feek for a legal redrefs, as he fometimes weakly threatens, my hope makes me for a farther good that may be brought about by this man's reformation; wicked matters cannot execute their base views upon the persons of the ined servants. What a nest of vipers may be crushed at once, or, at least, rendered unburtful, by depriving the

three monsters he names of the aid of. fuch an agent! Men who want to fave appearances, and have estates to for-feit, will fometimes be honest of necessity, rather than put themselves into the power of untried villains.

You will be fo good as to make my compliments to your lady, and to our lovely ward. You see, Sir, that I join myself with you in the honour of that

agreeable relation.

I hope the dear lady has perfectly recovered her health and spirits. I'am, good Mr. Reeves, your most faithful and obedient fervant,

CHARLES GRANDISON.

## LETTER XXXV.

TO THE HON. SIR CHARLES GRAN-DISON, BART.

SATURDAY, PEB. 18. N what an odious light must that wretch appear before the worthieft of men, who cannot but abhor him-

I am the unhappy man who was hired into the service of the best of young ladies; whom I was the means of betraying into the power of Sir Hargrave Pollexfen, from the ball in the Hay-Market on Thursday night

Your honour has made yourfelf an interest in Miss Byron's fate, as I may say, by your powerful protection. Pardon me, if I give you some account of myself, and of transactions which, perhaps, will otherwise never be known; and this in justice to all round.

My parentage was honeft: my education was above my parentage. I fet out with good principles: but I fell into a bad fervice. I was young, and of a good natural disposition; but had not virtue enough to relift a tempta-tion: I could not fay, 'No,' to an un-lawful thing, when my principals commanded my affent.

I was, at first fetting out, by favour of friends, taken as clerk to a merchant. In process of time, I transacted his butiness at the Custom-House. He taught me to make light of oaths of office; and this, by de-

grees, made me think light of all moril obligations, and laid the founda-

My mafter's name was Bagenhall. He dietly and I was to feek. His brother functoded to his fortune, which was very larges he was brought up to no business; he was a gentleman. His feat is near Reading. I was recommended by him to the service of a gentleman who was nominated to go abroad on a foreign embaffy. I will name his name, left your honour frould imagine I have any defign to evade the frictest truth; Sir Christopher Lucas; I was to be this gentleman's master of he horfe abroad.

The first service my new master emloyed me in, was to try to get for him the pretty daughter of an honest farmer.

I had been out of place for a twelve-month. Had I had twenty hillings aforehand in the world, I would, I think, have faid, 'No.' Nevertheless I consulted, in confidence, my late mafter's brother upon it. The advice he gave me, was, not to boggle at it? but if, he faid, I could manage the matter fo, as to cheat Sir Christopher, and get the girl for him, and keep the feeret, he would give me 501. I abhoured the double treachery of young Mr. Bagenhall; but undertook to ferve Sir Christopher: and carried on atreaty with the farmer for his daughter; as if the were to be the wife of Sir Christopher; but not to be owned till he refurned from abroad; no, not even if he fhould prove with child.

I found, in the course of my visits at the farmer's, fo much honefty, both in father and mother, and so much innocence in the daughter, that my heart relented; and I took an opportunity to reveal Sir Christopher's base design to themp for the girl was delighed to be suined the very first moment that Sir Christopher could be alone with her. Your honour may believe, that I en-

Nevertheleft, this contribing devil of a mafter found a way to get the young woman by other means; and, in amorous dalliance, the cold him to whom he was obliged for not fucceeding beforenv sil soft t

In rage herturned me out of his ferrice, in the most diffraceful manner; but without giving any other reasons, show

and that I knew myfelf to be one: nor would be give me a character. So I was quite reduced; and but for the kindness of a fifter, who keeps an inn in Smithfield, I should have starved, or been obliged to do worse.

I should have told your honour, that the poor farmer and his wife both died of grief in half a year. An honest

young man, who dearly loved the foon after it is feared he was his own executioner. Sir Christopher went not on his embaffy. His preparations for it, and his expensive way of life, be-fore and after, reduced him: and he has been long a beggar, he I may fay! The poor young woman is now, if living, on the town. I faw her about half a year ago in St. Martin's round house, taken up as a common proftitute, and charged with picking a pocket. She was a pretty creature, and had a very pious turn, when I knew her first. Her father had gone beyond himself in her education ; and this was the fruit. What has fuch a man as Sir Christopher to answer for But it is come home to him. I rejoice that this wickedness was not added to my fcore.

But heavy scenes I had enough afterwards. Being utterly defitute, except what my fifter did for me, and not enduring to be a burden to her, I threw myfelf upon my master. Bagenhall. He employed me in mean offices, till his pander died, (he is a very profligate man, Sir!) and then he promoted me to a fill meaner.

In this way, I grew a shameless con-triver. He introduced me to Sir Hargrave Pollexfeny and to Mr. Merceda, a Portuguele Jew. In the service of these three mafters, good Heaven forgive me! what villainies was I not the means of perpetrating! Yet I never was so hardened, but I had temporary remorfes. But thefe three gentlemen would never let me reft from wicked? nels: yet they kept me poor and neceffitous, as the only means to keep me what they called boneft; for the had often reason to think, that had I had any other means of subsistence, I would have been really hohest.

I was now Mr. Bayenhall's constant fervant. Sir Hargrave and Mr. Merceda used to borrow me: but I must fay Sir Hargrave is an innocent man to the other two. They carefied me, I fpeak it to my fhame, as a man fit for their turn. I had contrivance; temper; I knew fomething of every body. But my lifter knows my frequent com-punctions; and that I hated the vile course I was in. She used to lecture me enough. She is a good woman. Will your honour have patience with me a little longer?

Sir Hargrave, on the feventh of this month, came to my master Bagenhall, at Reading, with whom he had double bufinefs: one was to take a bond and judgment of him; (Sir Hargrave is no better than an usurer;) Mr. Bagenhall has lived a most extravagant life; the other was to borrow me. Mr. Merceda had a scheme on foot at the fame time, which he was earnest to engage me in; but it was too shocking; and Mr. Bagenhall came into Sir Har-

Sir Hargrave told them he defigned nothing more than a violation, if he could get my affiftance, of the most beautiful woman in the world. And, Sir, to fee the villainy of the other two; they both, unknown to each other, made proposals to me to trick Sir Hargrave, and to get the lady, each

for himfelf.

. But to me, Sir Hargrave swore, that he was fully resolved to leave this wicked course of life. Bagenhall and Merceda, he faid, were devils; and he would marry, and have no more to fay to them. All that was in his view was honest marriage. He faid he had never been in the lady's company but once, and that was the day before at Lady Betty Williams's. He faid he went thither, knowing she was to be there: for having for some time had it in his head to marry, this was the lady he had pitched upon in his mind, from the character he had of her from every mouth at the Northampton races.

' Now,' faid he, 'I shall have some difficulty to obtain her, notwithfanding my fortune is fo great; for every one who fees her is in love with And he named feveral gentlemen who laid close fiege to her.

She brought a fervant up with her,' faid he, 'who hones after the country, and is actually gone, or foon will. Her coufin enquires of every one after a proper fervant for her. - You, Wilson, faid he, are handsome

and genteel: he was pleased to say so. You have a modest, humble look; you know all the duties of a servant: get yourself entertained, and your fortune is made for life, if by your means I obtain the lady.
I have already tendered myfelf, faid he. Perhaps the will have me in a few days. I don't expect to be defew days. I don't expect to be de-nied, if the be difengaged, as it is faid the is. If you can get into her fervice, you will find out every thing. This is all that is to be done but you must never mention my name, nor ever know any thing of me, as I go and come."

Sir Hargrave declared, that his heart was burnt up with the love of the lady: and if he fucceeded, (as he had little doubt, even without my help, had I been actually in Merceda's fervice)
4 You will, faid he, as my lady's fervant, be mine of course; you shall never wear a livery; and you shall be my gentleman, till I can get a place for you in the customs." This, may it please your honour, he knew I had long aimed at; and it had been often promised by himself, and my other two mafters; and was their first promife when they wanted to engage me in any of their schemes, though they never thought more of it when the fervice was over. If I got but myfelf engaged, I was, on the day I entered into my lady's service, to have, as an earnest, ten guineas.

Encouraged by fuch promises, (and the project being an honester one than ever Sir Hargrave, or either of the other two, had fought to engage me in) I offered my fervice to my lady; and, on Mr. Bagenhall's writing good character of me, was accepted.

I could have been happy in the fer-vice of this lady all the days of my life. She is all goodness: all the fervants, every body, gentle and simple, adored her. But she, unexpectedly, refusing to have Sir Hargrave, and he being afraid that one of her three or four lovers would cut bim out, he re-folved to take more violent measures than he had at first intended.

If any man was ever mad in love, it was Sir Hargrave. But then he was as mad with anger to be refused: Sir Hargrave was ever thought to be one of the proudest men in England; and he complained that my lady used him

worse than she did any body else. But it was not ber way to use any body ill;

I faw that, Nevertheless he was resolved to firike a bold stroke for a wife, as were his words, from the title of a play: and, between us, we fettled the matter in one night; for I had found means to get out unknown to the family.

It would be trespassing too much upon your honour's patience, to be very particular in our contrivance. I will be as brief as possible.

My lady was to go to a masquerade. got into the knowledge of every thing how and about it. vere as full of the matter as their ma-Aer and mistreffes.

It was agreed to make the chairmen fuddled. Two of Mr. Merceda's footmen were to undertake the task. Brandy was put into their liquor, to haften them.

They were foon overcome. weather was cold: they drank briskly, and were laid up fafe. I then hired

two chance chairmen, and gave them orders, as had been contrived.

I had twenty guineas given me in hand for my encouragement; in which were included the promised ten.

I had, when I was my first master Bagenhall's clerk, made acquaintance with feveral clerks of the Custom-House, particularly with one Awberry, a fober, modest man; who has two fifters; to one of whom I am contracted, and always, for two years past, intended to make my wife, as soon as I should be in any way to maintain her. The mother is a wi-dow. All of them are very honek people.

Mr. Awberry, the brother, being affured by me (and I was well affured of it mylelf, and had no doubt about it) that marriage was intended; and knowing Sir Hargrave's great estate, (and having, indeed, feen Sir Hargrave on the occasion, and received his protestations of honour) engaged his mother and listers in it; and the result, as to them and me, was, that I was to receive, as foon as the knot was tied, a hundred guineas befides the twenty; and moreover, an absolute promise of a place; and twenty pounds a year till I got it; and then my marriage with

young Mrs, Awberry was to follow,

The widow has an annuity of thirty pounds, which, with her fon's falary,

eeps them above want.

She lives at Paddington. There is a back-door and garden, as it happens, convenient to bring any body in, or carry any body out, fecretly; and hi-ther it was refolved, if possible, that the lady should be brought, and a Fleet parfon and his clerk ready flationed, to perform the ceremony; and then all that the bridegroom wished was to follow of course.

Sir Hargrave doubted not (though he was fruitful in contrivances, and put many others in practice) but he should be detected if he carried the lady to his own house. And as he was afraid that the chairmen (notwithstanding feveral other artful contrivances) would be able to find out the place they carried her to, he had ordered his chariot and fix to be at the widow Awberry's by fix in the morning, with three fervants on horseback, armed, and a horse and pistols besides. After marriage and consummation, he was refolved to go to his house on the forest, but not to stay there; but to go to Mr. Merceda's house near Newbury, where he doubted not but he should be secret till he thought fit to produce the lady, as Lady Pollexfent and often, very often, did he triumph on the victory he should obtain over her other lovers, and over her own proud heart, as he would have it to be.

The parson, Sir, came; the clerk was there: but what with fits, prayers, tears, and one thing or other, (at one time the lady being thought irrecover able, having received fome unintended hurt in her struggling to get out of door, as I heard it was) Sir Hargrave, in terror, dismissed the parson; and re folved to carry the lady (who by that time was recovered) in the chariot, to his feat at Windfor; and then, ftaying there only to marry, go to New bury; and from thence break out by

degrees, as the matter should be taken.
My lady screamed, resisted, and did
all that woman could do, to get free;
and more than once, people who heard her cry out for help were put on a wrong fcent; and had we not met with your honour, (who would fee with your own eyes, and hear with your own ears) the affair had been all over

Lateral Pa

the way bir Hargrave withed, and yes at so much pains and expense to effect. For, Sir, the chariet generally drove to fast, that before passengers could have resolved whether to interfere or not, we should have been out ght or reach.

Sir Hargrave is in the greatest rage with us all, because we stood not better by him. He refuses any favour to ine, and threatens to piftel me the mo-

We were four at fetting out from Paddington; but one of the fervants was dispatched to proposless an old ferwant of Sir Hargrave's mother, at Colnebrook, who keeps there a kind of haberdathery thop; and where he proposed to get some refreshment for the lady, if he could make her take any. For my part, I wonder how she kept out of fits on the road. She had of them at Paddington.

The two fervants who flaid about Six Hargavie, are discharged with all the marks of indignation that a ma-dir incensed by such a disappoint-ment, could express; and, as I faid hefore, he is resolved to pissol me the moment he fees me. Yet I too well ferred him for the peace of my con-

A ceach and four was ordered to carry the widow and her two daughers to Reading, to the New Inn there, where they were to refide for a week or o, till all was blown over; and that ney might be out of the way of anwherey, as I call him, and hope to make him, (for he is a very honest mas ) was to go to them then

And there, in all probability, had see Hargrave inceeded, and been as good as his word, should I have been e husband of as tender-hearted a oring woman as any in the parish the

lives in on a d liene is a very long letter, may it rafe you, Sir. I have fhortened it, wer, as much as I could, but in havener, as much as I could; but in hatited to myself, and the vile ways I have, by except of good nature, and by meeting with wicked matters, been drawn into- for the clearing of my fifter a character, who lives in credit among her neighbours, and of every other perion who might otherwise have dreen suspected—in justice to Mrs. Aw.

herry's, and her two daughters, and her fan's characters, and in juffice far to Sir Hargrave's, as that he instended tharriage, (and had he not, he would have found no friends in his defigns at Paddington) and fo far as to clear him of having not offered the least incivility to my lady. [Had he intended, or been provoked fo to do, he was too well watched by the widow, and her daughters, to have been peroperated. he was too well watched by the and her daughters, to have been permitted; and that by my own request, which was, that they should be ready to run in whenever they heard her cry to run in whenever they heard her cry out, and that they would not leav Sir Hargrave alone with my lady for fix minutes, till their hands were joined in wedlock ]—In justice, I say, to all these persons, I thought proper thus to give you, Sir, all that I knew relating to this wicked transaction. And if, may it please your honour, I were to be taken up, I could fay no more hefore a magistrate; except this, which I had like to have forgot, which is, that had it not been for me, forme mifchief might have been done between Sir Hargrave's fervants and yours, if

not to your honour's person.

All that I most humbly beg, is the pardon of so sweet a lady. I have chosen, ever to be honoured Sir, to write to you, whose goodness is so ge nerally talked of, and who have fo nobly redeemed and protected her. Mr. Reeves, I know, has fuffered too much in his mind to forgive me. He is a worthy gentleman. I am forry for the disturbance I have given him. I have hopes given me, that I shall get employment on the Keys, or as a tide-

after extraordinary.

Please the Lord, I will never, never more, be the tool of wicked mafters.
All I wish for is, to be able to do justice to the love of an honest young fo enabled or not, to flarve, rather than to go any more, no, not for a fingle hour, into the fervice of the iniquitous gentleman I have to often named in this long letter.

If I might be affored, that I may purfue, unmeleffed, any honest calling as that I may not be tempted or

would be at reft.

There might have been murder in this affair: that flooks me to think of. O Sir! good, excellent, brave, and the

not worthy of gentlemen, you have given to me as great a deliverance, as you have to the lady! yes, greater; for mire may be a deliverance, if I make a proper use of it, of foul as well as body. Which God grant, as also your honour's health and prosperity, to the prayers of your benour's ever devoted bumble servant,

WILLIAM WILSON.

I thought I had fomething elfe to fay; fomething it is of bigb importance; your life is threatened, Sir. God preserve your precious life! Amen.

# LETTER XXXVI.

MISS BYRON, TO MISS SELBY.

Media PRIDAY, PER. 24. MY coulin Reeves has given af-furance to the fifter of that Wilfon, that he may, unmolefted by any of us, purfue the best means he can fall upon for the obtaining of an homest treckhood.

In every thing it is determined to follow the advice of my deliverer. What a letter is that fellow's!
What men are there in the world!

Of fuch we have read: but I hoped, that I might have escaped suffering by

any fuch.

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We are extremely diffurbed at the fellow's postscript: and the more, as we are told by several people, that Sir Hargrave will not fit down quietly; but threatens vengeance upon Sir Charles. I wish I had not come to London.

I hope my grandmamma's spirits are not affected by what she knows of the matter. It was very good of my aunt Selby to take the measures she did, in fostening every circumstance, and not to let her know any thing till the danger was over. But, indeed, it was but the natural effect of that prudence which regulates all the actions of my honoured aunt.

My grandmamina has fuch frength of mind, that now fire knows I am fafe, and not unhappy, I dare fay fhe will by degrees bear to hear my narrations read. She will be more uneafy if the thinks any thing is kept from

Yet I know that her tenderness and

her love for her Harriet, will coft her Tome anguish, fome fights, fome tears, as the reads, or hears read, the cruelty her girl has been treated with; who, fo tenderly brought up, fo greatly dulged, never before knew what he mere was. But then the will have more joy, I hope, in my deliverance, than the will have pain in my fufferings. And pray let her know, that I am every day lefs and lefs fentible of the way. the pain in my ftomach, of which I was so apprehensive, as really, at the time, to think it a mortal blow. My grandmamma has told us girls, you know, my Lucy, twenty and twenty frightful itories of the vile enterprizes of men against innocent creatures; and will therefore call to mind stories which have concluded much worse than, bleffed be God, mine has done.

Just now I have received a congra.

tulatory pacquet of letters.

One from my aunt Selby, fuch a fweetly kind, fuch a truly maternal

One from my dearest grandmamma.

I will put it next my heart, whenever I feel there any of that pain, of which the is to kindly apprehentive.

One from Nancy—dear girl!—She is very generous to forget her own malady to condole and congratulate me. Your brother James, my Lucy, has written me a very kind letter. He is a good young man; God keep him fo! What a mischievous creature is a bad man!

I have a charming letter, by the post, from my godfather Deane: he has heard nothing of what has happened; and I am fure is too folicitous for my welfare, to take it well, if I do not let him know fomething about it : I will therefore foon write to him.

But your letter, my Lucy!—What, I warrant, you thought I had forgot your letter in the enumeration of the contents of the precious pacquet! If I bad, your goodness, your love, might have made you forgive me; but I never would have forgiven myfelf.

But you and I, my dear, write for all to see what we write; and so I reserved yours to be last mentioned; only I slid in my godfather Deane's between; not because I love him bet-ter than I do my Lucy—no, that is impossible!—but because I had a mind to flew you, that I was haftening to be quite well, and so assumed my little sucy tricks, and surprizes, as if it were possible for me to be heedless, e my love to my Lucy was in the

And to you expect the particular character and description of the persons of this more than amiable brother and fifter. Need you to have told me that you do? And could you think that, after having wasted so many quires of paper in giving you the characters of people, many of whom deserved not to be drawn out from the common crowd of mortals. I would forhear to give of mortals, I would forbear to give you those of persons who adorn the age in which they live, and even hu-

You don't question, you fay, if I begin in their praises, but my gratitude will make me write in a fublime stile; so you phrase it; and are ready, you promise me, so take, with allowance, all the fine things from me, which Mr. Reeves has already taught you to ex-

You may be right in your expecta-tions, as far as I know; for my grand-father (so many years ago) used to say, that his little Byron was an enthusiast in her gratitude. But, however, when I fay any thing of the exalted minds, of the expanded hearts, of the amiable manners, of this happy brother and fifter, which feems to exceed, in my praises, the bounds you will all be willing to let me, then let the over-flowings be carried to account of the

grateful enthusiasim, and only to that.

Which shall I begin with? You will have a sharp look-out upon me, you say. Ah, my Lucy! I know what you mean. But I am safe from every thing

but my gratitude, I will affure you.

And fo, if I begin with the character of the brother, then you will join with my uncle, thake your head, and cry,

Ah, my Harriet! If I begin with the fifter, will you not fay, that I fave my thought to the laft? How my choicest subject for the last? How difficult is it to avoid censure, when there is a resolution taken to be cenforious!

Well, but keep a look-out, if you please, my Lucy: not the least shadow of referve shall it give to my heart: my pen shall be honest to that heart; and I shall be benefited, I am sure, by the faithful awounds of fuch affectionate,

and equally-beloved as revered friends

—and so, pen, take thy course.

Miss Grandsson—Yes, my volant, my self-conducted quill, begin with the fifter, say my Lucy what she

Mil's Grandison is about twentyfour; of a fine stature. She has dignity in her afpect; and a very penetrating black eye, with which she does what she pleases. Her hair is black, very fine, and naturally carls. She is not fair; but her complexion is delicate and clear, and promises a long dura-tion to her loveliness. Her features are generally regular: her note is a little aquiline; but that is so far from being a blemish, that it gives a kind of ma-jesty to her other features. Her teeth are white and even; her mouth is per-fectly lovely; and a modeft archness appears in her siniles, that makes one both love and fear her; when she be-gins to speak. She is finely shaped; and, in her air and whole appearance. perfectly genteel.

She herfelf fays, that before her bro-ther came to England, the was thought to be proud, pert, and lofty: but I hardly believe her; for the man lives not, it is my belief, who, in fourteen months time, (and Sir Charles has not been longer arrived) could so totally eradicate those qualities in a mind of which they had taken possession, as that they should not occasionally shew themselves.

She has charming fpirits. I dare fay the fings well, from the airs the now and then warbles in the gaiety of her heart, as the goes up and down ftairs. She is very polite; yet has a vein of raillery, that, were she not polite, would give one too much apprehension for one's ease: but I am sure the is frank, eafy, and good-humoured; and, by turning over all the just and handsome things which are at-tributed to herfelf, to her brother's credit, she must be equally humble and

She fays, the has but lately taken a very great liking to reading: but I am ready to question what she says, when the speaks any thing that some would construe to her disadvantage. She pretends, that she was too volatile, too gay, too airy, to be confined to fedentary amulements. Her father, how-ever, according to the genteelest and most

most laudable modern education for women, had given her a master, who raught her history and geography; in both which she acknowledges she made: fome progress. In musick, the owns haid, who attended me by her young lady's direction, and who delights to praise her mistress, that she reads and speaks French and Italian; that she writes finely; and is greatly admired for her wit, prudence, and obligingness. Nobody,' faid Jenny, (who is a fenfible young woman, a clergyman's daughter, well educated, and very obliging) can fland against her good-natured raillery. Her brother, she fays, is not spared : but he takes delight in her vivacity, and gives way to it; when it is easy to fee, that he could take her down if he pleased. And then,' added this good young woman, he is an excellent manager in a family, finely as the is educated: [I rejoiced to hear that, for the honour of our reading ladies, as in Mifs Cle-ments's case.] She knows every thing, and how to direct what should be done, from the private family dinner, to a fumptuous entertainment : and every day inspects, and approves, or alters, the bill of fare. By the way, my Lucy, she is an early rifer—do you mind that?—and so can do every thing with ease, pleasure, and without hurry and confusion: for all her servants are early rifers of course. What fervants can, for shame, be in bed, at a reasonable hour to be up, when they have a master or mistress's example for early rifing?

Yet this fine lady loves to go to the publick places; and often goes, and makes a brilliant figure there. She has time for them, and earns her plea-

fures by her early rising.

Miss Grandison, Jenny tells me, has two humble fervants; [I wonder she has not two and twenty!] one is Sir Walter Watkins, a man of a large estate in Somersetshire; the other is Lord G. son of the Earl of G. but neither of them highly approved by her; yet, Jenny fays, they are both of themhand-fome men, and admired by the ladies. This makes me afraid that they are modern men, and pay their court by the exterior appearance, rather than by interior worth. Who, my Lucy, that has heard what my late grandfather

has faid, and my grandmamma fill fays, of the men in their youthful days, will not fay, that we have our lots caft in an age of petits maitres and infignificants ?

Such an amiable woman is Mis Charlotte Grandison-May I be found, on farther acquaintance, but half as lovely in her eyes as the is in mine!— Don't be jealous, Lucy! I hope I have a large heart. I hope there is room in it for half a dozen sweet female friends! Yes, although another love were to intervene, I could not bear, that even the affection due to the man of my choice, were I to marry, fhould, like Aaron's rod, swallow up all the reft.

But now for her brother-my deli-

verer !

But pray now, Lucy, don't you come with your sharp look out: I war-rant you will expect, on this occasion, to read the tumults of the poor girl's heart, in her character and defeription of a man to whom the is to much obliged!—But what if the difappoint you, and yet do justice to his manifold excellences? What if the finds. fome faults in him, that his fifter has

Parading Harriet!' methinks you fay; 'teazing girl' go on, go on ; 'leave it to as to find you out; and take care that the very faults you pretend to discover, do not pass for a colour only, and lead to your de-

tection.

Thank you, Lucy, for your cau-My pen shall follow the distates of my heart; and if it be as honest to me, as I think it is to every body else, I hope I have nothing to fear either from your look-ont, or (which is still a sharper) my uncle Selby's. Sir Charles Grandison, in his per-son, is really a very fine man. He is

tall, rather flender than full; his face, in shape, is a fine oval: he feems to have florid health; health confirmed

by exercise.

His complexion feems to have been naturally too fine for a man : but, as if he were above being regardful of it, his face is overspread with a manly funniness [I want a word] that thews he has been in warmer elimates than England: and so it seems he has since the tour of Europe has not con-tented him. He has visited some parts of Afm, and even of Afric, Egypt par-

I wonder what business a man has for such fine teeth, and for so fine a mouth, as Sir Charles Grandison might boaft of, were he vain.

In his afpect there is fomething great and notile, that shews him to be of rank. Were kings to be chosen for heauty and majesty of person, Sir Charles Grandsion would have few competitors. His eye Indeed, my Lacy, his eye thews, if puffible, more of sparkling intelligence than that of hie lifter.

Now pray he quiet, my dear uncle Selby! What is heanty in a man to me? You all know, that I never thought beauty a qualification in a

And yet, this grandeur in his perfon and air is accompanied with for as engages one's love with one's reve-nence. His good breeding renders him very acceptable. His fifter fays, he is rays the first to break through the traints, and to banish the diffidences, that will generally attend persons on a quite new acquaintance. He may; for he is sure of being acceptable in whatever he does on fays.

Very true, Lucy-thake your head if you pleafer

In a word, he has fuch an easy, yet manly politeness, as well in his dress, as in his address, (no singularity ap-pearing in either) that were he not a fine figure of a man, but were even plain and hard-featured, he would be thought (what is far more eligible in a man than mere beauty) very agree-

Sir Charles Grandison, my dear, has travelled, we may fay, to forme pur-

Well might his fifter tell Mr. Reeves, that whenever he married he would break half a foore hearts:

Upon my word, Lucy, he has too many personal advantages for a woman, who loved him with peculiarity, to be easy with, whatever may be his virtue, from the foible our sex in general love to indulge for handfome men. For, O my dear, women's eyes are fash giddy things: and will run away with their fence, with their understandings; beyond the power of be-

Rental birn. Ille has Cuffed fdun patien:

ing overtaken either by Stop thief I'or.

I know that here you will bid me take care not to increase the number of the giddy. And so I will, my Lucy. The good sonse of this real has gentleman is not, as I can find, rusted over by sources, by moroseness: he is above quarrelling with the world for trifles; but he is fall more above make. ing fuch compliances with it, as would feience. Once Mifs Grandison, speak-ing of her brother, faid, - My brother is valued by those who know birth and fortune; not for much for his birth and fortune; nor for this or that fingle worthiness; as for being, that fingle worthmess; as for being, in the great and yet comprehensive fense of the word, a good man. And at another time she faid, that he lived to himself, and to his own heart; and though he had the shappiness to please every body, yet he made the judgment or approbation of the world matter but of second consideration. In a word, and the fair Charles Grandston. added the, 'Sir Charles Grandison, 'my brother,' (and when the looks proud, it is when the fays, my brother) 'is not to be milited either by false glory, or falle flame, which he

calls the great mares of virtue. What a man is this, fo to aft !-What a woman is this, so to diffin-guish her brother's excellences!

What a poor creature am I, comhave had my admirers. So perhaps may fill more faulty creatures among their inferiors. If, my Lucy, we have for much good fense as to make fair comparisons, what have we to do but to look forward rather than backward, in order to obtain the grace of humility

But let me tell you, my dear, that Sir Charles does not look to be fo gr a felf-denier as his fifter feems to think him, when the fays he lives to himfelf, and to his own heart, rather than to the opinion of the world

He dreffes to the fathion, rather richly, 'tis true, than guidily; but fill richly: so that he gives his sine person it's full consideration. He has a great deal of vivacity in his whole aspect, as well as in his eye. Mrs. Jenny lays that he is a great admirer of handsome woman. His equipage is personal. what my late grandiging

tafte, though not so much to the glare of taste, as if he aimed either to inspire or shew emulation. He seldom travels without a set, and suitable attendants; and, what I think seems a little to savour of singularity, his horses are not docked; their tails are only tied up when they are on the road. This I took notice of when we came to town. I want, methicks, my dear, to find some fault in his outward appearance, were it but to make you think me impartial; my gratitude to him, and my veneration for him, notwithstanding.

But if he be of opinion, that the tails of these noble animals are not only a natural ornament, but are of real use to defend them from the vexatious insects that in summer are so apt to annoy them, (as Jenny just now nold me was thought to be his reason for not depriving his cattle of a defence which nature gave them) how far from a dispraise is this humane consideration! And how, in the more minute as well as, we may suppose, in the greater instances, does he deserve the character of the man of mercy, who will be merciful to his beast!

cy, who will be merciful to his beaft!

I have met with persons, who call those men good, that yet allow themselves in liberties which no good man can take. But I dare fay, that Miss Grandison means by good, when she calls her brother, with so much pride, a good man, what I, and what you, my Lucy, would understand by the

With so much spirit, life, and gallantry, in the first appearance of Sir Charles Grandison, you may suppose, that had I not been so dreadfully terrified and ill-used, and so justly apprehensive of worse treatment; and had I been offered another protection, I should hardly have acted the frighted bird slying from the hawk, to which, as Mr. Reeves tells me, Sir Charles (though politely, and kindly enough, yet too sensibly for my recollection) compared me.

Do you wonder, Lucy, that I cannot hold up my head, when I recollect the figure I must make in that odious masquerade habit, hanging by this heart, and leading arms about the neck of the key-hole unconfuch a young gentleman? Can I be might have peep more effectually humbled than by such in one or two parts.

a recollection? And yet, is not this an inflance of that false shame in me, to which Sir Charles Grandison is so

greatly superior?
Surely, surely, I have bad my punishment for my compliances with this foolish world. False glory, and salse shame, the poor Harriet has never been totally above. Why was I so much indulged? Why was I allowed to stop so many miles short of my journey's end, and then complimented, as if I had no farther to go?

—But surely, I was past all shame, when I gave my consent to make such an appearance as I made, among a thousand strangers, at a masouerade.

an appearance as I made, among a thousand firangers, at a masquerade!
But now, I think, something offers of blame in the character of this almost faultless man, as his sister, and her Jenny, represent him to be.

I cannot think, from a hint given by Miss Grandison, that he is quite so frank, and so unreserved, as his fisher is. Nay, it was more than a hint; I will repeat her very words: she had been mentioning her own openness of heart, and yet confessing that she would have kept one or two things from him, that affected him not. 'But as for my brother,' said she, 'he winds one about, and about, yet seems not to have more curiosity than one would wish him to have. Led on by his smiling benignity, and fond of his attention to my prattle, I have caught myself in the midst of a tale, of which I intended not to tell him one syllable.

"O Sir Charles! where am I got?"

"Proceed, my Charlotte! No re"ferves to your pearest friend."

"Yet be has him and I have mind.

d and winded about him, as he has done about me, but all to no pur-

Nevertheless, he has found means, infentibly, to fee me on again with my flory, till I had told him all I knew of the matter; and all the time I was intending only that my frank-pess should be an example to him; when he, instead of answering my wishes, double-locked the door of his heart, and left not so much as the key-hole uncovered, by which I might have peeped into it; and this in one or two points that I thought

it imported me to know. And then have I been ready to feold.

Now this referve to fuch a fifter, and in points that the thinks it imports her to know, is what I do not like in Sir Charles. A friend as well as a fifter! ought there to be a fecret on one fide, when there is none on the other? Very likely he would be as referved to a wife: and is not marriage the highest ftate of friendship that mortals can know? And can friendship and reserve

be compatible? Surely, no. His lifter, who cannot think he has one fault, excuses him, and says, that her brother has no other view in drawing her on to reveal her own heart, but better to know how to ferve and oblige her.

But then, might not the same thing be said in behalf of the curiofity of so enerous a fifter? Or is Sir Charles fo confeious of his own fuperiority, as to think he can give advice to her, but wants not hers to him? Or thinks he meanly of our fex, and highly of his ference in their age: and from fixteen to twenty-four, I believe, women are generally more than two years afore-hand with the men in ripeness of understanding; though, after that time, the men may ripen into a superiority.

This observation is not my own; for I heard a very wife man once fay, that the intellects of women usually ripen fooner than those of men; but that those of men, when ripened, like trees of flow growth, generally hold longer, are ca-pable of higher perfection, and serve to

nobler purposes.

Sir Charles has seen more of the world, it may be faid, than his fifter has: he has travelled. But is not human nature the fame in every country, allowing only for different customs? -Do not love, hatred, anger, malice, all the passions in short, good or bad, shew themselves by like effects in the faces, hearts, and actions of the people of every country? And let men make ever such strong pretentions to knowledge, from their far-fetch'd and dear-bought experience, cannot a penetrating fpirit learn as much from the passions of a Sir Hargrave Pollexfen in England, as it could from a man of the fame, or the like ill-qualities, in Spain, in France, or in Italy? And why is the

Grecian Homer, to this day, so much admired, as he is in all these nations, and in every other nation where he has been read, and will be to the world's end, but because he writes to nature? and is not the language of nature one language throughout the world, though there are different modes of speech to

express it by?

But I shall go out of my depth. All I mean, (and, from the frankness of my own heart, you will expect from me fuch a declaration) is, that I do not love that a man fo nearly perfect, be his motives what they will, should have referves to such a fifter. Don't you think, Lucy, that this feems to be a kind of fault in Sir Charles Grandifon? Don't you think, that it would mingle some fear in a fister's love of him? And should one's love of so amiable a brother be dashed or allayed with fear? He is faid to be a good man; and a good man I dare fay he is what fecrets can a good man have, that fuch a fifter, living with him in the fame house, and disdaining not, but, on the contrary, pridiag herfelf in the title of her brother's boufekeeper, should not be made acquainted with? Will a man fo generous look upon her as he would upon a mere housekeeper?-Does not confidence engage confidence?—And are they not by nature, as well as inclination,

But I fancy I am acting the world, in it's malevolence, as well as imperti-nence: that world, which thinks itfelf affronted by great and superior merit; and takes delight to bring down exalted worth to it's own level. But, at least, you will collect from what I have written, an instance of my impartiality; and see, that, though bound to Sir Charles by a tie of gratitude which never can be diffolved, I cannot excuse him, if he be guilty of a diffidence and referve to his generous fifter, which she

is above shewing to him.

If I am allowed to be so happy, as to cultivate this defirable acquaintance, [And I hope it is not their way to leave those whom they have relieved and raised, in order to thine upon, and blese, only near objects of compassion] then will I closely watch every step of this excellent man; in hope, however, to find him as perfect as report declares him, that I may fearlefsly make him my theme, as I shall delight to make his fifter my example. And if I were to find any confiderable faults in him, never fear, my dear, but my gratitude will enlarge my charity in his favour. But I shall, at the same time, arm my heart with those remembered failings, left my gratitude should endanger it, and make me a hopeless fool.

Now, my uncle, do not be very hard on your niece. I am fure, very fure, that I am not in danger as yet; and indeed I will tell you, by my Lucy, whenever I find out that I am. Spare, therefore, my dear uncle Selby, all your conjectural confiructions.

And indeed you should in pity spare me, my dear Sir, at present; for my spirits are still weak: I have not yet forgiven myself for the masquerade affair; especially since Mr. Reeves has hinted to me, that Sir Charles Grandison (as he judges from what he dropt about that soolish amusement) approves not of masquerades. And yet self-partiality has suggested several strong pleas in my favour; indeed, by way of extenuation only. How my judge; Conscience, will determine upon those pleas, when counsel has been heard on both sides, I cannot say; yet I think, that an acquittal from this brother and sister would go a great way to make my conscience easy.

I have not faid one half of what I intended to fay of this extraordinary man. But having imagined, from the equal love I have to his admirable fifter, that I had found fomething to blame him for, my impartiality has carried me out of my path; and I know not how to recover it, without going a great way back. Let therefore what I have farther to fay, mingle in with my future narratives, as new occasions call

But yet I will not suffer any other subject to interfere with that which fills any heart with the praises, the due praises, of this worthy brother and sifter, to which I intended to confecrate this rambling and very imperfect letter: and which here I will conclude, with assurances (however needless I hope they are) of duty, love, and gratitude, where so much is due from your

27.32.2

HARRIET BYRON,

## LETTER XXXVII.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

Now have I near a week to go back, my Lucy, with my current narrative, having been thrown behind-hand by the long letters I have been obliged to write, to give you an account of my diffres, of my deliverance, of the characters of this noble brother and fifter, and a multitude of coincidences and reflections, which all my dear friends expect, as they fall in, from the pen of their Harriet. And this letter shall therefore be a kind of diary of that week; only that I will not repeat what my coulin Reeves has told me he has written.

On Monday I was conducted home in fafety, by my kind protector, and his amiable litter.

Mrs. Reeves, Lady Betty, and Mifs Clements, are in love with them both,

My cousin has told you, how much they disappointed us, in declining to stay dinner. What shall we do, if they are not as fond of our company as we are of theirs? We are not used to be slighted, you know; and to be slighted by those we love, there can be no bearing of that; but I hope this will not be the case.

At tea, the name of Sir Rowland Meredith carried me instantly down.

Mr. Reeves had told the good knight, on his calling on the Friday, Saturday, Sunday, and on this day, before we returned from Colnebrook, that I had been over-fatigued at the masquerade on Thursday night, [And so I was;] and was gone a little way out of town. Carried he should have faid; I was carried with a witness!

Sir Rowland took notice, that I must have had a smart illness for the time, by my altered countenance. 'You are, and must be, ever lovely, Miss Byron: but I think you look not quite so serene, you don't look so composed, as you used to do. But I was afraid you were denied to my longing sight. I was afraid you would let your papa go down to Caermarthen, without giving him an opportunity to bless.

his cross girl. It is in vain, I fear, to urge you. - He flopt, and looked full in my face- Pray, Sir Rowland, id I, how does my brother Fow-

Why, aye, that's the deuce of it!
Your brother Fowler, But, as the honest man says, so say I; I will not teaze you. But never, never, will you have—But no more of that—I come to take my leave of you. I should have set out this very morning, could I have seen you on Saturday or yesterday: but I shall go to-morrow morning early. You are slad of that.

ing early. You are glad of that, Madam, I am fure.

Indeed, Sir Rowland, I shall always respect and value you; and I hope I shall have your good wishes, Sir.

Yes, yes, Madam, you need not doubt it. And I will humble all doubt it. the proud women in Wales, by telling them of Mils Byron.'

You tell me, my Lucy, that you were all moved at one of the conversations I gave you between the knight, Mr.

Fowler, and myfelf.

Were I to be as particular in my account of what passed on Sir Rowland's taking leave of me, as I was on that other occasion, and were you to judge by the effect his honest tenderness had on me, as I craved his bleffing, and as he bleffed me, (the big tears, unheeded by himfelf, straying down his reverend

cheeks) I think you would have been in like manner affected.
Mr. Powler is to go down after him—If—if—if, faid the knight,

looking fervently in my face—
'I should be glad,' I said, ' to see, and to wish my brother a good jour-

Tuesday morning early I had a kind enquiry after my reft from Miss Grandifon, in her brother's name, as well as in her own. And about eleven o'clock came the dear lady herfelf. She would run up stairs to me, following Sall -In her drefling room, fay you ?-She shall not come down."

She entered with the maid- Writing, my dear!' faid the. I one day hope, my Harriet, you will shew me all you write - There, there, (fitting down by me) ' no buftle. And bow does my fair friend?—Well—1

"fee very well-To a lover-or of a " lover that's the fame thing."

Thus, fweetly familiar, ran fhe on. Mrs. Reeves entered. 4 Excuse me, Madam, faid Miss Grandison; me, Madam, faid Mife Grandison; this is but one of my flying visits, as I call them: my next shall be to you. But perhaps I may not make it in form neither: we are relations, you know. How does Mr. Reeves? He is a good man. At home?'
He is, Madam, and will be re-

I know he will-why, Madam, this, our Byron, our Harriet, I fhould fay, looks charmingly!—you had best look her up. There are many more Sir Hargraves in the world, than there are Mife Byrons. She told me, that Sir Charles had fet out that morning, early, for Can-terbury. He will be absent two or three days; faid fhe. He charged me with his compliments. He did nothing but talk of his newfound lifter, from the time he parted with you. I shall promote your in-terest with him, in order to strengthen my own. I want to find him

Some love engagements, I suppose, Madam?' faid Mrs. Reeves.—'Itis impossible but the ladies-

"The ladies! aye, that's the thing! the deuce is in them! they will not flay to be asked. These men, the best of them, love nothing but what is attended with difficulty. But all his love matters be keeps to himself, yet knows all mine-except one little entanglement-Mr. Reeves hears not what we fay, (looking about her) but you, my dear, shall reveal to me your facaking passion, if you have one, and I will discover mine -but not to you, Mrs. Reeves. No married women fhall I truft with what lies in the innermost fold of my heart. Your husbands are always the wiser for what you know; though they can keep their own counsel; and then, Harriet, Satan like, the ungenerous wretches, becoming both tempters and accusers, laugh at us, and make it wonderful for a woman

to keep a fecret.'

The ladies will not flay to be asked,
Lucy! an odd hint!—These men, the
best of them, love nothing but what

all his love-matters to himfelf.—All, my Lucy!—But, indeed, she had said before, that if his Charles married, half a dozen hearts would be broken!

This is nothing to me, indeed. But, once more; I wonder why a man of a turn so laudable, should have any secrets! The more a good man permits any one to know of his heart, the more good he might do, by way of example.—And has he, can he have, so many love-secrets, and yet will he not let them transpire to such a sister?—whom (and so she once hinted) it imported to know something of them. But he knows best. I am very impertinent to be more concerned for his sister, than the is for herself. But I do love her and one can no more bear to have those sighted whom we love, than one's self.

It is very difficult, Lucy, to know one's felf. I am afraid I have a little spice of censoriousness in my temper, which I knew nothing of till now; but, no, it is not censoriousness neither; I cannot be so mean as to be censorious. And yet I can now, methinks, (for the first time) a little account for those dark spirits who may be too much obliged; and who, despairing to be able ever to return the obligation, are ready to quarrel with the obliger.

Spiteful men say, that we women know not ourselves; know not our own hearts. I believe there is something of truth in the aspersion: but as men and women are broshers and sisters, as I may say, are not the men equally censurable? and should not we women say so, were we to be as spiteful as they? Must it needs be, that a daughter of the same father and mother must be more silly, more unsteady, more absurd, more impertinent, than her brother? I hope not.

Mrs. Reeves, not knowing, as the faid afterwards, but Mifs Grandison might have something to say to me, withdrew.

I believe I told you, last Sunday, faid Mife Grandison, of a cousin that we have, a good-natured young fellow: he supped with us last night. Sir Charles was so full of your praises, yet not letting him into your history, that he is half wild to see you,

'God forbid,' thought I, when the had gone only thus far, ' that this ' coulin thould be proposed!'—What an easy thing is it, my Lucy, to alarm a woman on the side of her vanity!

' He breakfasted with me this morning,' continued she, ' after Sir ' Charles had set out; and knowing that I intended to make you a flying visit, he belought me to take him with me; but I would not, my dear, bring an inundation of new admirers upon you: he has a great acquaint-ance; and is very bold, though not indecent. He is thought to be a modern wit, you must know; and, to speak after an admirable writer, a minute philosopher; and thinks he has fomething to fay for himfelf when his coulin is not prefent. Before Sir Charles arrived, and when we were in expectation of his coming, being apprifed that Sir Charles had a ferious turn, he threatened to play upon him, and, as he phrased it, to bamboozle him; for these wits and witlings have a language peculiar to themselves. But on Sir Charles's arrival, in two conversations, he drew in his horns, as we fay; and now reverences those good qualities which he has not, however, the grace to imitate. Now I will not answer, but you may have a vifit from him to fee the leveliest woman in England. ' If he comes, see him, or not, as you please; and think not yourself under any civil obligation to my brother, or me, to go out of your own way: but I hope he will not be so imperti-nent. I don't wish you to see him out of my brother's company; be-cause you will see him then to his own advantage. And yet he has fuch a notion that we women love to be admired, and to have handsome things said to us, that he imagines, the visit of a man, made for that purpose, will give him as free a welcome to the finest woman in the world, as painters give to those who come to see their pictures, and for the like reason. But no more of Yet I thought Mr. Grandison. proper to prepare you, if he hould take to confident a liberty.' I thanked her.

Well but, my dear, you feem to have a long parcel of writing before

sour one, two, three, four-eight leaves upon my word!—But Mr. Reeves told me you are a writer; and that you gave an account of all that befel you, to our grandmother Shirley, to our uncle and aunt Selby, to our coufins Lucy and Nancy—you fee I remember every name: and will you one day let me fee what you write?

" Most willingly, Madam—"
" Madam!" interrupted she. " So formal | Charlotte fay.

With all my heart, my ever-amiable, my ever-kind, Charlotte!

So, fo-well may the men fay we love flattery, when, rather than want it, we will flatter one another.

I was going to disclaim flattery.

Hush, hush, hush, my dear! I doubt not your sincerity. You are a grateful and good girl: but dare you. will you, shew me all and every thing about that Greville, that Orme; that Fowler, that Fenwick?-you fee, I forget none of the names that your coufin Reeves told me of on Saturday laft, and which I made you stalk of last Sunday.'

All and every thing, Miss Grandi-fon. But will you tell me of your gentleman?

Will I! no doubt of it. How can young women be together one quarter of an-hour, and not lead one another into talk of their lovers? Lord, my dear, those secrets, Sir Charles once said, are the cement of young women's friendships.'

And could Sir Charles-Could Sir Charles !- yes, yes, yes: Do you think a man can be a judge of human nature, and leave quomen out of the question? why, my dear, he finds us out in a minute. Take care of yourself, Harriet-if-

I shall be afraid of him-" What if you have a good confcience, my dear!-'

She then looked very archly. She made me blufh.

She looked more archly. I bluthed; I believe, a deeper dye.

Did I not tell you; Lucy, that the could do what fhe pleased with her eyes? - But what did the mean by this?

In my conscience, my Harriet, ! little or much, I believe we women \* ereall rogues in our hearts." a STEEL

And does Mils Grandison fay that from her own confcience?'

I believe I do; but I must fly . I have ten more vifits to pay before I go home to dress. You will tell me all about your fellows, you fay?
And you will tell me about your

entanglement, as you called it? Why that's a difficulty upon me: but you must encourage me by your freedom, and we will take up our wretches, and lay them down again, one by one, as we run them over, and bid them lie fill and be quiet till we recal them to our memory."

But I have not one lover, my Charlotte, to tell you of: I always

And I have but two, that at prebe dismissed: but then I have half a dozen, I believe, that have faid extravagant things to me; and we must look upon them as lovers elect, you know, who only want to be coquetf ted with."

" Mis Grandison, I hope, cannot think of coquetting?

Not much: only a little now and then, to pay the men in their own

Charming vivacity! faid I. ' I hall be undone, if you don't love

' No fear, no fear of that!-I am a whimfical creature: but the fun is not more constant in his course than I am fleady in my friendships. And thefe communications on both fides will rivet us to each other, if you treat me not with referve."

She arose to go in a hurry. Abate, my dear Charlotte, of half 'your other visits, and favour me with your company a little longer."

Give me some chocolate then; and let me see your cousin Reeves's: I like them. Of the ten vifits, fix of the ladies will be gone to fales, or to plague tradefmen, and buy nothing; any where rather than at home: the devil's at home, is a phrase; and our modern ladies live as if they thought fo. Two of the other four called upon me, and hardly alighted: I shall do so by them. The other two I shall have paid my compliments to in one quarter of an theur blev slike et auf bed gue

Lrang

I rang for chocolate: and to beg my

They wanted but the word : in they earne. My apartment (which she was pleased to admire) then became the fubject of a few moments convertation; and then a much better took place; Sir Charles, I mean.

"I afked, if her brother had any rela-

I protest I don't know, faid she is but this I know, that I have none there. Did I not hint to you, that Sir Charles has his fecrets? - But he fometimes loves to play with my cu-

\* riofity : he knows I have a reasonable

· quantity of that.'

Were I his futer-

Then you must do as he would have you, Harriet. I know him to \* be fleady in his purposes : but he is belides to good, that I give up any thing to oblige him.

Your entanglement, Charlotte?' asked I, smiling. 'Mr. Reeves knows nothing from that word.'

Why, yes, my estanglement; and s yet I hate to think of it : fo no more of that. It is the only fecret I have \* kept from him; and that is, because he has no suspicion of the matter: if he had, though my life were to be the forfeit, I believe he would have

She told us, that the expected us foon to dine with her in St. James's Square: but that the must fix Sir Charles. I hope, faid she, 'you will often drop in upon me, as I will upon you. From this time we will have nothing but conversation-\* vifits between us; and we will leave the modern world to themselves, and be Queen Elizabeth's women.

forry to tell you-Let me whifper

And the did; but loud enough, for every one to hear: 'Although I follow the fashion, and make one fool the more for it, I despise above one half of the women I know.

" Miss Grandison," affectedly whispered I again, should not do for because her example is of weight enough

to mend them.

1'll behang'dif Mifs Byron thinks fo, re-whifpered the. The age is too far gone. Nothing but a national calamity can do it. Bur let me tell Lyou, that at the fame time, I detpife

more than one half of the men. But,? speaking out, 'you and I will try to think ourselves wifer than any body elfe; and we shall have this comfort, we shall not easily find any of our fex, who, by their superior wisdom, will give us reason to think ourselves

But adieu, adieu, and adieu, my agreeable friends whet me fee youand you and you, turning to each of the three, 'as often as is convenient, without ceremony and remember we have been acquainted these hundred years? to boog surfer

Away fhe hurried, forbidding me to go out of my apartment. Mrs. Reeves could not overtake her, Mr. Reeves had much ado to be in time to make his compliment. She was in her charior before he could offer his hand,

How pretty it was, my Lucy, in Miss Grandison, toremember the names of all my dear friends ! She told me,

indeed, on Sunday, that the thould. gives eafe and politeness, would not one think that Mifs Grandifon has visited every European court, as well as her brother? If she has not, was it necessary for Sir Charles to go abroad to acquire that freedom and eafe which his fifter has fo happily attained with out ftirring out of the kingdom!

Thefe men had not best despise us. Lucy. There is not, I hope, fo much difference in the genius of the two fexes as the proud ones among theirs are apt to imagine; especially when you draw comparisons from equal degrees in

O Mr. Walden, take care of yourself, if ever again you and I meet at Lady Betty's 1-But this abominable Sir Hargrave! not one word more of meeting at Lady Betty's! there faw I first the wretch that still, on recollection, strikes terror into my heart!

Wednejaay, a visit from Mis Clements and Lady Betty took me off my writing about two hours; yet I over-writ myfelf, and was obliged to die down for about two more. At night we had Sir John Allestree, and his r phew, and Miss Allestree, and Miss Clements, and Lady Betty, at suppor and cards. But, my ftomach pami me, about eleven I was permitted to retire to bed.

On Thursday I finished my letters,

relating my diffrestes, and deliverance. It was a dreadful subject. I rejoiced when I had concluded it.

The same day Mr. Reeves received sir Charles's letter, including that of the wretched Wilson. I have often heard my grandfather observe, that men of truly great and brave spirits are most tender and merciful; and that, on the contrary, men of base and low minds are cruel; tyrannical, inform; wherever they have power. What this fort letter, to full of lenity, of mercy; of generous and immane care for the future good of a criminal, and extended to unborn families, as well as to all his equaintance and friends in being, anables one to judge of the truly herois for Charles Grandison; and what I we experienced of the low, groveling, unmanly infults of Sir Hargrave Pol-lenten, (I, a poor, defenceles, filly girl, tritked into his power) are fla-grant proofs of the justice of the obser-

I with, with all my heart, that the seft woman in the world were queen of a great nation; and that it were in my power, for the fake of enlarging for Charles's ability to do good, to nake him her confort; then am I moally fure, that I should be the humble means of making a whole people

happy!

But as we had all been informed from other hands of Sir Hargrave's chreatnings of Sir Charles's life, Wilfon's pottfoript has fastened a weight on my heart, that will not be removed still the danger is overblown. till the danger is overblown.

This day I had Miss Grandison's compliments, with tender enquiries, brought me; and a defire, that as she supposed my first visit would be one of thankful duty, meaning to church, (for so I had told her it should) my

next might be to her. Tefferday I received the welcome packet from so many kind friends; and I prosecuted with the more vigour, for it, my writing talk. How easily slo we glide into subjects that please has!—how fwiftly flies the pen!—The characters of Sir Charles and of Miss Grandison were the subjects; and I was amused to find how much I had en in so short a time.

Mifs Grandison fept me in the evening of this day her compliments, joined with those of her brother, who was

but just returned from Canterbury.

I wonder what Sir Charles could do at Canterbury so many days, and to have nobody there whom his fifter knows.

She would have made me a vifit, the fent me word; but that as the expected her brother in the morning, the had intended to have brought him with her. She added, that this morning (Snturday) they should both fet out for Colnebrook, in hopes of the Earl and Countries of L. arriging there as this Countels of L. arriving there as this night from Scotland.

Do you think, Lucy, it would not have been generous in Sir Charles to have made one visit, before he fet out for fo many days, to that Canterbury, to the creature on whom he had laid fuch an obligation; I can only mean as to the civility of the thing, you must think; fince he was fo good as to join in, nay, to propose, the farther intimacy, as a brother, and friend, and fo forth-I wish that Sir Charles be as fincere in his professions as his fister. He may in his travels, (possibly hemay) have mistaken some gay weeds for fine slowers, and picked them up, and brought them with him to England: and yet if he has done so, he will even then be superior to thousands who travel, and bring home nothing

but the weeds of fortign climates.

He once faid, as Mils Grandison told me, that the Countess of L. is still a more excellent woman than my Charlotte. Ah! Sir Charles! you can tell fibs, I believe. I will not forgive in you those flighter deviations which we are apt to pais by in other, even tolerable men.

I wish you may be in earness, my good Sir, in proposing to cultivate an intimate friendship with me, as that of a brother to a fifter, [Shake your head, my Lucy, if you will, I mean no more that I may be intitled to tell you your faults, as I fee them. In your fifter Harriet you shall find, though a respectful, yet an open-syed monitor. Our Charlotte thinks you

cannot be wrong in any thing.

All I fear is, that Sir Charles's tenderness was designed to be excited only while my spirits were weak. Yet he bespoke a brotherly relation to me before Mr. Reeves, when he brought me home, and supposed me stolen from his family in my infancy. That was going farther than was necessary, if he thought to drop the fraternal character

But might not my own behaviour alarm him? The kind, the confiderateman, is, perhaps, compassionate in his intention. Not distinguishing aright mybashful gratitude, and down-cast eye, he might be afraid, lest I should add one to the half-score, that his sistersays will die if he marry.

If this be fo, what, my dear, will your Harriet deserve, if bis caution does

not teach ber fome?

After all, I believe these men in general think our hearts are made of trange combustible materials. A spark struck, a match thrown in —But the best of men, this admirable man, will, I hope, find himself mistaken, if he thinks so of your Harriet.

What ails me, that I am grown fuch a boafter? Surely, this horrid attempt of Sir Hargrave has not affected my brain! Methinks I am not, fome how or other, as I used to be in my head, or heart, I know not which.

Do you, Lucy, bring me back again, by your reminding love, if you think there is any alteration in your Harriet for the worfe; and the rather,

as it may prevent my uncle-

But what makes me so much more afraid of my uncle than I used to be?

—Yet men, in their raillery, [Don't, however, read this paragraph to him] are so—I don't know how—so un-tender—But let me fall into the hands of my indulgent grandmamma, and aunt Selby, and into your gentle hands, and all will be as it should be.

But what was my subject, before this last seized, and ran away with, my pen? I did not use to wander thus, when I had a beaten path before me. O this vile, vile Sir Hargrave! If I have a fault in my head that did not use to be there, it is entirely owing to him. I am sure my heart is not

But I can write nothing now but of Miss Grandison and her brother. What entirely new scenes are opened to me by my distress?—May I have cause, as Sir Charles wished, to reap good from evil!

I will endeavour to bring Miss Clements into an acquaintance with these

worthies; that is to fay, if I have myfelf the interest to preserve my footing in their favour.

Lady Betty resolves to recommend berself. She will be acquainted with them, she says, whether they will or not. And yet I could not bear for Lady Betty that she should be slighted by those whom she doats upon. That, surely, is one of the heaviest of evils. And yet self-love, where it is evidently inherent, will enable one to get over it, I believe, pretty soon; though nothing but that and pride can, in such. Of some use therefore you'll be apt to say, are pride and self-love. Why yes, and so they are, where they are a part of a person's habit. But, O my Lucy, will not a native humility render this pride, whose genuine offspring are resentment and ill-will, absolutely unnecessary, and procure for us, une mingled with mortification, the esteem we wish for in the hearts of the worthy?

As to the rest of my new acqu aintance in town, who, till I knew this
admirable fister and brother, took up
so much of my paper, though some of
them are doubtless very worthy; Adieus
—That is to say, as chosen subjects—

Adieu! fays your

HARRIET BYRON.

## LETTER XXXVIII.

MISS BYRON, TO MISS SELBY.

ORD have mercy upon me, my dear!—What shall I do?—The vile Sir Hargrave has sent a challenge to Sir Charles!—What may be the event!—O that I had not come to London!—This is a copy of the letter that communicates it. It is from that Bagenhall. But this is a copy of the letter—I will endeavour to transcribe it—But, no, I cannot—My Sally shall write it over. Lord bless me, what shall I do?

## " TO MISS BYRON.

" MADAM,

Y QU might easily believe, that the affair betwirt Sir Hargrave Pol-

could not, after fo violent an infult as the former received from the lat-

ter, end without confequences. By all that's facred, Sir Hargrave

knows not that I write,

'There is but one way that I can think of to prevent bloodshed; and that, Madam, feems to be in your

own power.

Sir Hargrave infifts upon it, that he meant you nothing but honour. You know the use or abuse of the power he had obtained over you. If he behaved with indecency, he tells

me not the truth.

' To make a young lady, whatever were her merit, the wife of a man of near ten thousand pounds a year, and who had declared herfelf absolutely disengaged in her affections, was not doing dishonour to her, so much as to himself, in the violent measures

his love obliged him to take to make

her fo.

Now, Madam, as Sir Charles Grandison was atterly a franger to you; as Sir Hargrave intended fo honourably by you; and, as you are not engaged in your affections; if you will confent to be Lady Pollexfen; and if Sir Charles Grandifon will ask pardon for his unprovoked knight-errantry; I will not be Sir Hargrave's second in the affair, if he refuse to accept of such satis-faction in sull for the violence he fustained.

I folemnly repeat, that Sir Hargrave knows nothing of my writing to you. You may (but I infift upon it, as in confidence to every body elfe) consult your cousin Reeves on the subject. Your honour given, that you will in a month's time be Sir Hargrave's, will make me exert all my power with him (and I have reason to think that is not small) to induce him to compromife on those

I went to Sir Charles's house yesf terday afternoon; with a letter from Sir Hargrave. Sir Charles was just stepping into his chariot to his fifter. He opened it; and with a civility that became his character, told me he was just going with his fifter to Colnebrook, to meet dear friends on their return from Scotland; that he should return on Monday; that the pleasure he should have with his

long-abjent friends, would not be mit him to think of the contents till then; but that the writer should not fail of fuch an answer as a gentleman

ought to give.

Now, Madam, I was so much charmed with Sir Charles Grandifon's fine person and politeness, and his character is so extraordinary, that I thought this interval between this night and Monday morning a happy one. And I took it into my head to make the above proposal to you; and I hope you will think it behoves you, as much as it does me, to prevent the fatal mischief that may otherwise happen, to men of their confideration.

'I have not the honour of being e personally known to you, Madam; but my character is too generally established for any one to impute to me any other motives for this my application to you, than those above given. · A line left for me at Sir Hargrave's, in Cavendish Square, will come to the hands of, Madam, your most obedient bumble ferwant,

JAMES BAGENHALL.

O my dear! what a letter!-Mr. Reeves, Mrs. Reeves, are grieved to the heart. Mr. Reeves fays, that if Sir Hargrave infifts upon it, Sir Charles is obliged, in honour, to meet him-Murderous, vile word boncur! What, at this rate, is honour! The very opposite to duty, goodness, piety, religion; and to every thing that is or ought to be facred among men.

How shall I look Mile Grandison in the face! Miss Grandison will hate me! To be again the occasion of endangering the life of fuch a brother!

But what do you think? - Lady Betty is of opinion Mr. Reeves has consulted Lady Betty Williams, in confidence-Lady Betty fays, that if the matter can be prevented-Lord bless me! the fays, I ought to prevent it!-What! by becoming the wife of fuch a man as Sir Hargrave! fo unmanly, so malicious, so low a wretch ! What does Lady Betty mean?— Yet were it in my power to fave the l'fe of Sir Charles Grandifon, and I refued to do it; for felfish reasons refused; for the sake of my worldly happiness; when there are thousands of good wives, who are miserable with bad husbands -But will not the facrifice of my life be acceptable by this fanguinary man! That, with all my heart, would I make no fcruple to lay down. If the wretch will plunge a dagger in my bosom, and take that for satisfaction, I will not hesitate one moment.

But my cousin said, that he was of opinion, that Sir Charles would hardly be brought to ask pardon. 'How can' I doubt,' faid I, 'that the vile man, 'if he may be induced by this Bagenhall to compromise on my being his wife; will dispense with that punctilio, and wreak on me, were I to be
his unhappy property, his whole unmanly vengeance? Is he not spiteful,
mean, malicious?—But, abhorred be the thought of my yielding to be the wife of fuch a man !- Yet, what is the alternative? Were I to die, that wretched alternative would still take place; his malice to the best of men would rather be whetted than blunted, by my irrevocable deftiny!' O my Lucy! violent as my grief was, dreadful as my apprehensions were, and unmanly as the treatment I met with from the base man, I never was distressed till now!

But should Mifs Grandison advise, should the infift upon my compliance with the abhorred condition, (and has fhe not a right to inful upon it, for the fake of the fafety of her innocent bro-ther?) can I then refuse my compliance with it?—Are we not taught, that this world is a state of trial, and of mortification? And is not calamity necesfary to weap our vain hearts from it? And if my motive be a motive of justice and gratitude, and to fave a life much more valuable to the world than my own; and which, but for me, had not been in danger-Ought I-And yet-Ah! my Lucy, what can I fay?
-How unhappy! that I cannot confult this dear lady, who has fuch an interest in a life so precious, as I might have done had the been in town.

O Lucy! What an answer, as this unwelcome, this wicked mediator gives it, was that which the excellent man returned to the delivered challenge-I am going to meet dear friends on their return from Scotland I' What a meeting of joy will be here faddened over, if they know of this shocking challenge! And how can his noble

heart overflow with pleasure on this joyful occasion, as it would otherwise have done, with fuch an important event in suspense, that may make it the last meeting which this affectionate and most worthy of families will ever know! How near may be the life of this dear brother to a period, when he congratulates the fafe arrival of his brother and fifter ! And who can bear to think of feeing, one one week is over-past, the now rejoicing and harmonious fa-mily, clad in mourning for the first of brothers, and first of men! And I, my Lucy, I, the wretched Harriet Byron, to be the cause of all !

And could the true hero fay, that the pleasure he should have on meeting his long absent friends, would not permit him to think of the contents of fuch. a letter, till Monday; but that the a answer—as a gentleman ought to give?

O my dear Sir Charles! [on this occasion he is, and ought to be, very dear to me.] How I dread the a sweet which vile cuftom, and falle bonour will oblige you, as a gentleman, give! And is there no way with nour to avoid giving such an answer, as distracts me to be told (as Mr. Reeves tells me) must be given, if I, your Harriet interpole rat, to the facrifice of all my happiness in this life?

But Mr. Reeves asks, May not this Bagenhall, though he says Sir Hargrave knows nothing of his writing, have written in concert with ' him?'-What if he has, does not the condition remain? And will not the resentment, on the refusal, take place? And is not the challenge delivered into Sir Charles's hands? And has he not declared, that he will fend an answer to it on Monday? This is carrying the matter beyond contrivance or fratagem. Sir Charles fo challenged, will not let the challenger come off so eafily. He cannot, in real honour, now, make proposals for qualifying; or accept of them, if made to him. And is not Monday the next day but one?-Only that day between, for which I have been preparing my grateful heart to return my blent praises to the Al-mighty, in the place dedicated to his honour, for so signal a deliverance! And now is my safety to be owing, as it may happen, to a much better per-fon's destruction! I was obliged to lay down my pen.
—See how the bliftered paper—It is too late to fend away this letter: if it were not, it would be barbarous to torment you with it, while the dreadful suspense holds.

TUNDAY MORNING. I am unable to write on in the manner I used to do. Not a moment all the might past did I close my eyes : how they are fwelled with weeping! I am preparing, however, to go to church : there will I renew my fervent prayers, that my grateful thankigiving for the past deliverance may be blessed to me in the future event!

Mr. Reeves thinks, that no ftep rught to be, or can be, taken in this Drocking affair, till Sir Charles returns, Mifs Grandison can be consulted. Me has taken measures to know every me tion of the vile Sir Hargrave.

ord bless me, my dear; the man of his person! O how must he

Mr. Reeves also will be informed of Sir Charles's arrival the moment he comes to town. He has private information, that the furious Sir Hargrave has with hinra man skilled in the science of offence, with whom he is practifing -O my dear, how this diffracts me!

For Mr. Reeves or me to answer this Bagenhall, Mr. Reeves fays, is not to be thought of, as he is a wicked man, and was not likely to have written the alarming letter from good principles. I once, indeed, proposed to write—I knew not what to do, what to propose—' Can you write,' said Mr. Reeves, 'and promise or give hope to 'Sir Hargrave?'

Ono, no! answered I.

If you could, it is my opinion, that Sir Charles and his fifter would both despise you, however self-deny \* ing and laudable your motive might

#### LETTER XXXIX.

MISS BYRON. IN CONTINUATION.

MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 27. HAT a dreadful day was yefterday to me; and what a still worse night had I, if possible, than

the former! My prayers, I doubt, cannot be heard, fince they have not that affiance with them that they used to be attended with. How happy was I before I came to London! I cannot write: I cannot do any thing. Mr. Reeves is just informed, that Sir Charles and Lord L. and the two fisters, arrived in town late last night. O my Lucy, to return such an answer, I doubt, as Sir Charles thinks a gentleman ought to fend. Good Heaven ! how will this day end?

EIGHT O'CLOCK. I HAVE received this moment the following billet.

MY DEAR HARRIET PREPARE yourfelf for a new 'admirer: my fifter L. and I. are resolved to breakfast with you, unless you forbid us by the bearer. If we find you to have made an at-tempt to alter your usual morning appearance, we shall suspect you of a defire to triumph over us in the consciousness of your superior graces. It is a sudden resolution. You should have had otherwise notice last night; and yet it was late before we came to town. - Have you been good?

Are you quite recovered? But in half an hour I hope to ask you an hundred ' thousand questions.

" Compliments to our confine.

CH. GR.

Here is a fweet sprightly billet. Miss Grandison cannot know, the countess cannot know, any thing of the dreadful affair, that has given to my countenance, and I am fure will continue on it, an appearance, that, did I not always dreis when I arofe for the morning, would make me re-gardless of that Miss Grandison hints

What joy, at another time, would the honour of this visit have given us! But even now, we have a melancholy pleasure in it : just fuch a one, as the forrowing friends of the desperate fick, experience, on the coming in of a longexpected physician, although they are in a manner hopeless of his fuccess. But a coach ftops

I ran to the dining-room window. O my dear! it is a coach! but only

the two ladies! Good God! - Sir Charles at this moment, at this moment, my boding heart tells me-

TWELVE O'CLOCK. My heart is a little lighter: yet not unapprehensive-Take my narrative in course, as I shall endeavour to give you the part culars of every thing that paffed in the last more than agreeable

three hours.

I had just got down into the great parlour, before the ladies entered. Mr. Reeves waited on them at their coach. He handed in the counters. Mifs Grandison, in a charming humour, entered with them. ' There, Lady L. first know our cousin Reeves, faid

The countess, after faluting Mrs. Recves, turned to me- 'There, Lady L. faid Mifs Grandison, ' that's the girl! That's our Harriet!'-Her ladyship faluted me- But how now!' faid Miss Grandison, looking earnestly in my face. ' How now, Harriet!hand) I must reckon with this girl; leading me to the window- ' How now, Harriet!—Those eyes!—Mr. Reeves—cousin—Mrs. Reeves!— What's to do here!'

Lively and ever-amiable Miss Grandison, thought I, 'how will,

by-and-by, all this sweet fun-shine in your countenance be shut in!

' Come, come, I will know,' proceeded the, making me fit down, and taking my hand as fhe fat by me, her fan in the other hand; 'I will know the whole of the matter .- That's my dear,' for I try'd to smile- An ' April eye - Would to Heaven the " month was come which my Harriet's

eye anticipates. I fighed. 'Well, but why that heavy figh?' faid she. 'Our grand-

mother Shirley-

' I hope, Madam, is very well.' Our aunt Selby ? Our uncle Selby ?

Our Lucy?

" All well, I hope." What a deuce ails the girl, then ! Take care I don't have cause to beat you !- Have any of your fellows hanged themselves ?- And are you concerned they did not fooner find the rope?-But come, we will know s all, by and by?

" Charlotte,' faid the countefs, approaching me, [I flood up] 'you opyou would borrow a few of our younger fifter's blushes. Let me take you out of this lively girl's hands: I have much ado to keep her down, though I am her elder fifter. Nobody but my brother can manage

" Miss Grandison, Madam, is all goodness.

We have been all disturbed,' faid Mrs. Reeves, [I was glad to be helped out] in the fear that Sir Hargrave " Pollexfen-"

O Madam! he dare not-he will onot—he'll be glad to be quiet, if you'll let him, faid the countefs.

It was plain they knew nothing of

the challenge.

' You have not heard any thing par-' ticular,' asked Miss Grandison, of Sir Hargrave?

' I hope your brother, Madam, his ' not,' answered I.

' Not a word, I dare fay.' ' You must believe, ladies,' faid I, that I must be greatly affected, were any thing likely to happen to my de-· liverer; as all must have been laid at my door. Such a family harmony to be interrupted-

' Come, faid Mifs Grandison, 'this ' is very good of you; this is like a ' fifter: but I hope my brother will be

' here by-and-by.'
' And Lord L.' added the obliging countefs, wants to fee you, my dear.
Come, my love, if Charlotte is ' naught, he will make a party against her; and the shall be but my fecondbest sister. I hope my lord and Sir Charles will come together, if they can but shake off wicked Everard, as we call a kinfman, whom Sir Charles has no mind to introduce to

you, without your leave.'
But we'll not stay breakfast for them, faid Miss Grandison: they were not certain; and defired we would not. Come, come, get us fome breakfast; Lady L. has been up before her hour; and I have told ' you, Harriet, that I am an early rifer. I don't chuse to eat my gloves—but I must do something to divert my hunger.' And stepping to the harpsichord, she touched the keys in fuch a manner, as shewed she could make them speak what language she

I attended to her charming finger; for hid every one. But breakfast coming in—'No, but I won't!' faid she, anticipating our request; and continuing the air by her voice, ran to the table: Hang ceremony, faid she, fitting down first; 'let slower souls compliment. And taking some mustin, I'll have breakfasted before these Pray, Madams! and Pray, my dears! are feated,

Mad girl! Lady L. called her. These, Mrs. Reeves, are always her airs with us; but I thought she would have been restrained by the example of her fifter Harriet. We

example of her litter Harriet. We have utterly spoiled the girl by our fond indulgence.—But, Charlotte, is a good heart to be every subers pleaded for a whimsical head?

Who sees not the elder fifter in

that speech? replied Mis Grandi-fon: but I am the most generous creature breathing; yet nobody finds it out For why do I affume these silly airs, but to make you, Lady L.

fhine at my expence.'
Still, Lucy, the contents of that
Bagenhall's letter hung heavy at my heart. But I could not be fure but Sir Charles had his reasons for concealing the matter from his fifters, I knew not how to enter directly into the fub-ject. 'But,' thought I, 'cannot I fift fomething out for the quiet of my own heart; and leave to Sir ! Charles's discretion, the manner of his revealing the matter to his fifters, or otherwise.

'Did your ladythip,' faid I to Lady L. 'arrive on Saturday,' [I knew not how to begin] 'at the hospitable house

f at Colnebrook, my afylum?' value for that house than I ever had before, for it's having afforded a fhelter to so valued a lady.'
You have been told, ladies, I sup-

pose, of that Wilson's letter to Sir

Charles?

· We have: and rejoice to find, that fo deep a plot was fo happily

· His postscript gives me concern. What were the contents of it?

That Sir Hargrave breathed nothing but revenge.

Sir Charles told us nothing of thats but it is not unlikely that a man for greatly disappointed should rave and threaten. I am told that he is still, either by fhame or illness, confined to his chamber.

At that moment, a chariot stopt at the door; and instantly, 'It is Lord 'L. and Sir Charles with him,' said Miss Grandison.

I dared not to trust myself with my I hurried out at one of the doors, as if I had forgot fomething, as they entered at the other. I rushed into the back parlour—' Thank God! thank ' God!' faid I—My gratitude was too ftrong for my heart; I thought I should have fainted.

Do you wonder, Lucy, at my being so much affected, when I had been in such a dreadful suspense, and had formed fuch terrible ideas of the danger of one of the best men, all owing to his ferving and faving me?

Surprizes from joy, I fancy, and where gratitude is the principal spring, are sooner recovered from than surprizes which raife the more flormy paf-hons. Mrs. Reeves came in to me: 'My dear! your withdrawing will be 'noticed,'—'I was just coming in,' faid I: and fo I was. I went in. Sir Charles bowed low to me: fo did

my Lord. 'Permit me, Madam,' faid Sir Charles, to present Lord L. to you: he is our brother-Our late-

' found fifter Harriet, my lord.'
' Yes, but Sir Charles,' faid Miss
Grandison, ' Miss Byron, and Mr. and Mrs. Reeyes, have been tormenting themselves about a postscript to that footman's letter. You told not that footman's letter.

us of that postseript.'
' Who minds postseripts, Charlotte? Except, indeed, to a lady's letter .-One word with you, good Mifs By-fron! taking my hand, and leading me to the window

How the fool coloured! I could feel

my face glow,

O Lucy! what a consciousness of inferiority fills a mind not ungenerous, when it labours under the fense of obli-

gations it cannot return!
My lifter Charlotte, Madam, was impatient to present to you her be-loved fifter. Lady L, was as impa-tient to attend you. My Lord L. was equally desirous to claim the howas equally democratic They nour of your acquaintance. They infifted infilted upon my introducing my lord. I thought it was too precipitate a vifit, and might hurt your delicacy, and make Charlotte and me appear as if we had been oftentationfly boafting of the opportunities that had been thrown into our hands, to do a very common fervice. I think' I fee you are hurt. Forgive me; Madam, I will follow my own judgment another time. Only be affured of this, that your merits, and not the service, have drawn this visit upon

you.'
I could not be displeased at this polite address, as it helped me to an ex-cuse for behaving so like a fool, as he might think, fince he knew not the

caufe.

' You are very obliging, Sir. My Lord and Lady L. do me great honour. Miss Grandison cannot do any thing but what is agreeable to me. In such company, I am but a common person; but my grantude will never let me look upon your feafonable protection as a common fervice. I am only anxious for the confequence to yourfelf. I should have no pretence to the gratitude I speak of, if I did not own that the reported threatenings, and what Wilson writes by way of postscript, have given me disturbance, lest your fafety should, on my account, be brought into hazard:

Mifs Byron speaks like herself; but whatever were to be the confequences, can you think, Madam, that a man of any spirit could have acted otherwise than I did? Would I not have been glad, that any man would have done just the fame thing, in favour of my fifter Charlotte? Could I behave with greater modera-tion? I am pleased with myself on looking back; and that I am not always: thereshall be no consequence follow, that I am not forced upon in my own necessary defence.

. We spoke loud enough to be heard : and Mil's Grandison joining us, faid, But pray, brother, tell us if there be grounds to apprehend any thing from

.Hwai . Z

' You cannot imagine but Sir Hargrave would blutter and threaten: to lofe fuch a prize, fo near as he f thought himself to carrying his point, must affect a man of his cast; but are

aladies to be troubled with words? Men of true courage do not threaten.

'Shall I beg one word with you,'
'Sir Charles?' faid my coulin Reeves.

They withdrew to the back parlour; and there Mr. Reeves, who had the letter of that Bagenhall, thewed it to

He read it- A very extraordinary letter! faid he; and gave it back to him— But pray, what fays Mifs By-ron to it?—is be willing to take this thep in confideration of my fafety?"
You may believe, Sir Charles, the is greatly diffressed."
As a tender-hearted woman, and

as one who thinks already much too highly of what was done, the may be diftressed : but does the hefitate a moment upon the part the ought to take? does the not despile the writer and the writing ?- I thought Miss

He stopt, it seemed, and spoke and looked warm; 'The first time, 'faidMr. Reeves, 'that I thought Sir Charles,

on occasion, passionate. I wish, Lucy, that he had not stopt. I wish he had said what he thought Miss Byron. I own to you, that it would go to my heart, if I knew that Sir Charles Grandison thought me a mean creature.

' You must think, Sir Charles, that

Miss Byron-

Pray, Mr. Reeves, forgive me for interrupting you; what steps have

' None, Sir.

' It has not been honoured with notice; not with the leaft notice?"

'And could it be supposed by these mean men (All men are mean, Mr. Records, who can be premeditatedly guilty of a baseness) that I would be thought to ask parden for my part in this affair? No man, Mr. Records, would be more ready than myself to ask pardon, even of my inferior, had I done a wrong thing but never should a prince make me koop to dif-

avow a right one.'

But, Sir Charles, let me alk you,
Has Sir Hargrave challenged you!
Did this Bagenhall bring you a let-

' Sir Hargrave has: Bagenhall did. But what of that, Mr. Reeves? promifed an answer on Monday.

would not fo much as think of fetting pen to paper on such an account, to interrupt for a moment the happiness I had hoped to receive in the meeting of a lister and her lord, so dear to me: an answer I have accordingly sent him this day.

You have fent him an answer, Sir!—I am in great apprehensions—'You have no reason, Mr. Reeves, I do assure you. But let not my sisters, nor Lord L. know of this matter. Why should I, who cannot have a moment's uneasiness upon it, for my own sake, have the needless fears and apprehensions of persons to whom I wish to give nothing but pleasure, to contend with? An imaginary distress, to those who think it more than imaginary, is a real one and I cannot bear to see my friends unhappy.'

' Have you accepted, Sir — Have

I have been too much engaged, Mr. Reeves, in fuch causes as this: I never drew my sword but in my own defence, and when no other means could defend me. I never could bear a designed infult. I am naturally passionate. You know not the pains at has cost me to keep my passion under: but I have suffered too much in my after-regret, when I have been hurried away by it, not to endeavour to restrain it's first sal-

I hope, Sir, you will not meet—
I will not meet any man, Mr.
Reeves, as a duellist: I am not so
much a coward, as to be afraid of
being branded for one. I hope my
spirit is in general too well known
for any one to insult me on such an
imputation. Forgive the seeming vanity, Mr. Reeves; but I live not to
the world; I live to myself; to the
monitor within me.

Mr. Reeves applauded him with his hands and eyes; but could not in words. The beart spoke these last words, faid my cousin. How did his face seem to shine in my eyes!

There are many bad customs,
Mr. Reeves, that I grieve for; but
for none so much as this of premeditated duelling. Where is the magnamimity of the man that cannot get
above the vulgar breath? How many fatherless, brotherless, sonless families, have mourned all their lives

the unhappy refort to this dreadful practice! A man who defies his fellow-creature into the field, in a private quarrel, must first defy his God; and what are his bopes, but to be a murderer; to do an irreparable injury to the innocent family and dependents of the murdered?—But, fince you have been let into the matter so far, by the unaccountable letter you let me see, I will shew you sir Hargrave's to me.—This is it, pulling it out of his pocket-book.

Y OU did well, Sir Charles Grandifon, to leave your name. My scoundrels were too far off their mafter to inform themselves by the common fymbols, who the person was that infulted an innocent 'man' (as to him innocent, however) on the highway. You expelled to hear from me, it is evident; and you fhould have heard before now, had 'I been able, from the effects of the unmanly furprize you took advantage of, to leave my chamber. demand from you the satisfaction due to a gentleman. The time your own; provided it exceed not next Wednesday; which will give you opportunity, I suppose, to settle your affairs; but the sooner the better. 'The place, if you have no objection, Kenfington Gravel Pits. I will bring piftols for your choice; or you may for mine, which you will. The reft may be left to my worthy friend, Mr. Bagenhall, who is fo kind as to carry you this, on my part; and to fome one whom you shall pitch upon, on yours. Till when, I am your bumble servant,

' HARGRAVE POLLEXFEN.

SATURDAY.

'I have a copy of my answer some where—here it is. You will wonder, perhaps, Mr. Reeves, on such a subject as this, to find it a long one. Had Sir Hargrave known me better than he does, six lines might have been sufficient.

MR. Bagenhall gave me yours on Saturday last, just as I was feeping into my chariot to go out of town.

town. Neither the general contents, nor the time mentioned in it, made it necessary for me to alter my measures. My fifter was already in the chariot. I had not done well to make a woman unealy. I have many friends; and I have great pleasure in promoting theirs. I premised an answer on

My answer is this—I have ever refused (and the occasion has hap pened too often) to draw my fword upon a fet and formal challenge. Yet I have reason to think, from the skill I pretend to have in the weapons, that in declining to do fo, I confult my conscience rather than my safety.

'Have you any friends, Sir Har-grave? Do they love you? Do you love them? Are you defirous of life for their lakes? for your own?— Have you enemies to whom your untimely end would give pleafure?— Let thele confiderations weigh with Let thele confiderations weigh with you; they do, and always did, with me. I am cool: you cannot be fo. The cool person, on such an occasion as this, should put the warm one on thinking: this, however, as you

But one more question let me ask you—If you think I have injured you, is it prudent to give me a chance, were it but a chance, to do you a still greater injury?

You were engaged in an unlawful enterprize. If you would not have done by me in the same situation, what I did by you, you are not let

what I did by you, you are not, let me tell you, Sir Hargrave, the man of honour, that a man of honour should be folicitous to put upon a

foot with himfelf.

I took not an unmanly advantage of you, Sir Hargrave; you drew upon me: I drew not in return. You had a disadvantage in not quit-ting your chariot; after the lunge you made at me, you may be thank-ful that I made not use of it.

I should not have been forry, had I been able to give the lady the protection she claimed, with less hurt to yourself. For I could have no malice in what I did: although I had, and have ftill, a just abborrence of the violence you were guilty of to a helples woman; and who, I have found fince, merited better treatment from you; and, indeed, merits the best from all the world; and whose life was endangered by

the violence.

'I write a long letter, because I propose only to write. Pardon me for repeating, that the raen who have acted as you and I have acted, as well with regard to the lady, as to each other, cannot, were their principles such as would permit them to

meet, meet upon a foot.

Let any man infult me upon my refusal, and put me upon my de-fence, and he shall find that numbers to my fingle arm shall not intimidat me. Yet, even in that case, I would much rather chuse to clear myself of them as a man of honour should with to do, than either to kill or main any man. My life is not my own : much less is another man's mine. Him who thinks differently from me, I can defpise as heartily as he can despile me. And if such a one imalet him take it: but it must be in

my own way, not in his.

'In a word, if any man has aught against me, and will not apply for redress to the laws of his country, my goings out, and comings in, are always known; and I am any hour of the day to be found, or met with, wherever I have a proper call. My fword is a fword of defence, not of offence. A pistol I only carry on the road, to terrify robbers: and I have found a less dangerous weapon fometimes fufficient to repel a fudden infult. And now, if Sir Hargraye Pollexfen be wife, he will think himfelf obliged for this not unfriendly expostulation, or whatever he pleases to call it, to bis most bumble servant,

+ CHARLES GRANDISON,

MONDAY.

Mr. Reeves belought Sir Charles to let him thew me there letters. 'You may, Mr. Reeves,' faid he, 'fince I intend not to meet Sir Hargrave in the way he preferibes.' As I asked not leave, my Lucy, to

take copies of them, I beg they may not be feen out of the venerable circle.

I know I need not fay how much I am pleased with the contents of the let-ter: I doubt not but you all will be equally fo. Yet, as Sir Charles him-

felf expects not that Sir Hargrave will indeed, favs rest the matter here, and, indeed, says he cannot, consistently with the yulgar notions of honour; do you think I can be easy, as all this is to be placed to my account?

But it is evident that Sir Charles is.

But it is evident that Sir Charles it.
He is governed by another set of principles, than those of falls honour; and hows what his filter says to be true, that he regards first his duty, and then what is called honour. How does the knowledge of these, his excellences, raise him in my mind! Indeed, Lucy, I seem sometimes to feel, as if my gratitude had raised a throne for him in my heart; but yet as for a near friend, as a beloved brother only. My reverence for him is too great—affure your-felf, my dear, that this reverence will always keep me right.

Sir Charles and Mr. Reeves returning into company, the conversation

Sir Charles and Mr. Reeves returning into company, the conversation took a general turn. But, oppressed with obligations as I am, I could not be lively. My heart, as Miss Grandison says, is, I believe, a proud one. And when I thought of what might full happen, (who knows, but from assalination, in resentment of some very spirited strokes in Sir Charles's letter, as well as from the disprace the letter, as well as from the difference the wretch must carry in his face to the grave?) I could not but look upon this fine man, who feemed to pollefs his own foul in peace, fometimes with concern, and even with tender grief, on supposing, that now, lively and happy as he seemed to be, and the joy of all his friends, he might possibly, and perhaps in a few hours—how can I put down my horrid thoughts!

At other times, indeed, I cast an eye of some pleasure on him, (when he looked another way) on thinking him the only man on earth, to whom, in fuch diffres, I could have wished to owe the obligations I am under to him. I His modest merit, thought I, will not make one uneasy: he thinks the protection afforded but a common protection. He is accultomed to do great and generous things. I might have been obliged to a man whose fortune might have made it convenient for him to hope fuch advantages from the risque he run for me, f as prudence would have made objections to comply with, not a little embarrassing to my gratitude.

But here my heart is left free. And O, thought I, now and then is I looked upon him. Sir Charle Grandison is a man with whom I would not with to be in love. I, to have so many rivals! he to be so much admired! Women ought to stay till they are asked, as Miss Grandison once faid: his heart must be proof against those tender sensetions which grow into ardour, and glow in the bosom of a man pursuing a first and only love. ing a first and only love."

I warrant, my Lucy, if the truth were known, although Sir Charles has at Canterbury, or at one place or other, his half-fcore ladies, who would break their hearts if he were to marry, yet he knows not any one of them whom he loves better than another. And all but right! all but justice, if they will not stay till they are asked!

Miss Grandison invited Mr. and

Mrs. Reeves, and me, to dinner, on Wednesday, and for the rest of the day and evening. It was a welcome invi-

tation!

The counters expressed herself pleased with me. Poor and spiritless as was the figure which I made in this whole visit, her preposession in my favour from Miss Grandison must have been

very great and generous.

And will you not, before now, have expected, that I should have brought you acquainted with the persons of Lord and Lady L. as I am accustomed to give you descriptions of every one to whom I am introduced?

To be fure we have, fay you.
Well, but my mind has not always
been in tune to gratify you. And,
upon my word, I am so much humbled with one thing and another, that I have lost all that pertness, I think, which used to give such a liveliness to my heart, and alertness to my pen, as made the writing task pleasant to me, because I knew that you all condescended to like the shippant airs of your Harries. Harriet.

Harriet.

Lady L. is a year older than Sir Charles; but has that true female formers and delicacy in her features, which make her perfectly lovely; and the looks to be two or three years younger than the is. She is tall and flender; and enjoys the bleffing of health and spirits in a higher degree. There is something of more dignity and

and forightlines in the air and features Mifs Grandison, than in those of dy L: but there is in those of the latter, fo much sweetness and complalatter, fo much sweetness and compla-cency, that you are not so much afraid of her as you are of her sister. The one you are fure to love at first sight; the other you will be ready to alk leave to let you love her; and to be ready to promise that you will, if she will spare you. And yet, whether she will or not, you cannot help it.

Lady L. is such a wife, I imagine, as a good woman should wish to be thought. The behaviour of my lord to her, and of her, to my lord, is free,

thought. The behaviour of my lord to her, and of her, to my lord, is free, yet respectful; affectionate, but not apishly fond. One sees their love for each other in their eyes. All love-matches are not happy: this was a match of love; and does honour to it. Every body speaks of Lady L. with equal affection and respect, as a discreet and prudent woman. Miss Grandison, by her livelier manner, is not so well understood in those lights as she ought to be; and, satisfied with the worthiness of her own heart, is above giving herself concern about what the world thinks of it.

Lord L. is not handsome; but he is

Lord L. is not handsome; but he is very agreeable. He has the look of an honest good man; and of a man of understanding. And he is what he looks to be. He is genteel, and has the air of a true British nobleman; one of those, I imagine, that would have been respected by his appearance and manners, in the purest times, a hun-dred or two years (or how long?)

I am to have the family history of this lord and lady on both fides, and of their loves, their difficulties, and of the obligations they talk of being under to their brother, to whom both my lord and lady behave with love that carries the heart in every word, in every

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What, my dear, shall we say to this brother? Does he lay every body that knows him under obligation? and is there no way to be even with him in any one thing? I long to have fome intimate conversation with Miss Grandison, by which I shall, perhaps, find out the art he has of making every body proud of acknowledging an inferiority to him.

I almost with I could, while I stay in I almost with I could, while I stay in town, devote half my time to this amiable family; without breaking in upon them so much as to be thought impertinent. The other half ought to be with my kind cousin Reeyes's. I acver shall make them amends for the trouble I have given them.

How I long for Wednesday, to see all the family of the Grandison's—they are all to be there—On several accounts I long for that day. Yet this Sir Hargrave—

I have written, my dear, as usual, very unreservedly. I know that I lie more open than ever to my uncle's obfervations. But if he will not allow for weakness of heart, of head, and for having been frighted out of my wits, and cruelly used; and for far-ther apprehensions; and for the sense I have of obligations that never can be returned; why then I must lie wholly at his mercy—but if he should find me to be ever so filly a creature, I hope he will not make his particular con-clutions general in disfavour of the

Adieu, my dear Lucy!-And you, adieu all the dear and reverend friends, benefactors, lovers, of your

HARRIET BYRON.

# LETTER XL.

MRS. SELBY, TO MISS HARRIET BYRON.

#### MY DEAREST HARRIET,

ALTHOUGH we have long ago taken a resolution never to dictate to your choice, yet we could not excuse ourselves, if we did not acquaint you with any proposal that is made to us, on your account, that you might encourage it, or otherwise, as

you thought fit.
The dowager Lady D. wrote me a letter some time ago, (as you will see by the date;) but insisted, that I should keep the contents a fecret in my own bosom, till she gave me leave to reveal it. She has now given me that leave, and requested that I will propose the matter to you. I have since

fince shewn what has passed between her ladyship and me, to your grand-mamma, Mr. Selby, and Lucy. They are all silent upon it; for the same reafons that I give you not my opinion; that is to say, till you ask it.

But do we not see, my dearest child, that something has happened, within a very sew days pass, that must distance the hope of every one of your admirers, as they come to be acquainted with the circumstances and situation you are now in? My dear love, you will never be able to resist the impulses of that gratitude which the impulses of that gratitude which always opened and expanded your worthy heart.

Your uncle's tenderness for you, on Your uncle's tenderness for you, on such a prospect, has made him suppress has inclination to railly you. He prosesses to pity you, my dear. While, says he, the sweet girl was vaunting sersels, and refusing this man, and dismissing that, and imagining hersels out of the reach of the deity, to which, sooner or later, all women bow, I spared her not; but now, that I see she is likely to be over-head and ears in the pasto be over-head and ears in the pafher excuse, if she is caught, and as our side must perhaps be the hoping fide, the gentleman's the triumphant, I pity her too much for what may be the case, to teaze her with my animadvertions; especially after what the has suffered from the vile Sir

" Hargrave," By Averal hints in your letters, it is impossible, my dear, that we can be beforehand with your inclinations. Young women in a beginning love are always willing to conceal themselves from themselves; they are desirous to fmother the fire, before they will call out for help, till it blazes, and frequently becomes too powerful to be extinguished by any help. They will call the passion by another name; as, gratitude, suppose; but, my Harriet, gratitude fo properly founded as yours is, can be but another name for love. The object so worthy, your own heart so worthy, consent of minds must-bring it to love on one side; perhaps on both, if the half-score of ladies you have heard of, are all of them but mere moderns. But that, my dear, is not to be supposed; since worthy hearts find out, and affimiliate.

with, each other. Indeed, those ladies may be fuch as are captivated with outward figure. A handsome man need not to have the great qualities of a Sir Charles Grandsson, to engage the hearts of the generality of our sex. But a good man, and a handsome man, if he has the vivacity that distinctions. tinguishes Sir Charles, may marry whom he pleases. If we women love is handsome man, for the take of our eye, we must be poor creatures indeed, if we love not good men for the fake of our hearts.

What makes us apprehensive for you, my Harriet, is this: that we every one of us are in love ourfelves with this fine young gentleman. Your uncle has fallen in with Mr. Dawson, an attorney of Nettingham, who acts for Sir Charles in fome of his affairs; and gives him such a character, respecting his goodness to his tenants and depen-dants only, as will render credible all that even the fondest love, and warmest gratitude, can fay in his praise.

We can hardly tell fometimes how We can hardly tell fometimes how to regret (though your accounts of your fufferings and danger cut us to the heart as we read them) the base attempt of Sir Hargrave: were all to end as we wish, we should not regret. it; but that, my Harriet, is our fear. What will become of me, said your grandmamma, 'if, at last, the darling of my heart should be entangled in a hopeless passion!"

If this is likely to be the case, while the fire I sooke of is but smothering.

the fire I spoke of is but smothering, and while but here and there a spark escapes your struggling efforts to keep it down, refolve, my dear, to throw cold water on it, and quench it quite. And how is this to be done, but by changing your personal friendship with the amusble family, into a correspondence by pen and ink, and returning to our longing arms, before the flame gets a-head?

When you are with us, you may either give hope to the worthy Orme, or encourage the proposal I inclose, as

you please.

As you are not capable of the mean pride of feeing a number of men in your train, and have always been un-eafy at the perfeverance of Mr. Fen-wick and Mr. Greville—as you have. fuffered to much from the natural goodness of your heart, on the ur-

gency of that honeft man Sir Rowland Meredith in his nephew's favour; and ftill more from the baleues of that wicked Sir Hargrave—as your good character and lovely person, engage, you more and more admirers—and, lastly, as it would be the highest comfort that your grandmarnma, and your fort that your grandmamma, and your uncle, and I, and all your friends and well-wishers, could know, to see you happily married—we cannot but wish for this pleasure and satisfaction: the fooner you give it to us, the better.

But could there be any hope—you

know what I mean—a royal diadem, my dear, would be a despicable thing

in the consparifor.

Adieu, my best love! You are called upon, in my opinion, to a greater trial than ever yet you knew, of that prudence for which you have hitherto been so much applauded by every one, and particularly by your truly maternal

MARIANNA SELBY.

# LETTER XLL

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THE COUNTESS DOWAGER OF D. TO MRS. SELBY.

[INCLOSED IN THE PRECEDING.]

IVE me leave, Madam, to address myself to you, though perfonally unknown, on a very particular orcasion; and, at the fame time, to beg of you to keep fecret, even from Mr. Selby, and the party to be named as fill more immediately concerned in the fubject, till I give my confent; as

no one creature of my family, not even the Earl of D. my fon, does, or fhall from me, till you approve of it.

My lord has just entered into his twenty-fifth year. There are not many better young men among the nobility. His minority gave an opportunity to me, and his other trustees, to mut him in possession, when he portunity to me, and his other truf-tees, to put him in possession, when he came of age, of a very noble and clear estate; which he has not impair-ed. His person is not to be found fault with. He has learning, and is allowed to have good sense, which every learned man has not. His con-duct, his discretion, in his travels, which fervant, M. D.

and diens their better

procured him respect and reputation abroad. You may make enquiry pri-vately of all these matters.

We are, you must believe, very so-licitous to have him happily married. He is far from being an undutiful son. Indeed he was always dutiful. A dutiful fon gives very promising hopes of making a good husband. He affures me that his affections are difengaged, and that he will pay the most particular regard to my recommendation.

I have cast about for a suitable wife for him. I look farther than to the person of a woman; though my lord will by so means have beauty left out in the qualifications of a wife. I look to the family to whom a lady owes her education and training up. Quality, however, I frand not upon. A man of quality, you know, confers quality on his wife. An ancient and good gentleman's family is all I am folicitous about in this respect. In this light yours, Madam, on all fides, and for many descents, is unexceptionable. I have a defire, if all things shall be found to be mutually agreeable, to be related to it: and your character, as the young lady has been brought up under your eye, is a great

inducement with me.
Your niece Byron's beauty, and merit, as well as sweetness of temper, are talked of by every body. Not a day passes, but we hear of her to her great advantage. Now, Madam, will you be pleased to answer me one question, with that explicitness which the im-portance of the case, and my own in-tended explicitness to you, may require from woman to woman! especially, as

I alk it of you in confidence

Are then Miss Byron's affections absolutely disengaged? We are very nice, and must not doubt in this mat-

This is the only question I will ask at present. If this can be answered as I with, others, in a treaty of this important nature, will come into confi-deration on both fides.

The favour of a line, as foon as it will fuit your convenience, will oblige, Madam, your most faitbful and obedient

LETTER

# erreine bar finden mid bein LETTER XLIL

MAS. SELEY, TO THE COUNTESS. DOWAGER OF D.

Am greatly obliged to your ladyfhip for your good opinion of me,
and for the honour you do me, and all
our family, in the proposed alliance.
I will answer your ladyship's question with the requisite explicitness.
Mr. Greville, Mr. Orme, and Mr.

Penwick, all of this county, have respectively made application to us for our interest, and to Miss Byron for her favour: but hitherto without ef-fect; though the terms each proposes might intitle him to consideration.

Miss Byron professes to honour the married state, and one day proposes to make some man happy in it, if it be not his own fault: but declares, that she has not yet seen the man to whom, with her hand, she can give her heart.

In truth, Madam, we are all here.

In truth, Madam, we are all heu-trals on this occasion. We have the highest opinion of her discretion. She has read, the has converfed; and yet there is not in the country a better housewife, or one who would make a more prudent manager in a family. We are all fond of her, even to doating. Were the not our child, we should love

her for her good qualities, and sweetness of manners, and a frankness that
has sewexamples among young women.

Permit me, Madam, to add one
thing; about which, Miss Byron, in
her turn, will be very nice. Your ladefining a leased to fav. that my least dyfhip is pleafed to fay, that my lord's affections are disengaged. Were his lordship a prince, and hoped to succeed with her, they must not be so, after he had feen and converfed with her. Yet the future happiness, and not pride, would be the confideration with her; for the has that diffidence in her own merits, from which the worthy of both fexes cannot be totally free. This diffidence would increase too much for her happiness, were she to be thought of with indifference by any man on earth, who hoped to be more than inerent to ber.

As to other questions, which, as this is answered, your ladyship thinks may come to be asked, I chuse, an asked, (having no referves) to acquaint your

hadyship that Miss Byron has not, in her own power, quite 15,0001. She has, it is true, reversionary expectations: but we none of us wish that they should for many years take place; since that must be by the death of Mrs. Shirley, her grandmother, who is equally revered and beloved by all that know her; and whose life is bound up in the happiness of her grand-daughter. grand-daughter.

I will frictly obey your ladyship in the fecrecy enjoined; and am, Ma-dam, your ladyship's obliged and faith-ful bumble ferwant,

MARIANNA SELBY bulling fire no. I fove their my real

# mine a may months to a greater LETTER XLIII.

THE COUNTESS DOWAGER OF D. TO MRS. SELBY. .

LEBALKAM

PERRUARY 23. I Should fooner have answered yours, had I not waited for the return of my son, who had taken a little journey into Wales, to look into the condition of a fmall effate he has there; which he finds capable of great improvement, and about which he has given proper

I took the first opportunity to ques-tion him in relation to his inclinations to marriage, and whether he had a regard to any particular woman : and having received an answer to my wishes, I mentioned Miss Byron to him, as a young lady that I should think, from the general good character she bore, would make him an excellent wife.

He faid, he had heard her much talked of, and always to her advantage. I then shewed him, as in confidence, my letter, and your answer. There can be, faid I, (on purpose to try him) but one objection on your part; and that is fortune: 15,000 l. to a nobleman, who is possessed of 12,000 l. a year, and has been offered four times the portion, may be thought very inadequate. The less to be stood upon, replied he; where the fortune on my side is so considerable. The very answer, my dear Mrs. Selby, that I wished him to make. He faid, he had heard her much

I asked him if I should begin a formal treaty with you, upon what he

faid. He answered, that he had heard '—A beginning love to be mentioned, from every mouth so much said in the 'in which one is willing to conceal praise of Miss Byron's mind, as well one's self from one's self!' Fires, from every mouth so much said in the praise of Miss Byron's mind, as well as person, that he defired I would; and that I would directly endeavour to obtain leave for him to vifit the young

I propose it accordingly. I under-stand that she is at present in London. I leave it to your choice, Madam, and Mrs. Shirley's, and Mr. Selby's, (to whom now, as also to Miss Byron, you will be so good as to communicate the affair) whether you will send for her down to receive my lord's visit and mine; or whether we shall wait on her

in town.

I propose very high satisfaction to myself, if the young people approve of each other, in an alliance so much to my wishes in every respect. I shall love the Counters of D. as well as any of you can do Miss Byron: and as fire has not at present a mother, I shall with pleasure supply that tender rela-tion to her, for the sake of so many engaging qualities, as common fame, as well as good Mrs. Selby, faye the is miltrefs of

You will dispatch an answer as to the interview. I am impatient for it. I depend much upon the frankness of the young lady, which you make a part of her agreeable character. And am, Madam, your affectionate and faithful bumble ferwant,

M. D.

## LETTER XLIV.

MISS BYRON, TO MRS. SELBY.

LONDON, FEB. 28. INDEED, my dear and ever indul-gent aunt Selby, you have given me pain; and yet I am very ungrate-ful, I believe, to fay to: but if I feel the pain (though, perhaps, I ought not) should I not own it?

What circumstances, what fituation, am I in, Madam, that I cannot be mitted of myself? That shall turn my uncle's half-feared, though always

agreeable, raillery into pity for me?
Over head and ears in the paffion!
—I to be on the hoping fide; the
gentleman on the triumphant—It
is impossible for you, my friends, to be aforehand with my inclinations

regions

flames, blazes, to follow! - Gratitude and love to be spoken of as synonymous terms—Ah! my dear aunt, how could you let my uncle write fuch a letter, and then copy it, and fend it

to me as yours?

And yet, fome very tender frokes are in it, that no man, that hardly any body but you among women, could

But what do you do, Madam, when you tell your Harriet of your own pre-possessions in favour of a man, who, as you thought, had before in my eye top many advantages? Indeed, you should have taken care not to let me know, that his great qualities had impressed you all so deeply: and my grandmamma to be so very apprehensive too for the entangled yir!

'Hopeless passion,' faid the?' Entangled in a bopeless passion!' Olet me die before this shall be deserved to be

faid of your Harriet!

Then again rifes to your pen, 'fmo'thering and escaped sparks;' and I
am defined to hurry myself to get cold
water to quench the stane.—Dear,
dear Madam, what images are hera?
And applied — To whom?—And by
whom?—Have I written any thinks whom?—Have I written any thing to very blazing!—Surely I have not. But you should not say you will all forgive me, if this be my sad situation. You should not say, how much you are yourselver, all of you, in love with this excellent man; and talk of Mr. Dawfon, and of what he say of him; but you should have told me, that if I suffer my gratitude to grow into love, you will never forgive me; then should I have had a call of duty to check or controul a paffion that you were afraid could not be gratified.

Well, and there is no way left for me, it feems, but to fly for it! To hurry away to Northamptonshire, and either to begin a new treaty with Lors D. or to give hope to an old lover. Poor Harriet Byron! And is it indeed to bad with thee? And does thy aunt

Selby think it is?

by think it is? But is there no hope, that the man ill cake pity of thee? When he fees will take pity of thee? When he fees thee fo fadly entangled, will be not vouchfafe to lend an extricating hand?

Oh, no!-Too much obliged, a

thou already art, how canft thou ex-pect to be farther obliged? Obliged

in the highest degree?

But let me try if I cannot play round this bright, this beamy taper, without singeing my wings! I fancy it is not yet quite so had with me! At leaft, let me frand this one vifit of tomorrow: and then if I find reason to think I cannot stand it, I will take the kind advice, and sly for it; rather than add another hopeless girl to the halffcore that perhaps have been long figh-ing for this best of men.

But even then, my aunt, that is to fay, were I to fly, and take fielter under your protecting wings, I shall not, I hope, think it absolutely necessary to light up one stame in order to extinguish another. I shall always value Mr. Orme as a friend; but, indeed, I am less than ever inclined to think of him in a near links

think of him in a nearer light.

As to Lady D.'s proposal, it admits not with me of half a thought. You know, my dearest aunt, that I am not yet rejected by one with whom you are all in love-But this ferioufly I will own, (and yet I hope nothing but my gratitude is engaged, and that, indeed, is a very powerful tie) that fince I have feen and known Sir Charles Grandison, I have not only (as before) an indif-ference, but a diflike, to all other men. And I think, if I know my own heart, I had rather converie but an hour in a week with him, and with Miss Gran-dison, than be the wife of any man I have ever feen or known.

If this should end at last in love, and if I should be entangled in a hopeless passion, the object of it would be Sir-Charles Grandison: he could not infult me; and mean as the word pity in some cases sounds, I had rather have his pity, than the love of any other man

other man.

You will, upon the strength of what I have said, be so good, dear Madam, as to let the Countess of D. know, that I think myself highly obliged to her, for her favourable opinion of me: that the has by it interested all my good wishes in her son's happiness; and that I was always of opinion, that equality of fortune and degree, though not absolutely necessary to matrimonial felicity, was, however, a circumstance not to be sighted: but you, Madam, can put my meaning in better, in fitter

words, when you are affured, that it words, when you are affured, that it is my meaning, to give an absolute, though grateful, negative to this proposal. And I do affure you, that such is my meaning; and that I should despite myself were I capable of keeping one man in suspense, even had I hope of your hope, while I was balancing in favour of another.

I believe, Madam, I have been a little petulant, and very savey, in what I have written: but my heart is not at

I have written: but my heart is not at ease; and I am vexed with these men, one after another, when Sir Hargrave has given me a surfeit of them; and only, that the bad has brought me into the knowledge of the best, or I could resolve never more to hear a man talk to me, no not for one moment, upon a fubject, that is become so justly painful to one who never took pleasure in

their airy adulation.

I know you will, with your usual goodness, and so will my grandmamma, and so will my uncle Selby, pardon all the imperfections of, dearest Madam, your and their ever-dutiful

HARRIET BYRON, shi of er rooting of

# LETTER XLV.

MISS BYRON, TO MISS SELBY.

TUESDAY EVENING, PEB. 28. MR. Reeves, my dear, is just re-turned from a visit he made to St. James's Square. I transcribe a paper, giving an account of what paffed between Mr. Bagenhall and Sir Charles, in relation to the shocking affair which has filled me with fo much apprehen-fion; and which Sir Charles, at my cousin's request, allowed him to put in his pocket.

Mr. Bagenhall came to Sir Charles yesterday evening, with a message from Sir Hargrave, demanding a meeting with him, the next morning, at a par-ticular hour, at Kenfington Gravel-pits. Sir Charles took Mr. Bagenhall with him into his fludy; and, asking him to fit down, Mr. Bagenhall faid, that he was once concerned in an affair of this nature, which had been very much missrepresented afterwards; and that he had been advised to take a step which Sir Charles might think extraordinary; which was, that he had brought brought with him a young gentleman, whom he hoped, for Sir Hargrave's fatisfaction, as well as to do justice to what should pass between them, Sir Charles would permit to take minutes of their conversation; and that he was in the hall.

Let not a gentleman be left in the hall,' faid Sir Charles; and, ringing, directed him to be shewn into the ftudy to them. 'Yet, Mr. Bagenhall,' faid he, 'I fee no occasion for this. Our conversation on the subject you

come to talk of, can be but fort. Were it to hold but two minutes,

Sir Charles-'

What you please, Mr. Bagen-

The young gentleman entered; and pen and ink were let before him. He wrote in fort hand, and read it to the gentlemen; and Sir Charles, as it was to be transcribed for Sir Hargrave, defiring a copy of it, it was fent him the fame night, ... mid har keshar en de si daisl'w

Sta Ca. It is owing to my having A CONFERENCE BETWEEN BIR CHARLES GRANDISON, BART. AND JAMES BAGENHALL, ESQ.

Sir. Ch. You have told me, Mr. Bagenhall, Sir Hargrave's demand. Have you feen, Sir, the answer I returned to his letter?

MR. BAGENHALL. I have, Sir. Sir CH. And do you think, there needs any other, or farther?

MR. B. It is not, 6ir Charles, fuch an answer as a gentleman can fit down

SIR CH. Do you give that as your own opinion, Mr. Bagenhall? Or as Sir Hargrave's?

Mai B. As Sir Hargrave's, Sir. And I believe it would be the opinion

of every man of honour.

Sin CH. Man of honour! Mr. Bagenhall. A man of honour would not have given the occasion which has brought you and me, Sir, into a perfonal knowledge of each other. I asked the question, supposing there could be but one principal in this debate. Mr. B. I beg pardon: I meant not that there should be two.

SIR CH. Pray, Sir, let me alk you, do you know the particulars of Sir Hargrave's attempt, and of his violence to the lady? the berne on which I c

Mr. B. Sir Hargrave, I believe, has given me a very exact account of every thing. He meant not dishonour to the lady.

Six CH. He must have a very high opinion of himself, if he thought the best he could do for her, would be to do her honour.——Sir, pray put that down.—(Repeating what he said to the writer, that he might not mistake.) SIR CH. But do you, Mr. Bagen-

hall, think Sir Hargrave was justifiable, was a man of honour in what he did?

MR. B. I mean not, as I told you, Sir Charles, to make myself a princi-pal in this affair. I pretend not to justify what Sir Hargrave did to the

STR CH. I hope then you will allow me to refer to my answer to Sir Hargrave's letter. I shall fend him no other. I beg your pardon, Mr. Ba-genhall, I mean not a difrespect to

MR. B. No other, Sir Charles! SIR CH. Since he is to fee what this gentleman writes, pray put down, Sir, that I fay, the answer I have written, is fuch a one as he ought to be fatisfied with; fuch a one as becomes a man of honour to fend, if he thought fit to fend any; and fuch a one as a man who has acted as Sir Hargrave acted by a woman of virtue and honour, ought to be thankful for .- Have you written that,

WRITER. I have, Sir.

SIR CH. Write farther, if you pleafe; that I fay, Sir Hargrave may be very glad, if he hear no more of this affair from the lady's natural friends: that, however, I shall rid hid him of all apprehensions of that nature; for that I still consider the lady as under my pro tection, with regard to any confe-quences that may naturally follow what happened on Hounslow Heath, That I fay, I shall neglect no proper call to protect her farther; but that his call upon me to meet him, must be such a one as my own heart can justify and that it is not my way to obey the infolent fummons of any man breathing .- And yet what is this, Mr. Bagenhall, but repeating what I wrote!

MR. B. You are warm, Sir Charles. SIR CH. Indeed I am not: I am only earnest. As Sir Hargrave is to be shewn what passes, I say more than otherwise I should chuse to fay.

Ma. B. Will you name your own time and place, Sir Charles?
Sia Ch. To do what?
Mg. B. To meer Sir Harguave.
Sir Ch. To do him good—To do good to my bittereft enemy, I would meet him. Let him know, that I wrote a very long letter, because I would directly a very long letter, because I would directly to fay on the occasion.
Ma. B. And you have no other answer to return?

Ywer to return?
Siz CH. Only this—Let Sir Hargrave engage himself in a like unworthy enterprize; and let the lady, as
this did, claim my protection; and I
will endeavour to give it to her, although Sir Hargrave were furrounded by as many men armed, as he has in his fervice; that is to fay, if a legal re-drefs were not at hand: if it were, I aold it not to be a point of bravery to infult magnifracy, and to take upon myfelf to be my own judge; and, as it might happen, another man's eneru-

MR. B. This is nobly faid, Sir Charles: but still Sir Hargrave had the favs. And as I not injured you, he fays. And as I had heard you were a man of an excel-lent character, and know Sir Hargrave to be a man of courage, I took it into my head, for the prevention of mif-chief, to make a proposal in writing to the lady, whom Sir Hargrave loves as his own foul; and if the had come into

SIR CH. A strange proposal, Mr. Bagenhall.

thing from it?

MR. B. Why not, Sir Charles?

She is difengaged, it feems. I prefume, Sir, you do no not intend to make court

her yourfelf?

SIR CH. We are infensibly got into a parley, upon a subject that will not bear it, Mr. Bagenhall. Tell Sir Hargrave—or write it down from my lips, Sir, (speaking to the writer) that I with him to take time to enquire after my character, and after my motives in refuling to meet him on the terms he expects me to fee him. Tell him, that I have, before now, shewn an insolent man, that I may be provoked: but that, when I have been fo, I have had the happiness to chastise such a one without murdering him, and without iving any advantage over my own life, to his fingle arm.

Ma. B. This is great talking, Sir

Sir Cu. It is, Mr. Bagenhall. And I should be forry to have been put upon it, were I not in hope, that it may lead Sir Hargrave to such enquires as may be for bis service, as much as for more.

Ma. B. I wish, that two fuch spin rits were better acquainted with each other, or that Sir Hargrave had not fuffered to much as he has done, both

fuffered fo much as he has done, both in person and mind.

Sin Cu. What does all this tend to, Mr. Bagenhall? I look upon you as a gentleman; and the more, for having said, you were solicitous to prevent farther mischies, or I should not have said so much to so little purposs. And once more, I must refer to my letter.

Mr. B. I own I admire you for your spirit, Sir. But it is amazing to me, that a man of such spirit can refuse to a gentleman the satisfaction which is demanded of him.

which is demanded of him.

SIR CH. It is owing to my having fome spirit, that I can fearless of confequences, resule what you call satisfaction to Sir Hargrave, and yet be fearless of insult upon my refusal. I confider myfelf as a mortal man; I can die but once; once I must die; and if the cause be such as will justify me to my own heart, I, far my eus fake, care not whether my life be demanded of me to morrow, or forty years hence.—But, Sir, (speaking to the writer) let not this, that I have now said, be transcribed from your notes: it may to Sir Hargrave sound oftentatiously. I want not that any thing should be read or shown to him, that would appear like giving confequence to myfelf, except for Sir Hargrave's own fake.

Mr. B. I beg that it may not be spared. If you are capable of acting as you speak; by what I have heard of you in the affair on Hounslow Heath; and by what I have heard from you in this conversation; and for of you; I think you a wonder of a man; and should be glad it were in my power

to reconcile you to each other.
SIR CH. I could not hold friendship. Mr. Bagenhall, with a man that has been capable of acting as Sir Har-grave has acted by an innocent and helples young lady. But I will name the terms on which I can take by the hand, wherever I meet him, a man to whom I can have no malice: these are they—That he lay at the door of mad and violent passion, the illegal attempt he made on the best of women: that he express his forrow for it; and, on his knees, if he pleases, (it is no disgrace to the proudest man to kneel to an injured lady) beg her pardon; and confess her clemency to be greater than he deserves, if she give it.

MR. B. Good, good!—Shall that be transcribed, Sir Charles?

SIR CH. By all means: and if Sir Hargrave is a man that has in his heart the least spark of true magnanimity, he will gladly embrace the opportunity of acting accordingly:—and put down, Sir, that forrow, that contrition, is all the atonement that can be made for a perpetrated evil.

A faithful narrative.

HENRY COTES.

Does not your heart glow, my Lucy, now you have read (as I suppose you have) this paper? And do not the countenances of every one of my revered friends round you, [Pray look] shine with admiration of this excellent man? And yet you all loved him before: and so you think I did. Well, I can't help your thoughts!—But I hope I shall not be undone by a good

You will imagine, that my heart was a little agitated, when I came to read Mr. Bagenhall's question, Whe-

ther Sir Charles intended to make court to me himself? I am sorry to tell you, Lucy, that I was a little more affected than I wished to be. Indeed, I shall keep a look-out, as you call it, upon myself. To say truth, I laid down the paper at that place, and was afraid to read the answer made to it. When I took it up, and read what followed, I might have spared, I saw, my soolish little tremors. See how frank I continue to be: but if you come not to this paragraph before you are aware, you need not read it to my uncle.

Mr. Bagenhall went away so much pleased with Sir Charles, (as he owned) that Mr. Reeves encourages me to hope, some way may be found to prevent farther mischief. Yet the condition, which Sir Charles has proposed for my forgiving the wretch—Upon my word, my dear, I desire not to see Sir Hargrave either upon his knees or upon his feet: I am sure I could not see him without very violent emotions. His barbarity, his malice, his cruelty, have impressed me strongly: nor can I beglad to see the wretch with his dissigned mouth and lip. His lip, it seems, has been sewed up, and he wears a great black filk patch upon the place. I can't find that Sir Charles has heard

I can't find that Sir Charles has heard from the exasperated man, since Mr. Bagenhall left him yesterday. I hope nothing will happen to over-

I hope nothing will happen to overcloud to-morrow: I propose to myself as happy a day, as, in the present situation of things, can be given to

HARRIET BYRON,

END OF THE FIRST VOLUME.

hard will rever I meet him a min to whom I can have no malicer their artiacion of the the int at the door of that saw is that william, the likeful attempt traited memory to the best now some of ing characteristics work it; and, an file and of 117, whitely ad the account and grace to the braised man to kacet to m boat such and whom was medically winds concess her chemogen today granter than he delected if the gree its talk filed selving though all with

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